Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 55,026—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
7th May	CALEDONIA	7558		
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
21st "	EGYPT	7912		
28th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
4th June	INDIA	7911		
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
18th "	HIMALAYA	6898		
25th "	DEVANHA	8092	PERSIA	7951
2nd July	OCEANA	6610		
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
16th "	ARABIA	7903		
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA.	10512
30th "	CALEDONIA	7558		

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May 1910
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	22nd " "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	8th June "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	22nd " "
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne R. N. R.	19th July "
SCINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	29th " "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	25th " "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th " "
CIRCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	15th Oct. "
SCINDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	28th " "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	26th " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by . I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

UTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

RMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

ortnightly service from BOMBAY to via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
	3,310	Jacobsen	10th May.
	3,630	Timm	28th "
	3,000	Ulrich	7th June.

ers and cargo for LAMOO, ZIBAR, GERMAN and POR- T PORTS and DURBAN.

cargo and passengers for Cape

t Seychelles.

and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.
Agents

24, Medow Street, Bombay, 20th April, 1910.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial, Rs. 2-4 per thousand, and if printed on flap, Rs. 2-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers,	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 6th May	6 a. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 9th May	11 a. m.	P.D & C.M.*
KOLA	1,205	Thur. 12th May	9 a. m.	C Mandvi.

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka, and C. Mandvie.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,205 tons, on Thursday, 12th May, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on Monday, 9th May calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "WARDHA," 3,980 tons, sailing on or about the 7th May.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

5th May, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels,	Tons,	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May 1910.
NERA	5,538	Martin	9th June "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	X	7th July "
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt "
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	1st Sept. "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	29th Sept. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	20th May 1910.
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	17th June "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Agent.

Albert Building, Hornby Road.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th May 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th June 1910
Dco BALDUINO	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th July 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728 ; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th May 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Moresco	17th June 1910.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th July 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares.—Rs. 400 to Rs. 480 according to position of Cabin.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141,
BOMBAY.

J. BLACK,
Ag. Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY

BRANCHES :
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

CORAL

PRECIOUS & SELECTED CORAL

MOST FASHIONABLE AT PRESENT.

WE have obtained from an entirely new source of supply and have on show a stock of the Finest Coral which differ in a very large degree from the usual texture. The peculiar fine and waxen smoothness, the excellent polished surface which imparts brightness and lustre coupled with the most beautiful and delicate shade of pink—just the least tint of rose, have secured for this quality of PRECIOUS SELECTED CORAL, prominent attention by critical judges in the art of Fashion in Jewellery.

There are different qualities of Coral. There is the DEAD or ROTTEN CORAL which is used for making small dishes and bowls; the BLACK CORAL which is chiefly used in the manufacture of ornaments of mourning; the third is the ORDINARY RED CORAL which supplies materials for Handles of Sticks, Umbrellas, &c. Pieces of fine quality of Red Coral are sometimes beautifully carved which considerably enhances their value; and lastly there is the SELECTED PRECIOUS CORAL which is a material as important for decorative and ornamental purposes as precious stones and pearls. Its value is determined according to the caprice of fashion in the same way as, Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires and Pearls, &c. In Europe at the present time the Coral most admired is that of the fresh rose colour which are pieces of exceptional beauty. At a recent Fisheries Exhibition a Coral Necklace of fine flesh tint was exhibited, and was valued at £6,000 or Rupees 90,000 (Nearly a lakh of rupees). The Queen of Italy possesses a carved Coral handle for a sunshade which is worth nearly Rs. 10,000.

SELECTED PRECIOUS CORAL is worn generally in the form of Necklaces, Bracelets, Rosaries, Charms, &c. Carved Coral, in beautiful Cameos and carvings, representing trees, insects, figures and artistic subjects are usually set in Brooches, Pins, Bracelets and Necklaces.

Coral offerings in some countries are made to the dead with the belief that it has the power of preventing the occupation of the body by evil spirits. Apart from credulity associated with Corals in the direction of religion, there are many who hold to the belief that the wearing of Coral exercises a wonderful influence on the health of the wearer, believing it to be a certain index to health. When coral remains bright during continuous use, perfect health is indicated, but should it lose colour and brightness, it is a sign of disease and loss of health. The Romans used to Coral-bead the necks of infants to "preserve and fasten their teeth" and save them from "the falling sickness"; even in the present day, parents hang Corals round the neck of children as a preservative against fits. Sea-faring men look upon Coral as a charm against lightning, whirlwinds, shipwreck and fire, &c.

We do not pretend that the Corals which we are at present offering carry value from a superstitious point of view, but we certainly declare that they will make up into the most beautiful Jewellery mounted alone or in combination with other Gems, particularly with diamonds in clusters. If you have never seen GOOD CORAL you have the opportunity of inspecting a unique collection at

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, &c.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The New **BUDGET** says **SMOKE** the **BEST** quality and **LESS** quantity.

The following High Class Brands are now Realising the above fact.

DUTCH HAVANAS.

MIGNOT & DE BLOCK'S.

		Rs.	A.
El Aliento, Par Excellence,	per 50	7	8
El Balcon, Deliciosos	" 50	6	8
La Arena, Brevas Fimas	" 50	6	0
La Silvira, Especials	" 50	5	12
La Crema, Matinees	" 50	5	4
La Simpatica, Flor Fina	" 100	8	0
Flor de Cintra, Silver Foiled,	" 25	4	0

POPULAR BRANDS.

		Rs.	A.
La Costa Brazileros	per 50	6	0
Young American	" 50	6	0
Perfectos Extra	" 50	4	0
Alicante, Ceylon's Favorite	" 50	3	8
Spotted Dogs, Merriman's	" 100	8	0
" " Neuberg & Co's	" 50	4	0
Odalisca, Victorias	" 25	2	8

Inquiries Solicited from Clubs and Messes. Discount on quantities.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA. **D. MERWAN & CO.,** 42, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. $3\frac{3}{4}$d. to 1s. $4\frac{23}{32}$d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR.

And to H. E. LORD MINTO, Viceroy and Governor-General of India,
And H. E. Sir GEORGE CLARKE, Governor of Bombay.

LIPTON'S

TEAS,
COFFEE,
COCOA,
WINES,
SPIRITS,
PROVISIONS.

"ASK FOR LIPTON'S."
QUALITY GUARANTEED.

FINEST GERMAN SAUSAGES.

METTWURST (Pork Sausage)	In 1 lb. Tins RS. 1-8 Per Tin.
FUNGENWURST (Tongue Sausage)	
LEBERWURST (Liver Sausage)	
CERVELATWURST (Smoked Sausage in Bladder)	
FRANKFURTER WURSTE (Small Frankfort Sausages)	
TRUFFEL-LEBERWURST (Strassburg Sausage)	Rs. 1-12

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.
Chester	125°	" "
Monkey	125°	" "
Elephant		in tins and bulk

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission. GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
86 FENCHURCH STREET LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST OF II ENGINEER on the Suction Dredger "Governador" working in Mormugao Harbour. Only those having previous experience of the working of suction dredgers or Marine Engines need apply, and should submit copies of certificates with their applications. Further particulars may be obtained on application from

A. A. BIGGS,
Resident Engineer,
Harbour Works,
Mormugao.

CAUTION.

BY an order made by the Learned District Judge of Cawnpore, and dated the 23rd January 1909, our client BABU DAYA CHAND was APPOINTED the GUARDIAN of the person and property of RAM BALLABH, the minor son of HARMUKH RAI, deceased, of the Firm of KETSHIDASS HARMUKH RAI, of Bombay, and who is still a minor and no person other than our client has therefore any right or authority to do any act, deed or thing by which the infant would be bound.

MANUEL AND AGARWALLA,
Solicitors.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attentions Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6	8	2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	6	8	2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5	0	2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4	12	2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4	8	2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4	3	0	per two tins.
" 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3	9	0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.

Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.

Order books supplied gratis on application.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS
STEEL ANGLES
STEEL TEES
CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

HENRY'S GREAT INDIAN REMEDIES.

IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

HOMOCEA.—The Great Pain Killer.
THILUM.—A certain cure for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, etc.
HIPPACEA.—The finest ointment in the world for the Horse and other animals
TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.
JVARA-HARI.—The greatest fever destroyer in the world.
OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

No household and travellers should be without these.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.
SOLE AGENTS,
CROFT MODY & CO.,
BOMBAY.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,

GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,

Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT
Last of the present Programme and of Consul, the Human Ape.

SATURDAY,
"RAINBOW REVELS"
By the Merrymakers' Company
and ZENO
MANON, Great Story Dramatised and other Films.
TIMES—7 to 8-30 and 10 to 11-30 P. M.
PRICES—Rs. 2, 1, 8 as. and 4 as.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT!!! TO-NIGHT!!!
LAST NIGHT
OF
LORD NELSON'S SON
AND
FOOLSHEAD'S CHILDHOOD.
TO-MORROW!!! TO-MORROW!!!
GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
Come and see the RECORD FILM of the Season.

FUGITIVE DALAI LAMA.

Grand Picture actually taken at Darjeeling by our Special Radios Operator, comprising:—

Arrival of the Dalai Lama into Indian Territory; processions, mounted and on foot; Priests and Dignitaries; Flags, Incense Burners, Music and Tibetan priests; richly clad Dignitaries, British Officials and Goorkhas; Reception at the Residency.

In one word
A GRAND PICTURE OF ACTUALITY
FROM SILK WORM TO SILK DRESS

A very interesting and instructive subject illustrating the Silk industry and the different phases of the Silk Worm

MILL MEN!!!
SILK DEALERS!!!
SCHOOL CHILDREN!!!
COME ALL!!!

WE WILL FURTHER SHOW A GRAND SELECTION OF OTHER VERY GOOD COMIC AND DRAMATIC PICTURES.

ON SUNDAY, 8th of MAY, 1910.
ANOTHER PRIZE SHOW!!!
One Gold Watch, one Silver Watch, and one Enamelled Watch will be given away,
From 7 to 8 P. M.
ON SATURDAY, SPECIAL LATE SHOW,
From 11-15 to 12-15 P. M.
PRICES AS USUAL.

DHANBAID IRON WORKS AGENCY,

2, DALAL STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
BRASS - - - -
AND - - - -
IRON CASTINGS -
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED AT LOWEST RATES.

Orders from Mills, Factories, and Building Contractors, have careful attention with our prompt despatch of goods.

Designs and estimates furnished on application.

WREXHAM LAGER BEER

ABSOLUTELY PURE AND WHOLESOME.

Sold by—
ARMY & NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., CALCUTTA & BOMBAY
MACDOWELL & CO., MADRAS.
H. J. PAPPE & CO., COLOMBO.
and all leading Stores in India and Burmah.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS, large, airy and commodious for European. Apply DINSHAW MERWAN, 140, Prince's Dock.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW or OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

WONDER! Machine in perfect use for 22 years. Singer's Hand Machine, valued Rs. 50, which is in use in my house for past 22 years, has given me every satisfaction and I recommend it to any one requiring a good substantial and easy going Machine.—G. D. Nariman, Hyderabad, Deccan.

FOR SALE.—One genuine DeDION single cylinder CAR, five seater, canopy top, glass screen, side curtains. A bargain Rs. 2,100.—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FORSALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of 'Bombay Gazette" Office.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? With LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
MARVEL UPON MARVEL!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR,

but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION

a complete revolution has been wrought in this department of medical science, whilst thousands have been restored to health and happiness who for years previously had been merely dragging out a miserable existence.

THERAPION No. 1—The Sovereign Remedy for discharges, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

THERAPION No. 2—The Sovereign Remedy for primary and secondary skin eruptions, ulcerations, pains and swelling of the joints, and all those complaints which mercury and sarsaparilla are popularly but erroneously supposed to cure. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3—The Sovereign Remedy for debility, nervousness, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, distaste and incapacity for business or pleasure, love of solitude, blushing, indigestion, pains in the back and head, and all disorders resulting from dissipation, early excesses, &c., which the faculty so persistently ignore, because so impotent to cure or even relieve.

THERAPION is obtainable of principal Chemists or from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London. Price in England 2/9. In ordering, state which of the three numbers required, and see that word 'THERAPION' appears on British Government Stamp affixed to every genuine package.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance, delivery.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg
Bombay
Karachi
Calcutta
Madras
Rangoon
Colombo
Penang
Thaiping (Perak)
Ipoh (Perak).
Medan Deli (Sumatra)
Singapore
Klang (F. M. States,)
Kwala Lumpor (Do.)
Bangkok
Batavia
Sourabaya
Manilla
Cebu (Philippines)
Hongkong
Foochow
Saigon
Seremban (F. M. States.)
Shanghai
Tientsin
Hankow
Yokohama
Kobe
New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

J. S. BRUCE,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Acting Agent.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital........ $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors........ $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund........ $ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund........ £ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY
BANGKOK
BATAVIA
BOMBAY
CALCUTTA
CANTON
COLOMBO
FOOCHOW
HAMBURG
HANKOW
HONGKONG
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)
KOBE
KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)
LONDON
LYONS
MALACCA.
MANILA
NAGASAKI
NEW YORK
PEKING
PENANG
RANGOON
SAIGON
SAN FRANCISCO
SHANGHAI
SINGAPORE
SOURABAYA
TIENTSIN
YOKOHAMA
YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS .... " 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien
Changchung
Dairon (Dairy)
Hankow
Honolulu
Hongkong
Kobe
London
Liaoyang
Lyons
Fengtien Mukden
Nagasaki
Newchwang
New York
Osaka
Ryojun Port Arthur
Peking
San Francisco
Shanghai
Tiehling
Tientsin
Tokyo

LONDON BANKER:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ... ...Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ... ...Gold $3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.
Calcutta.
Hongkong.
Canton.
Manila.
Hankow.
Cebu.
Shanghai.
Yokohama.
Colon.
Kobe.
Empire.
San Francisco
City of Mexico.
Washington.
Panama.
Singapore.
Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a., rules on applications.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

O. M. BARNES,
Manager.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Old Steamship Fittings.

Under instructions from the Lloyd's Agents, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at G. Shed, Prince's Dock, on account of the concerned.

A lot of Steamship Fittings belonging to the steamer "Ahmedi" and arrived per steamer "Somali" such as winch wheels, engine evaporator, iron pipes, pumps, valves, winch drums, windless engines, cylinder cover, drilling machine, brass bearings, iron gratings, rails, disinfector boiler, about 16 5 fathom chains, etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF MAURITIUS SUGAR.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 6th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Godowns at Thana Street, by order of Mr. Siddick Hajee Hoosien and on account and at the risk of Sha Ootumchund Kimchund—

643 bags Mauritius sugar.

On account and at the risk of Sha Damji Virji—428 bags Mauritius sugar.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

SALE ON SATURDAY, the 7th May, 1910.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 7th May, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in Fort, Elphinstone Circle, opposite the Fort Cathedral, in Sassoon House, above Messrs. Kemp & Coy., 1st Floor, the very valuable and artistic design made to order, household furniture of Wimbridge, Robert and Breslauer, pattern, drawing-room suites in 10 pieces, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, almyrahs, book case, cabinet, neatly designed sideboard, chiffoniers, Jost fan, marble pillar with basket, jardiniers with pots, mother-of-pearl, large folding China screen, one large rich tiger skin with head, nearly new, sweet-toned cottage piano, 1 silver plated 8 light chandelier with boque holder, rich glass and crockery ware, China tea set, plated ware by well known makers, good for presentation, spoons and forks case, old carved writing table and teapoys, fishbowl, jail-made cane chairs, automatic purdah, almyrah, fancy afternoon taapoys, parian bronze figures, rich vases, bead chicks, old jars, hand bag, aluminium cooking pots, a set, bicycle, phonograph records, rich ornaments, large marble cow with calf, Poona roses and palms, garden jardiniers with pots, and many other household articles, &c., the property of J. Fraser, Esq., Manager, Kemp and Co. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S. T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 brown waler mare 15, 1, quiet to ride and drive.

AUCTION Sale of Cast Iron Pipes, Window Glasses and Stationary.

Under instructions from the Lloyd's Agents Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 7th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their rooms on account of the concerned—

Ex. s. s. "Massilia."—

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned.—
6 cast iron pipes.
1386—50 cases window glasses.
145—4 to 6 by 3 cases stationary.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE JEWELLERY.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms by order of the Pledgee and on account and risk of the Pledgers the following valuable jewellery.

1—Velvet cap set with pearls, rubies, diamonds and emeralds.
1—Gold kanthi set with diamonds, rubies and emeralds and pearls.
1— do do with strings of pearls.
1— do do do do
1—Pendant set with large valuable emeralds and diamonds and a large pearl (soojni).
1—White round large pearl necklace of 2 strings.
The above is now on view.

On TUESDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Old Court House, Pawai Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved, made to order, household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, large dining table, arms and without arms chairs, large miror back sideboards, and dumbwaiters, handsome drawingroom suites of sofas and chairs, large drawing room cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich oil paintings and eleographs, chest of drawers, writing table, teapoys, marble top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpet, etc., etc., the property of Leslie Crawford, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Building Plots, at Sandhurst Road.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the Site, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following very valuable building plots, for a term of 999 years:—

Sandhurst Rd., East. Plot. No.	Approximate area.	Sandhurst Rd., West. Plot. No.	Approximate area.
4	1,120 Sq. Yds.	41	999 Sq. Yds.
5	841 " "	42	920 " "
6	1,001 " "	43	973 " "
		64	899 " "

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and Nahanis will also be allowed near the rooms.

For further particulars, auction and building conditions, form of lease, plan of the sites can be hap on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Building, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 6th May, 1910.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wants, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,

No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as chairs, easy chairs, sofas, tables, writing, wash-hand and side tables, teapoys, cupboards single and double door almyrahs, books cases, iron sofas, etc.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, the effects of the late Mr. A. P. Morris, consisting of woollen and cotton wearing apparels, boots, shoes, leather trunks, hats and other sundries.

At 3 p. m. (S. T.),

Several gent's and ladies' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred victoria in good order.
1 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
And other carriges and horses which may be offered.

AUCTION SALE of Electric fans and lights of the Watson's Esplanade Hotel and the Watson's Annexe each in one lot.

Suit No. 668 of 1909.
Raja Bahadur Narsingirji
vs.
Syed Sirdar Alikhan and another.

Under instructions from Limji N. Banaji, Esqr., the Receiver, appointed in the above suit by an order of the High Court, dated the 11th day of November 1909 and 2nd December, 1909, respectively, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said order, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises on TUESDAY, the 10th day of May, 1910, the electric fans and lights and gas lights, etc., of the Watson's Esplanade Hotel, and the Watson Annexe, at 4 and 5 p.m. (S.T.), respectively, each in one lot.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Furnished Newly-built Bungalow, situate at Khandala, known as "Grand View," opposite the Post Office and near the Bungalow of Mr. Justice Davar.

Under instructions from the owner, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of May, 1910, at 5 p. m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, Bombay, the following valuable bungalow—

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Khandala, in the District of Poona, Taluka Mamal, and in the Registration Sub-District of Vadgaum, containing by admeasurement 117 feet on the east, 81 feet on the west, 67 feet on the north, and 109 feet on the south, together with the buildings standing thereon, and bearing no Survey Nos. and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the east and south by the Road and property of Mr. Justice Dinsha D. Davar, and on or towards the west partly by the property of Dinkar Canpatrao, and partly by the property of Ambu Valoo and Panja Mohoi, and on the north by the public road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 6th May, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPORTANT SALE.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO LOVERS OF WILD AND FANCY ANIMALS.

SALE on SUNDAY, the 15th day of May, 1910, at 8-30 p. m. (S. T.) in the morning, at 146, Hill Road, Bandra (near Bombay.)

Messrs. SORABJI, COWASJI & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, as above, the surplus stock of Mr. John A. Witek, leaving Bombay, the representative of a well-known firm, dealing in wild animals, and live game, comprising African lionesses, Siberian bears, Scotch white noble deer, Siberian white fallow deers, West African baboons, white swans, Emus white dwarf, ducks, gold silver and reeves, pheasants, white turkeys, German and Danish boars, hounds, Irish setters, fox terriers, and air dale terriers.

The sale affords a good opportunity to game dealers, and private buyers, as there are some rare animals, birds and fowls, which are rarely offered for public sale.

May be viewed and catalogues obtained from the Auctioneers, or at the sale premises a week before the sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th May, 1910.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has thirty years reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising. For

SCROFULA,
SCURVY
ECZEMA
BLOOD POISON,
ULCERS,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,
BAD LEGS,
BLOTCHES,
SPOTS,
BLACKHEADS
PIMPLES,
AND
SORES OF ALL KINDS

it is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture."—June 18, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR
CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street, Fort.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

A PROMINENT European firm in Rangoon wish to get into touch with a reliable Spinning Mill, producing Grey Yarns suitable for the Burma and China Markets. Communications, with full particulars, to be addressed to "MANDARIN," care of this Paper.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

HAIG & HAIG

XXX WHISKY
(Distillers since 1679)
Renowned for its pure quality
and pleasant mellow flavour.
Insist upon having the original brand
To be had of
Messrs. D. C. OOMRIGAR & Co., D.D. BARIA,
and other Wine Merchants
or,
ALDRIDGE SALMON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)........ Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)........ Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND........ " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)
RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Of all Chemists and Stores, or post free from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

		Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly	...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 [illegible]
Half-yearly	...	" 13 12	" [illegible]
Quarterly	...	" 7 8	" [illegible]
Monthly	...	" 2 8	" [illegible]

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	...	Rs. 37 8	[illegible]
Half-yearly	...	" 20 0	[illegible]
Quarterly	...	" 10 10	[illegible]
Monthly	...	" 3 12	[illegible]

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE [illegible]

* For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay [illegible] See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards; Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	... ...	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line ...	... ...	" 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee, and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	...	Rs. 6-0	Per Inch.
Second Insertion	...	" 3-8	do.
Third Insertion ...	...	" 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion	...	" 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards	...	" 2-0	do.
Minimum charge	...	" 6-0	do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

		Town.	Post.
Yearly	... ...	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly...	... ...	" 7	" 8
Quarterly ...	... ...	" 4	" 5

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, May 4.

Cobsols 2 1-2 per cent.	... 81 13-16+3/16	
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.	25·24—8-1 1/2	
Rentes 3 per cent...	98 3/4	unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ...	20·49 1/2	unchgd
Bar Silver Spot.	24 7-8	unchgd
Do. 2 months hence	24 7/8—1/16	

Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady with small Buyers.

Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ...	63 3-16—1-16	
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate)	1-3-14 1/2	

Discount Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 17th Mar. 1910.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about	£ 500,000	
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	98 1-4+1/2	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st ...	3 1-4—1/8	
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3 1/8—1-8	
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months	3 7/8	unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months	3 7-8	unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)...	77·9	unchgd
Interest day to day loans... ...	2 3-4	unchgd
Do. of day market loans ...	3—1/8	

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on to-day for Rs. 8,000,000.

Rs. } Mutilated were allotted to Calcutta
,, ,, to Bombay
,, ,, to Madras

Total Rs. ....

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received 29 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) Received 29 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·00. Madras 16·01.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs. 29,30,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
,, 28,00,000 ,, to Bombay.
,, 15,80,000 ,, to Madras.

Total Rs. 73,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 29 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 29 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·03.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale, Rs. 60,00,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 90,00,000.

MANCHESTER, May 4.

COTTON.

Total day's Sales at Liverpool	... 8,000	Bales.
Do. day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	......	,,
Do. day's Sales of East Indian ...	......	,,
Do. day's Imports ...	... 17,000	,,
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot.—Quiet.		
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures—Dull.		
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Quiet.	
Tone of Manchester Market	... Steady.	
Mid Americans	... 7·96+4	
Egyptian F. G. F.	... 14 1-2	unchgd

	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.
Cotton Delivery	7·64	7·60	7·55
	—3	—3	—2
Mid Uplands	A.-S	S.-O.	O.-N.
	7·29	6·91	6·74
G. O. C.	—2	—1	—1
	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.
Liverpool	6·66	6·64	6·62
	—1	—1	—1

Sales increased yesterday by 1,000 bales.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 4.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	5,000
Do. Last year	28,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	......
Do. Exports to Continent ...	......

Futures at New York......
July 14·69 — 4
Do at New York......
October 12·67 — 5
} Advanced on favourable cables and declined later owing to bear pressure and liquidation.

Spot Cotton at New York...	... 15·30	unchgd
Fair Rio Coffee (No.7 quality)	... 8 3-8	unchgd
Demand Bills	... 4·87—3-8	
Silver Commercial Bars ...	... 54 1/8	unchgd
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	... 14 5-8	unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	... Steady.	
Futures at New Orleans ...	— July 14·70— 2	
Do. at New Orleans ...	... Oct. 12·66— 4	

LONDON, May 4.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 60 1-4
Do. Argentine (La Plata) months—May-June.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Hamburg.
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Buyers, Sellers, &c Done.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

New South Wales ... ...
Months—
Buyers, etc.—No Sellers.
Tone—Firm.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. 35 3-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Port—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.

Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs C.I F. 35 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Value.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship 45
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ... 43 1-8
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.

Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 40 3-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Tone of Rapeseed—Easier.

Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ... 64 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

Tone of Linseed—Firm.

RUBBER.

ara Rubber ... ... 10-7 Value.

METAL.

Copper Braziers ... ... — £ 67 0
Yellow Metal ... ... d 6 0
in Plates J. C. Coke 14 by 20 112
heets per box weighing 90 lbs
. I. F. Bombay... ... .

SUGAR.

erman granulated sugar C. and F.
India double bags, ... 18 1 1-2
Months of Shipment, July-Aug.—Sellers.
one of Sugar—Firm.

BOMBAY, May 5.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened at 1s. 4d. for T.T., 1s. 4 1-32d. or demand and 1s. 4 1-4d. for 3 months' sight redits.

We quote:—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready	... 1s. 4d.
D. D. Mail	... 1s. 4 1-32d.
T. T. Forward	...1s. 3 31/32d. July
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	... 1s. 4 1/16d.
Credits 3 m/s ,, ...	... 1s. 4 7-32d.
,, ,, Forward ...	1s. 4 3-16d. 15June
,, 6 m/s Ready ...	... 1s. 4 11/32d
France 3 m/s ,, ...	... 170 1/2
Marks 3 m/s ,, ...	... 138 1-2
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	... 132 3-4
,, Shanghai ...	... 178 1/4
,, Japan ...	... 149 1/8

The market is quiet.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper market opened at 94-14 and improved to 94-15 at which rate there were buyers at the close. Tone of the market firm.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London remained unchanged for ready and forwards declined by 1-16, whereas New York remained same.

Silver opened at Rs. 72-14-0. London market remained unchanged, and there were moderate buyers and sellers. Prices fluctuated by an anna and forwards closed at the same rate. Demand for ready was dull and about 50-60 packages changed hands.

Gold market remained dull in absence of any up-country and local demand, sovereigns were in good demand and prices were put by half an anna.

We quote:—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 touch	27	7	0
National Bank	24	0	6
Chartered Bank	23	15	9
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	6
Australian	24	1	3

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
17 1/2 Penny	73	0	0
17 Penny ready	72	15	0
Local per tola	0	11	3
First Settlement	72	14	0
Second	73	0	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed:—London prices were up by 3d. Demand for ready and forward was fair and prices advanced by an anna. Tone—firm.

Rapeseed:—London prices declined by 3d. There being no demand and prices remained unchanged. Tone—quiet.

Gingellyseed:—There was a good demand for ready and forward and prices advanced by nearly one per cent. Tone—strong.

Poppyseed, Castorseed, Cottonseed, Groundnuts and Mowraseed:—Moderate business has been done. Prices remained unchanged. Tone—steady.

Wheat:—Home prices remained unchanged. Moderate business has been done and prices fluctuated by half an anna. Tone—Dull.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 11 0
Linseed, Small ...	... ,, 10 14
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	...Rs. 6 9
Yellow do. ...	... ,, 7 3
Do. Gujarat ...	... ,, 7 5
Poppyseed ...	... ,, 9 14
Castorseed ...	... ,, 37-8 to 38-8
Mowraseed... ...	... ,, 6 12
Maize	... ,, 22 to 23
Groundnuts ...	... ,, 43 to 45
Mustardseed ...	... ,, 85 to 90
Gingellyseed ...	... ,, 45 to 54
Khandesh Howri ... Gulburga do. ... Kalbur do. ... Itarsi do. ...	} ,, 52 to 53
White Gin, Bold 95/5 Do. do do 85/15 Do. do. do. 75/25... Do. Mixed 50/50...	} ,, 48 to 52
Do. Gin, Small 50/50... Do. do. 85/15...	} ,, 46 to 47
Gin, Black Beaver ... Do. do. Gadag ...	} ,, 48 to 49
Gin Red Khandwa ... Do. Meggi ...	} ,, 46 to 48
Do. Yellow Hinganghat Do. do. Secunderabad Do. do. Gujarat	} ,, 50 to 54
Do. Black Kutni Do. Ahmedabad...	} ,, 45 to 46
WHEAT—	
Pissi	... ,, 35 to 37
Hard Red... ...	... ,, 33 to 34
Cottonseed ...	— ,, 25 to 26

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 4th May:—

Wheat	15,204	cwts
Linseed	25,742	,,
Rapeseed	17,920	,,
Gingellyseed	1,868	,,
Poppyseed...	6,460	,,
Groundnuts	1,227	,,
Castorseed...	11,514	,,
Rice	7,875	,,
Myrabollams	1,758	,,
Cottonseed...	26,354	,,
Mowraseed...	465	,,
Gram	465	,,
Joowar	4,802	,,
Maize	395	,,

SHARES.

Petit's opened at Rs. 2,820 and soon advanced to Rs. 2,840, but at the close they declined to Rs. 2,832.

BANKS.

Bombay	1,472 1/2
India	66 1-2
Indian Specie	52 1-2
Bombay Merchants' Bank ..	9 3/4

MILLS.

David	292 1 2
Howard and Bullough	3 0
Kohinoor	675
Maneckji Petit	... 2,840 to 2,832 1/2
New Great Eastern ... —	185
Currimbhoy	970
Swadeshi	1,080

PRESSES.

New Mofussil...	810

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. and T. Co. Ord.	95
Bombay E. S. and T. C. Pref.	160
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord	297 1-2
Treacher & Co	550
Bombay-Burmah	535

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Dholka	116
Ahmedabad-Prantej	590
Amritsar-Patti	120
Tapti-Valley	457 1-2

COTTON.

Liverpool was down by 1 to 3 points. New York unchanged and futures declined by 4 and 5.

The market at Colaba was dull and demand from the mills and exporters was nominal hence prices for ready declined by Rs. 1 to 2. Liverpool opener received in the evening showed 1 to 2 less. There were sellers for futures. Market remained easier. Good Broach opened at Rs. 299 1-2 but there being sellers declined at the close to Rs. 298.

We learn of the following purchases:—

Bales.			Rs.
700	W Wolf & Sons	...Bengal	...270/275
600	D Sassoon	... do	...262/263
200	H Goculdas	...Ellichpur	... 281
100	do	...Khandesh	... 261
100	Swan Mill	... do	... 265
500	Bussank	—Broach	... 327
500	do	...Bengal	...270/275
100	A Moritz & Co	...Bengal	... 230
100	Cohinoor	...Khandwa	... 260
200	Volkart Bros	...Mathia	... 267
300	Petit Mills	...Broach	...328-330
200	Gaddum & Co	...Digarus	... 285
200	do	...Nagpur	... 303
200	do	...Wardha	... 304
200	Gold Mohur	...Bengal	... 265
100	E Spinner	...Khandesh	... 265
100	Phœnix	...Wardha	... 272

We quote:—

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	285	
,, Good	...	253	
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	284	
,, Good	...	270	
Sind Punjab Fine	...	281	
,, Good	...	269	
Khandesh Fine	...	284	
,, Good	...	274	
Amraoti Fine	...	294	
,, ,, Good	...	286	
Akola Khangaum Fine	...	293	
,, Good	...	285	
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	301	
,, Good	...	293	
Yeotmal Fine	...	306	
,, Good	..	298	
Nagpore Fine	...	310	
,, Good	...	302	
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	312	
,, Good	...	304	
Methia Fine	...	284	
,, Good	...	274	
Broach Gin Fine	...	328	
,, Good	...	322	
Sawginned Fine	...	329	May
Coompta Ginned	...	321	,,
Westerns ,,	...	305	,,

FUTURES.

Broach Good	... 298 1-2	Mar.
Bengal F G	... 222	Jan.

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 4th May:—

Khandeish	270	Bales.
Central India...	183	,,
Barsi and Nagur	563	,,
Berar	1,140	,,
Central Provinces	212	,,
Oomras...	2,467	,,
Dholera	2,094	,,
Broach...	2,406	,,
Coompta and Dharwar ...	5,001	,,
Westerns	286	,,
Bengals (N W. P.)	101	,,
Bengals (Rajputana)	630	,,
Sind	9	,,
Persian	26	,,
Other sorts	......	,,
Total ...	13,010	Bales.

LIVERPOOL, May 5.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Quite but steady.
Estimated Sales...	... 8,000
Total Imports	... 23,000
Future Delivery Prices:—	
May—June	... 7·82—2
June—July	... 7·58—2
July—Aug.	... 7·53—2
Aug.—Sept.	... 7·27—2
Sept.—Oct.	... 6·90—1
Oct.—Nov.	... 6·72—2
Nov.—Dec.	... 6·65—2
Dec.—Jan.	... 6·62—2
Jan.—Feb.	... 6·62—1

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	May. Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp ...	... 14 0	... 14 6
Dunkirk ...	... 14 0	... 14 6
Havre	... 14 6	... 15 0
Hull	... 14 0	... .
Liverpool ...	... 14 0	... 14 6
Marseilles ...	... 14 0	... 14 6
Genoa	... 14 0	... 14 6
London ...	... 14 6	... .
Hamburg ...	... 14 0	... 14 6
Trieste ...	... 16 6	... 17 6
Venice... ...	... 16 6	... 17 6
Open Ports ...	... June & July	14 0

Market quiet.

METALS.

We quote:—

		lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4		21 28 35 42 56 63 70 77 84	Rs.55 0
Yellow MetalSheets		21 28 35 42 49 56	Rs.45 0
Tin Ingots.			,, 40 6
Spelter	S M M M J G	...	,, 18 6
Georgshutte		...	,, 22 4
Copper Ingots	K S	...	,, 48 4
Copper Sheetings	...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		,, 61 8
Yellow Metal Sheetings	lbs. 14, 16 10, 12		,,47 0

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, May 4.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
1 Box ...	...	7,500	...
2 Cases ...	...	12,000	...
15 Packages...	240	86,866	13,963

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Coin. Govt. of India Rs. Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
1 Bandle ...	...	800	...
1 do ...	...	2,200	...
1 do ...	...	450	...
1 do ...	...	750	...
2 Cases ...	...	3,000	...
15 Packages...	...	14,990	...

Importers.	Vessel.	From
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Bulimba	Muscat
Do	do	Abass
Do	do	Dwarka
Do	do	P Bunder
Wassomali Assomall & Co...	Assaye	Melbourne
The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co	Moshtari	Jeddah
Sundry Importers ...	do	do

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 3rd May, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	140	162,308
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	50	58,598

DAILY EXPORTS—MAY 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Agra s—500 tons manganese ore, S Smidt and Co; 450 cwts oil cakes, Bergmann and Hoffmann; 2,018 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfuse and Co; 160 bales cotton-waste, K Visram and Co.

Castalia s—27 bales wool, E Shewji; 142 bales wool, M J Joomabhoy and Co; 8,131 bales wool, M Cassum; 160 cwts hoops and horns, E C Nanji; 10,300 cwts wheat and 4,000 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—4,438 cwts teelseed and 2,000 cwts wheat Ralli Bros.

City of Agra s—70 bales hemp, K Vishram and Co.

FOR CHRISTIANIA.

Othello s—50 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Castalia s—30 bales hemp, H Govindji.

FOR GOTHENBURG.

Othello s—110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—1,250 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 30,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfuse and Co.

Politician s—2,040 cwts cottonseed, M Valabhdas.

Cloutshaw s—1,250 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji; 1,600 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts castorseed and 6,321 cwts cottonseed, 2,040 cwts cottonseed, M Valabhdas.

Harlyn s—1,250 cwts cottonseed and 1,509 cwt castorseed, A Khimji.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Archblister s—2,000 cwts poppyseed, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Irish Monarch s—110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 462 bales cotton-fly, K Visram and Co.

Henry R James s—387 cwts castorseed L Dreyfuse and Co; 8035 cwts rapeseed Ralli Br.os.

FOR GENOA.

Lady Lewis s—100 tons old iron J Saloobhai.

Ederman s—225 tons old iron T Hakimji and Sons; 400 bales cotton and 1,000 cwts linseed Volkart Bros; 62 cwts olibanum, J Nurbheram and Co.

FOR PORTSAID (For Orders.)

Westmoor s—3,214 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—6 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co; 633 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

Queenmoor s—1,000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Assaye s—200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Assaye s—115 bales cotton, Vatcha Ghandi and Sons.

FOR KOBE.

Assaye s—950 bales cotton, The M B Kaisha; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Tosa Maru s—100 bales cotton, Latham Abercrombie and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaye s—87 cwts sharkfins, M Jafferbhoy; 350 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co.

Tosa Maru s—26 cwts sharkfins, C G Dhalabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—400 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 150 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co.

THERE is a superstition current in certain circles in India, particularly on the Bombay side, says *The Englishman*, that native Indians never suffer from enteric fever. How such a foolish idea ever came to be accepted it is difficult to understand. It ought to be heard of for the last time, however, for the medical reports ought to enlighten the ignorant upon this point. From them it will be seen that the native Indian population, though more immune than the foreign population, suffers heavily from this evil. A notable victim is the young Chief of Jubal, the owner of a large tract of hills beyond Simla, who died of enteric last week.

IN an unofficial flight at the Arras Aerodrome, M. Louis Breguet, the inventor of the biplane of his name, covered a distance of forty kilometres (twenty-five miles) at the rate of over fifty miles an hour, thus establishing a fresh speed record.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for very additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

REPORTER—May 5, at Shapurji Shett Chukla, Fort, Darashah Dorabji Reporter, late of the "Bombay Gazette." Funeral at 7 a.m. (B. T.), (to-day Friday) morning.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

ORR—April 15, at Hotel Metropole, Simla, the wife of Captain G M Orr, 11th Lancers, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

JOHNSTON—PEPPERCORN—April 12, at Christ Church, Rawalpindi, by the Rev H Crabtree, M A, Glaude E L Johnston, Royal Artillery, son of the late Prebendary William Murdoch Johnston, of East Twickenham, to Beatrix, daughter of the late John Hutchinson Fiennes Peppercorn, Esq, of Eaton, Socon, Bedfordshire.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Maxim: "He that has more knowledge than judgment is made for another man's use more than his own."

BURGLARY.—Gordhandas Ishverdas, a mehta in the firm of Chunilal Kalidas, Commission Agents of Kolsa-street, reports that during his absence between 12-30 p.m. and 3 p.m., on Wednesday, the firm's premises were entered into, a small box which contained the key of the safe was broken open and ornaments of the value of Rs. 776 were stolen from the safe.

BHOWNAGAR NEWS.—A fire occurred on Tuesday evening in Kambiwada, but was safely extinguished, the fire engines having appeared promptly at the scene. Fortunately the wind was blowing lightly. Had the fire got complete hold, or had the engines been late the whole of Kambiwada would have been destroyed, the streets being narrow, and damage to the extent of lakhs of rupees worth would have occurred. In one month and a half thirteen cases of fire have occurred in Bhownagar, fortunately all during the day time.

MASONIC YEAR BOOK.—The Masonic Year Book for 1910-11, the little volume which is republished by the "Times of India" Press, is one which in spite of some inaccuracies will be very useful to masons in the Bombay Presidency and particularly to secretaries of Lodges. It contains all the usual features revised and brought up to date, and is issued in a very handy form which takes up little room in pocket or drawer.

BAND AT THE PAREL INSTITUTE—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. S. J. Sarjant, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers. will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 o'clock, this evening:—

March.........	Taunhauser.........	Wagner
Overture.........	Masaniello	Auber
Selection.........	The Gondoliers.........	Sullivan
Valse	Die Hydropater.........	Gung'l
Selection	La Traviata	Verdi
Galop	Champagne.........	Schirbel

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. W. R. P. Wallace and Officers of the 1st Battalion, Gloucestershire Regt., the Band of the Battalion will play the following programme of music under the direction of Bandmaster A. F. Hawkes commencing at 6 o'clock, this evening:—

March.........	The Silver Wreath	Roberts
Overture.........	Light Cavalry	Suppe
Caprice	Echoes des Bastions	Kling
Selection	Leslie Stuart's Songs.........	Allan
Valse	Lysistrata	Linke
Suite Espagnole...	La Feria	Lacome
Galop.........	La Farfare.........	Faust

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.—An excellent concert was given at the Seamen's Institute, Prince's Dock, on Wednesday evening by members of the Purser's Department of the P. and O. s.s. "Caledonia." This has always been a musical ship and its reputation was well sustained on this occasion. Every performer acquitted himself admirably, the humorous songs, particularly those by Mr. Barker, who is also a skilful pianist, having been received with vociferous applause. The hall was thronged to overflowing with seafarers and their friends, whose enjoyment was enhanced by the gift of 100 cigars from Messrs. Dinshaw and Merwan. In the unavoidable absence of the Chief Stewart, Mr. Langelier, Second Stewart, presided, and during the interval a substantial sum was contributed towards the costs of a new room, which is about to be built for temperance and other meetings.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Nelmes charged Ganpat Daji, a peon, working under Mr. George Bright, of the Standard Oil Company, with the theft of Rs. 30 from his master's drawer. The evidence showed that on the Tuesday before last Mr. Bright missed the money from his drawer. He suspected the accused, who had access to the drawer. He informed the police who on making enquiries ascertained that the accused had redeemed four rings on Saturday last from a Marwari which he had pledged for Rs. 5 and that he had bought some clothes. He also gave a ten-rupee note to another peon to keep for himself. This peon handed over the note to Mrs. Bright, explaining the circumstance under which it had been given him. The note was handed over to the police when they came to the place next morning. The accused pleaded guilty. On the application of Mr. Nelmes the case was remanded to enable the police to make inquiries into the accused's antecedents.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

WE would draw the attention of the public to the fact that to-day is the last day of the very fine programme which is being seen at the above Cinematograph. This programme contains a number of excellent items, including "Lord Nelson's Son," "Foolshead's Childhood" and "The Bruised Heart," and nobody should miss seeing these splendid pictures. To-morrow there will be a grand change of programme, and the pictures which the management are showing to-morrow and the next week include a most notable film entitled "The Flight of the Dalai Lama." It is one of the most remarkable pictures ever shown, showing, as it does, the flight of the Dalai Lama to seek British protection. His arrival at Darjeeling, the long procession of priests and many other fine pictures make up a splendid film; and it is a film which nobody can afford to miss seeing. "From the Silk Worm to the Silk Dress" is also an excellent picture, which all should see.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

LAST night a second performance of the present new programme, which filled a bumper house on Wednesday at the Novelty, attracted a generous gathering and the entertainment was much enjoyed. "Zeno" did a new act "Fun in a Hat Shop" which was both clever and amusing, and the chic little Rosebuds never had warmer recalls than they have had this week for their "Moon" and "Teddy Bear" songs. Miss Ruby Elmore is fetching her audiences in fine style and the popularity of the whole company has considerably enhanced since their return. A beautiful film "Launcelot and Elaine" is being projected and those who can appreciate poetry should not miss seeing this American triumph.

On Wednesday, Mr. Sydney D. Pease appeared for the last time in this city prior to his departure for England, and gave a splendid sketch-song and recitation in his usual fine style, and he was naturally heartily applauded.

On Saturday the programme includes "Rainbow Revels" by the Merrymakers, and another special film of great length and special attractiveness to all.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

"A COWARDLY AND BRUTAL MURDER."

Punitive Police Recommended.

ON the Apellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, their Lordships the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton heard the appeals of Bava Chhala and two others, who were convicted of the murder of one Chanda Bawa by Mr. R. E. A. Elliott, Additional Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad and sentenced to death; the first and second accused were further convicted under Section 201 and sentenced to seven years' rigorous imprisonment each.

Mr. V. J. Patel, instructed by Mr. Ratanlal Ranchhordass appeared for the accused, Mr. R. W. Desai in absence of the Government pleader was for the Crown.

The accused were charged with the murder of one Chanda Bawa at Moholel on the night of the 22nd October last, a day of high Hindu festival.

It appeared that the deceased Chanda was originally a watchman of the village, and about 18 months before his death was convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in a case of hurt. Before the expiry of his sentence he escaped from jail and after being some time at large, voluntarily surrendered and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for that offence, and was eventually released some six months before his death. According to the prosecution witnesses, on his return he succeeded in being re-admitted as a watchman. There was a dispute amongst the six watchmen of the village of whom the accused were three and three others Kesra Detar, Lallu Lakha and Chatur Mathur with Chanda, the deceased, as to whether he should get a share of the emoluments for the period he was in jail. On the day of the murder, the deceased was engaged in sacrificing near his house at a certain place where he was called by the first and the second accused to sing. After he had finished his oblations and distributed sweets to those present, he accompanied by Hathi Ranchod, followed the two accused, and on arrival at the gate way called the "Khani Khadki" was assailed by a crowd of armed men including the three accused. He fell and Hathi, the witness, bolted. The deceased's wife and his brother's widow arrived on the scene just in time to see the first two accused dragging the body away. The body was subsequently taken away into the fields to the Mor tank. The next day attempts were made to find the remains of the corpse and eventually the party found indications that it was in the Goi tank about half a mile beyond the Mor tank, and there under the branches of a babul tree which had fallen into the water five pieces of a human trunk were found tied in two 'dhotars,' one of which belonged to the deceased. The accused were arrested on the evening of the 24th.

Disagreeing with the Assessors, his Honour found that Chanda Bawa was murdered by the accused or by a gang of persons including the accused who had assembled with the common object of murdering Chanda. Agreeing with the Assessors, his Honour found that accused 1 and 2 did assist in disposing of the corpse of Chanda Bawa with the intention of causing the evidence of the commission of the offence of murder to disappear with the intention of screening the offenders from legal punishment.

In giving his reasons as to motive, the learned Judge said that the real reason of the murder was that Chanda had a liaison with a Patidar girl Bai Divali who, he observed, was murdered too, probably by her own relations, but how was not clear and that the mukhi of the village, the ex-mukhi of the village and one Khushal Kashibhai were all privy to it and knew about it.

His Honour sentenced the accused as above stated and ordered the sentences on the first two accused only to take effect, should the death sentences not be confirmed. He further directed a strict investigation to be made into the cause of death of Bai Diwali, and his Honour further directed that the Mukhi be prosecuted under section 202 and 217 for intentionally omitting to give information respecting an offence which he was bound to give and for knowingly disobeying the direction of the law as a public servant.

PUNITIVE POLICE RECOMMENDED.

His Honour, in concluding his judgment said: "In this district of Kaira which contains about 800,000 inhabitants, it is painful to think that the time of the Additional Sessions should have been taken up for the last three months in trying nothing but murder cases. The number of murder cases known is between 20 and 30 a year, and it is said they bear but a small proportion of the total number of murders which actually take place. It is really quite time that serious steps were taken to teach the residents of a village like Mohiel in which such a cowardly and brutal murder as the one described can take place not only without a man lifting a finger to stop it but in which the residents have actively combined to hush up the facts—that such a thing cannot be done with impunity.

I therefore strongly recommend to Government the 'matas' of all the Matadars of the village be confiscated that a punitive police post consisting of an officer of not less grade than a police station officer and a staff of policemen be imposed on the village at the expense of the villagers excluding those who have come forward to give evidence in the case and that the Patidars be called upon for a double share.

I further order that Chatur Mathur, Lallu Lakha and Kesra Detar be re-arrested and prosecuted under section 302 (murder) and I order further enquiry as to the real instigators of the murder of Chanda Bawa."

After hearing the arguments of the learned Counsel for the accused, their Lordships called upon the Government Pleader to address them on the case of the third accused only.

JUDGMENT ON THE APPEAL.

The Government Pleader having addressed the Court, Mr. Justice Batchelor, in delivering his judgment, said that in his Lordship's opinion the case had been very carefully argued by Mr. Patell for the appellants and it was a satisfaction to his Lordship to feel sure that he had heard all that could reasonably be urged against the view the learned Sessions Judge had taken.

The first observation that his Lordship made on the case was that it had been tried with singular thoroughness by the Sessions Judge who was evidently resolved to get to the bottom of the somewhat complicated state of facts. That desire had no doubt in one or two instances misled him in receiving on the record inadmissible evidence which was hearsay but he made it quite clear in his judgment that this hearsay evidence did not influence him in his conclusions.

In these circumstances, it seemed to his Lordship that his decision ought to carry great weight with them and ought not to be disturbed. The case was, no doubt of some difficulty but in the result, His Lordship thought that the Sessions Judge's finding in the cases of the first and second accused must be accepted. That finding the Sessions Judge had based on the evidence of two women, viz., Teja and Fenla and one Hathi, and on that footing the appeal had been argued before their Lordships. The main criticism levelled at the evidence of these two women was that in the Court of Sessions they had reduced their evidence from the shape adduced before the committing Magistrate; that is to say, that before the Magistrate these women had deposed to witnessing several blows; in the Court of Sessions their story was that the murder had been completed, though only just, completed, the moment they arrived on the scene. This criticism, though literally correct, did not carry much weight when one remembered the class to which these two ignorant women belonged and the impossibility they laboured under of separating things seen from things immediately inferred from the things seen.

His Lordship had gone through the record with much care and was satisfied that these women were truthful witnesses. The other witness Hathi stood on a lower footing.

If then their Lordships accepted the evidence of Teja and Fenla they had it proved that the first and second accused came and fetched the deceased to his death; that immediately after the death had been inflicted, these two accused were seen dragging the corpse to the village. It seemed to his Lordship to follow from these facts that these accused were present abettors of the murder by whomsoever the murder had been committed and his Lordship had no difficulty in inferring that these accused took actual part in the murder as Hathi had deposed. Hathi was not a witness whom one could believe wholesale, but up to the last point he was so firmly corroborated by better evidence that at this last point his evidence ought to be accepted. It was not only consistent but also reconciled with the facts which Teja and Fenla had seen with their own eyes. The motive for this crime was only too apparent. Not only was the ill-will excited against the deceased with regard to the village watchmanship but there was also still more potent enmity of the Patidars which he had aroused by intriguing with Diwali.

On the whole his Lordship was of opinion that the first and second accused were rightly convicted, and the case was by no means one in which their Lordships would be justified in interfering with the extreme sentence passed by the learned Judge.

The case of the third accused stood on a different footing and in his Lordship's opinion he was entitled to an acquittal. It was not suggested that he took part in summoning the deceased to the place of the crime and the three witnesses were much at variance as to the part he took in the murder. His Lordship, therefore, set aside his conviction and directed that he should be acquitted and discharged.

In conclusion, his Lordship said: At the end of his Judgment, Mr. Elliot has made certain general remarks on the prevalence of the violence of crime in Kaira. I take leave to say from my experience of Kaira some years ago and from a consideration of the present record that those remarks are justified.

Mr. Justice Heaton—I concur.

LONDON SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS.

THE following letter has been received from Professor Lees Smith by Bombay Government Educational Department:—

The London School of Economics and Political Science (University of London) Clare Market, Kingsway, London, W.C., April 1910.

Dear Sir,—The scheme which I arranged while in India for the political training of the Indian students in England at the London School of Economics and Political Science has now been in operation five months. The response has been sufficient to justify us in continuing the experiment. It will, therefore, be continued next year, and the forthcoming session will begin in October.

I write to you in order that those who propose to come to England next October should begin to make their preparations without delay.

The ideas on which the scheme was based are as follows:—

It is right that young Indians should now turn their minds to the social, political and economic problems with which the Indian peoples are faced. The scheme which I initiated is intended to afford the beginning of a course of training in political and social science adapted to the needs of Indian students. Our hope is that a number of young Indians will come to England in order to study British Institutions in the land of their birth in the same way as young Englishmen used in previous generations to go on the "Grand Tour."

Lectures and classes are held to explain the British Constitution, the system of Local Government, the great State departments and all the chief social and political institutions. A special series of lectures on Indian Sociology is arranged which enters into the social and economic conditions of India and discusses the extent to which the lessons derived from British Institutions are applicable to India. In addition there are lectures on Economics, Commerce, Political Science, Law, Banking, Finance, Accounting, and all other subjects necessary for the Economics Degree of the London University.

The students live in English families, who, if their parents desire it, will be selected by the London School of Economics and Political Science. The course lasts from October to the end of June. The minimum expenses for the nine months, including lodging, fees, travelling expenses from India and back, etc., is Rs. 3,000. A special certificate is given to those who have been through the course and have passed an examination upon the subjects included in it.

It will be seen that the entire scheme is conducted by the London School of Economics and Political Science. In this Institution is concentrated the bulk of the teaching in these subjects of the London University. Its position as the centre of this teaching at the head-quarters of the Imperial Government brings it into intimate association with the public institutions and public men of Great Britain. For instance, among its lecturers or governors are Sir Courtenay Ilbert, Sir Theodore Morison, Sir Alfred Lyall, and the Right Honourable Ameer Ali.

In addition to Indian students coming specially for the course, I wish to suggest to those who come to England for other purposes that they should take advantage of this opportunity. The work for the Bar examinations, for example, is so light by itself that young Indians in England are in danger of wasting their time and becoming demoralised. Those whose aims are high and who are not afraid to work in order to prepare themselves for the service of their country should combine their work at the Bar with the course of study which I have described.

Those wishing for more detailed particulars should write to the Secretary, London School of Economics and Political Science, Clare Market, Kingsway, London, W. C.—Yours, faithfully,

H. B. LEES SMITH,
M.P. for Northampton.

TALUKDARI SETTLEMENTS.

THE following Government Resolution passed on the Annual Administration Report of the Talukdari Settlement Officer for the year 1908-09, is published:—

The measures taken for the settlement of debts continued to be one of the most important features of the Talukdari Settlement Officer's administration during the year under report. Two-fifths of the total amount of the estimated debt of talukdari estates has now been settled for exactly one-third the nominal claims, and if the present very satisfactory rate of progress is maintained the Government loan of fifteen lakhs will, it is hoped, be sufficient to effect a complete settlement. The extension of the leasing system, the continued reclamation of waste lands, the repairs to tanks and bandhs and the restocking of one tract with plough bullocks are measures which, coupled with the fairly good season, contributed to a marked improvement in the general condition of the estates during the year. It is noted that two of the three estates in which the debt due to Government has increased during management were able to effect a small reduction of their debts. The large arrears due from tenants in the estates under management are stated to be mostly irrecoverable, and careful enquiry should now be made and the irrecoverably balance written off. The establishment of a hostel in Dhandhuka is a measure which Government observe with much satisfaction, and its progress and the introduction of similar schemes in other parts will be watched with interest. It has been repeatedly remarked that the problem of talukdari indebtedness cannot be fully solved until the education of the Talukdars has been placed upon an assured basis, and Government continue to give this matter their anxious consideration. The question of protecting the Talukdars against inflated claims made in the Civil Courts has been dealt with by Government in separate orders, in which, for reasons stated, Government have determined that they are not disposed to interfere with the jurisdiction of the Civil Courts, but are willing to take measures which will enable the Talukdars to obtain the assistance of the Talukdari Settlement Officer in defending suits which may be brought against them.

SKIN SCALP

HAIR HANDS
Cleansed Purified and Beautified by
CUTICURA SOAP

The constant use of Cuticura Soap, assisted when necessary by Cuticura Ointment, not only preserves, purifies and beautifies the skin, scalp, hair and hands, but prevents clogging of the pores, the common cause of pimples, blackheads, inflammation, irritation, redness and roughness, and other unwholesome conditions. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find that Cuticura Soap and Ointment realize every expectation.

Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Maruya, Ltd., Tokio; So. Africa, Lennon, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U.S.A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 133 Columbus Ave., Boston. Post-free from London depot, liberal sample of Cuticura, with 32-page book on the skin.

FOUR
WELL KNOWN REMEDIES.

RHEUMATISM
CAPITO BALM
(*Regd.*)

A new and very remarkable remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, and enlargements of the joints, lumbago, sciatica and all inflammatory diseases of kindred nature. For years we have been supplying Capito Balm to the people of this community; every day the sale increases, and we never yet had one single complaint regarding it. It is a salve which is really a wonder when it comes to curing stiffness, reducing swelling and the like. Price per Pot, As. 8.

CURELINE
(*Regd.*)

Is a perfect specific in all cases of GLEET, GONNORRHEA, and similar urinary ailments, and taken according to instructions effects a complete and lasting cure in one week. Price per bottle, Rs. 2-8.

COUGHS

Do you cough at nights? Do you have to sit up in bed to breathe? Are you troubled the livelong night through by a rasping, hacking, sharp cornered chunk in your throat? Every time you cough it seems as though your lungs were coming up? We can help you.

Odmans' Cough Elixir

will stop a severe cough in a very short time. At the same time it has a tonic action that aids greatly in throwing off your cold. That for only Rs. 1-4 per bottle.

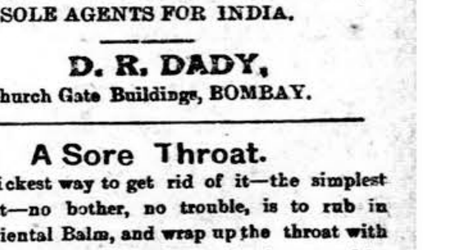
HEADACHE
TREZO TABLETS
(*Regd.*)

Give safe, prompt and positive relief for a nerve racking, head-splitting headache. They Cure any Headache—mild or severe headaches—acute or chronic headaches—sick nervous or neuralgic headaches—are speedily relieved by these small, easy-to-take tablets. As. 12 per bottle.

Directions is enclosed with the bottle.

ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL Co.
No. 150 JOOMA MASJID, BOMBAY.

FULLER FULLER FULLER
BICHROMATE BATTERY CHARGING



You connect the Accumulator at night, it is Fully charged in the morning.

Worldwide Unsolicited Testimonials.

"As a convenient means for charging Motor, Bicycle or Car Accumulators at home, the new sets introduced by Messrs. Fuller of Wick Lane Works, Bow, London, would be hard to beat."—"The Motor."

Fuller Accumulator, Trembler and non-Trembler Patent High Speed Coils.

Fuller Magnetos, High Tension Standard and Self Starting Model. Made Five Worlds Records.

Fuller Leclenche Combination, Dry, Latent, Motor Capsule and Universal Batteries, Fuller Fans, Fuller Test Lamps, Carriage Electric Lamps, Switches, Volt and Ampere Meters, Wires and all Electric Ignitiaities and Motor Accessories.

JOHN C. FULLER & SON, BOW, LONDON,
SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.

D. R. DADY,
Church Gate Buildings, BOMBAY.

A Sore Throat.

The quickest way to get rid of it—the simplest and surest—no bother, no trouble, is to rub in Little's Oriental Balm, and wrap up the throat with flannel. Will remove all aches and pains caused by a cold, a strain, or over-exertion. One trial will prove its merits and you will never again be without it. Handy when children have whooping cough, bronchitis and chest-colds; requires but little hand-rubbing on children. Any night your child may waken with croup. Death clutches tightly on the tender throat and you are helpless. Be prepared. Keep a bottle of Little's Oriental Balm in your room. A moment's brisk rubbing on the throat and chest, and you have the croup under control. In a few minutes the healing liquids have driven the cold out; the child is cured, as suddenly as croup comes on. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN; MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

Ship	Commander	Service
H M S Fox	Comdr Hunt	Royal Navy
R I M S Lapwing	Lt Comdr MacLean	Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge	Comdr Farewell	R I M
R I M S Northbrook	Comdr W B Haddleston	R I M S
R I M S Dufferin	Comdr A J Marsack	R I M
R I M S Investigator	Comdr W Y Beauchamp	Survey Street
H M S Redbreast	Comdr Shutter	Royal Navy
R I M S Polinarus	Comdr Taylor	R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—May 5.

Vessel	Ton	Captain	Agents
Africa	1302	Chappel	M M & Co
Bumba	1607	Butler	M M & Co
Corinth	2469	Chadwick	W&A Graham & Co
Clan Macnab	2952	Ridgeway	F Finlay & Co
Calliope	2498	Knot	W & A Graham & Co
Caithness	2306	Proctor	W&A Graham & Co
Dalemoor	2572	Brulen	W&A Graham & Co
D Balduino	2684	Ronchi	F R S N & Co
Ethelwolf	2814	Eidman	T Morrison & Co
Feliciana	2144	Falek	T Morrison & Co
Fani Maru	1569	Kawamura	W & A Graham & Co
Gerd	751	Anderson	F F Campbell & Co
Hurst	2997	Moody	W & A Graham & Co
Harpley	2565	Folster	W&A Graham & Co
Hoosainee	993	Hughes	B & P S N & Co
Harport	2503	Lamb	T Morrison & Co
Irish Monarch	2792	Rettins	T Morrison & Co
Megna	772	Maude	M M & Co
Moshtari	1109	Watson	B & P S N & Co
Naimi	2522	Hallet	E & A M Jeewanji
Nairang	2862	Crebbin	T Morrison & Co
Produce	743	Winsnes	F F Campbell & Co
Queenmoor	2409	Helmrick	W&A Graham & Co
Ramsay	2767	Mullar	......
Shah Jehan	2566	Born	B & H S N & Co
Saifi	502	Willoughley	B & H S N & Co
Strathleven	2845	Todd	......
Sealda	3438	Chidley	M M & Co
Trowbridge	2380	Mrrs	W & A Graham & Co
Uskmoor	2306	Evans	W& A Graham & Co
Vadala	2164	Ramage	M M & Co
Yorkmoor	2786	Rigby	W & A Graham & Co
Zibenghla	2690	Dickinson	M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—May 5.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Assaye	4359	Jones	Shanghai	11-5	P & O S N & Co
B Cloutsbaw	3083	Smith	Hull	7-5	W & A Graham & Co
C&E Othello	3327	Webster	Hull	9-5	J Finlay & Co
D&E Caupra	3054	Henderson	Antwerp	9-5	M M & Co
F Lord Antrim	2773	Aiken	N F	N F	J Finlay & Co
G Henry R James	1974	Mogg	Hamburg	7 5	Killick Nixon & Co
H President	2086	Jacob	Durban	10 5	A Strandis
K Toss Maru	3610	Nomura	Kobe	6 5	N Y Kaisha
M Harlyn	2223	Bird	Hull	6 5	W & A Graham & Co
N Exmoor	2296	Dunbar	Barrow-in-Furness	7 5	W & A G & Co
O Lawmoor	2360	Pippest	London	7 5	The Bombay & Co Ld
Q Humayun	2155	Beard	Red Sea Port	10 5	B & P S N & Co
VICTORIA DOCK.					
1 Langdale	2515	Clarke	Cochin	10 5	Killick Nixon & Co
2 Castalia	4081	Hamilton	Liverpool	8-5	W & A Graham and Co
3 Achlebister	2820	Gatt	Dunkirk	14-5	W & A Graham & Co
4 City of Agra	3096	Buck	Liverpool	14 5	Killick Nixon and Co
4 Naseri	911	Micre	Stream	4 5	B & P S N & Co
5 [illegible]	2284	Roberts	Genoa	10-5	James Mackintosh and Co
6 Spanish Prince	4218	Jones	Philadelphia	6-5	W & A Graham & Co
8 Coniston Water	2832	Jones	Dunkirk	7 5	T Morrison & Co
9 Politician	4737	Watson	Hull	14 5	K Nixon & Co
10&11 Lady Lewis	2145	Provo	Genoa	9-5	J Mackintosh & Co
13 Caledonia	3529	Hayward	London	7 5	P & O S N & Co
14 Wardha	2551	Archdeacon	Calcutta	8 5	M M & Co
14 Lhasa	950	MacDiarmid			M M & Co
15 Rinaldo	2791	Pickering	Hull	14 5	James Finlay & Co
16 Westmoor	2341	Waddle	Garston	6-5	W & A Graham & Co
M W D D					
Quiloa	1231	Anderson	Calcutta	N F	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
5	Ethelwolf s	Eidman	Cardiff, Apl 2
	Trowbridge s	Marrs	Calcutta, Apl 22
	D Balduino s	Ronchi	Genoa, Apl 18
	Sealda s	Chidley	Akyab, Apl 10
	Strathelven s	Todd	Bunbury, Apl 5

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
5	Afghanistan s	Blanlt	Rangoon
	Adamsturm s	Seibji	Hamburg

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P and O Co's steamer Salsette, with the homeward Mails of the 30th ultimo arrived at Aden at 12 30 p m on Wednesday the 4th instant.

The same Co's steamer Malwa, with the outward Mails of the 29th ultimo passed Suez at 2 a m on Thursday the 5th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Koerber, left Trieste, on the 3rd instant and is due here on the 21st instant.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP. V. D.

Bombay, 6th May.

398—Arms—All Rifles and Accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters at once. Oil bottles and pull throughs must be returned with Rifles or will be charged for.

399—Prize Distribution—"F" Coy Prize Distribution will take place at Head Quarters on Monday the 16th instant at 9-30 p.m. All members of the Coy. are expected to be present.

Dress.—Mess Dress or Uniform.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
A'dt., B. V. R.

DURING the week ended May 3rd, 17½ chests were removed from the opium warehouse at Bombay, and were purchased by the farmers at the following places:—Godhra (3), Nasik (3), Sholapur (3), Manawader (½), and Poona (8). During the same week 19 chests were imported from Indore.

THE "Daily Empress" states that several young Naval Officers have succeeded in identifying the persons who recently hoaxed the Commander-in-Chief of the Fleet at Portsmouth by pretending that they were an Abyssinian Prince and Princess and suite, thereby receiving on board one of the battleships the courtesies extended to foreign Royal personages. The Officers compelled one of the perpetrators to apologise to the Commander-in-Chief and inflicted a caning upon two others. The fourth hoaxer, who was ill, and the girl who played the part of the Princess were pardoned.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE
YORKSHIRE
FIRE - LIFE - ACCIDENT LIVE - STOCK
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
LIFE POLICIES
At Cheap Rates with
Large Bonuses with
Ample Security.
BEFORE INSURING ELSEWHERE
Consult
THE MANAGER
THE YORKSHIRE INSURANCE CO. LD.,
78, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.
Registered Telegraphic Address:—
"YORKSHIRE, BOMBAY."

PIANOS
FOR SALE,
FOR HIRE
On terms to suit purchasers or easy monthly payments for one or two years.
BROADWOOD.
BLUTHNER.
SCHIEDMAYER.
RICHD. LIPP.
GROTRIAN.
STEINWEG NACHF.
PAUL WERNER.
MARCKS & CO.
SLIGHTLY USED PIANOS.—A few of the above celebrated pianos for SALE as bargains, condition perfect and fully warranted for same period as new instruments.
WORN PIANOS.—We employ expert renovators, hammers refelted, toned, regulated and pianos tuned.
MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

UP-TO-DATE
FURNITURE
IN HANDSOME DESIGNS.
FOR CASH——HIRE PURCHASE——HIRE.
Roll Top Office Desks.
A SPECIALITY.
ONLY SEASONED WOOD USED.
BEFORE
FURNISHING CONSULT US.
No Order too large
No Commission too Small
For Our Immediate and Careful Attention.
LUARD BARRINGTON & CO.,
THE RELIABLE EUROPEAN AGENCY,
109, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

Metal Mart Dept:—
ROLLED STEEL BEAMS
OF BRITISH AND CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.
Allsections from 4in. by 1¾in. up to 20in. by 7½in. any length up to 36 feet.
WE CARRY THE LARGEST STOCK IN WESTERN INDIA
of Rolled Steel Beams, Plates, Angles, Tees, Corrugated Galvanised and Plain Sheets, Pig Iron, Cast Iron and Wrought Iron Pipes, also Farnley Iron for which we are the Sole Agents.
PRICES ON APPLICATION.
RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS
BOMBAY.

MALARIA.
NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,
is a rational Remedy for Ague, Malarial, Bilious, Plague and other Fevers. A General Bitter Tonic, and Heart Stimulent. Per bottle, Re. 1.
CHOLERA.
"ZAM-ZAM."
A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.
☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.
F. S. MADON & CO.,
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 104 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROYAL
EDISWAN
METFIL
ELECTRIC
LAMPS.
Stocked by
MESSRS. GREAVES, COTTON & CO.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

⁂ All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 6th May, 1910.

BOMBAY'S ROADS.

ANY close observer of the experiments that have been made with a view to find a satisfactory surface for our main roads, must have seen that for a certain, or rather uncertain period, every trial gave satisfaction. Once the material was laid, rolled and solidified, it formed a very agreeable surface, but after a time its quality underwent a change, and the oil or tar, or any mixture of the two, began to dry and become brittle; bare patches began to appear and the powder that came from them was daily swept away until the fragments of stone—the word macadam does not apply—became loose, and holes appeared. This, of course, was the beginning of the end of the experiment. What had happened? A strong lens will show the observer that the oil or tar has altered; its toughness is much diminished, and if the observer carries his enquiry into the effects of sun's heat, he will find that the road surface has been exposed to a temperature that will raise a piece of exposed iron to more than 150 degrees Fahrenheit. There is a third influence, that of road-watering and drying, involving sudden changes of temperature which affect the bulk of tar and oil and assist in the loosening of the particles. The influence of the sun's light, in addition to its heat, may also be a factor of importance, but the combined effects of heat, moisture, and the wear of traffic are such that if a portion of the surface be dug up six months after laying, it presents a different appearance from that of a piece a month old. Something has gone out of it; it is more granular and less cohesive. It appears to have lost something either by evaporation or by dispersion. Mineral oils as they come from the ground or from the gas retort are composed of a great variety of liquids that may be separated by fractional distillation at temperatures varying from that of melted lead to that of ether, but if left exposed to the sun alone, the distillation goes on at a much slower rate until a residue remains that, in the case of petroleums, is very little affected by the sun. This is the origin of the bitumen as found on the shores of the Red Sea.

When a road is built of pieces of stone held together with a cement that is less strong than the stone, there should be the greatest proportion of stone and the least possible amount of jointing material. This could be effected if the stones were cubical in shape, but with such stone as is used in Bombay the spaces must approach a fourth of the whole bulk of the road surface, and if the cementing material shrinks in volume because of evaporation, or becomes porous for the same reason, deterioration must follow rapidly. It is therefore plain that the binding material must be permanently tough or else so hard as to form a solid concrete with the stone. Concrete forms an excellent roadway but it is ill-suited for frequent disturbance and Portland cement is still too dear in India to be used for road-making. Meanwhile the dust is worse than it was ever known to be, and it seems to arise principally from the very mixed material that is spread over the fresh tar or oil. If this material could first be separated, by screening, from the fine dust it contains, much annoyance might be saved. The traffic of Bombay has grown too heavy for our existing road material. A bullock-cart carrying four bales of cotton presses the surface of Bombay paved street with a weight equal to 216 pounds per square inch of wheel contact. If the road is quite smooth the pressure is uniform, and the pull of the draught animals is 35 pounds per ton, but when the road wears into holes and the vehicle, in addition to going forward, is frequently jerked up and down the tractive force is easily doubled, and thus the cost of traction is increased.

Their experiments on road-making have not covered our municipal council with glory, but they must have observed that the wear of traffic is too great for the roads, and if they have done their best, the only immediate remedy is a change in the width of all iron tyres of vehicles. It ought now to be possible to say what should be the additional width of these tyres in proportion to their maximum loads, so as to reduce the destruction, and cost of upkeep of our roads, to a reasonable amount. Some very instructive experiments have been recently made on American railways to ascertain the area of contact of wheels with rails and the pressure on that surface. The area of contact varied from 0·2 to 0·5 of a square inch and the pressures ranged up to 60 tons per square inch. Instructive data concerning wear were deduced from these observations. It is very easy nowadays with a simple portable machine to ascertain the pressure on the ground of any wheel of any vehicle, and the area of contact is equally easy to verify. A convention of Municipalities will shortly take place in Chicago to standardise the specifications of road paving, especially in asphalte, brick and creosoted wood. The report of this convention should contain some interesting information for Bombay, for some cities, notably New York, are said to experience higher temperatures than our city.

◆

SINGLE CHAMBER RULE. A WRITER in the "Fortnightly Review" pertinently draws attention to a former brief period in our history when Englishmen tried the experiment of governing with only a single chamber by abolishing the House of Lords. This period was at the beginning of the Commonwealth when having abolished monarchy and beheaded the king, the Commons proceeded next to do away with the House of Lords also. This article is particularly instructive just now, when, perhaps, a somewhat similar fate is overhanging the second chamber of the English Constitution. History is philosophy teaching by examples, is a hackneyed saying; but its lessons are by no means hackneyed. History very often repeats itself and generally in errors, simply because the lessons it ought to teach are not learnt properly. The period between the Civil War and the Restoration is full of many innovations, and its history ought to be very instructive for knowing the effects of these. On 30th January 1649, Charles I was executed, and within a week the House of Commons proceeded to do away with the House of Lords by resolving that it is "useless and dangerous and ought to be abolished." Both checks on their power were thus gone, and the Commons were without any restraint. They used this freedom from the restraint of the House of Lords in a very queer way. Within four months of their newly acquired freedom, the House of Commons had "achieved the destruction of the principle of trial by jury, the imprisonment, on order of the House, of London's Chief Magistrate, the arbitrary demand from the City of twenty-seven thousand pounds, the uncompensated sale of Church property, the creation of a fresh offence in treason, and the suppression of the liberty of the press." In four years the exercise of arbitrary and unlimited power had so disastrously affected the Commons that Cromwell had to speak against them openly. "As for members of Parliament, their pride and ambition and self-seeking, engrossing all places of honour and profit to themselves and their friends, and their daily breaking forth into new and violent parties and factions, their delay of business and design to perpetuate themselves, and to continue the power in their own hands,—these things do give much ground for people to open their mouths against them and to dislike them, nor can they be kept within the bounds of justice and law or reason, they themselves being the supreme power of the nation liable to no account, nor to be controlled or regulated by any other power, there being none superior or co-ordinate with them. Unless there be some authority and power so full and so high as to restrain and keep things in better order, and that may be a check to these exorbitances, it will be impossible in human reason to prevent our ruin." Ruin had indeed in some way overtaken England, for our Navy had become so weak owing to want of funds and mismanagement that the Dutch, after defeating Blake, commanded the Channel and sailed triumphantly up the Thames detaching a party on the Sussex coast which carried off cattle. At last Cromwell had to come to the rescue and to save England from its "single chamber" government. He had to dissolve that chamber, which would not dissolve itself, by force, and his utterance on the occasion, "take away that bauble," pointing to the speaker's mace, is historical. This experiment of a single chamber lasted for just four years and four months and such was its result that it has neve been repeated for two centuries and a half. There are at present signs that some would like to repeat it. To such we would commend the story of the experiment under the Commonwealth.

◆

INDIAN PENS. MR. I. H. BURKILL has collected an amount of instructive information on the subject of Indian pens, their history, classification, materials used and the methods of manufacture, which is published at length in a new number of the "Agricultural Ledger." The design and make of the pen were dictated by the materials on which they were required to write. The parchment and papyrus do not seem to have ever been used in India. Palm-leaves formed the only books of the south until comparatively recent times. Birch-bark was the old writing material of the north, heavily sized woven cotton cloth having been used in various places for special purposes. Paper came in with the Moghuls—except into Burma and perhaps Nepal—whilst a board covered with dust on which writing and calculation was done, was in use in all parts. Chinese prisoners of war introduced paper among the Arabs, who in turn sent it all over the world. To write on the various material at their disposal—Indian used six varieties of pens—the iron style, porcupine quill, bamboo, palm mid-ribs, reed or fern pens and the quill. The iron style was used only for writing on or incising palm leaves; the porcupine quill for making calculations on a dust-board. These two never have slit points for carrying ink and giving flexibility; the other three classes of pen have slit points after the fashion of the European pen and are the precursors of the modern pen. Some of these are elaborately ornamented and costly. It is regarded as probable that the style was the pen invariably used in the extreme south of India before the Portuguese reached the east and palm-leaf books alone were used. With the Portuguese came the use of the quill and the adoption in Tamil of the word "penna" for an ink-carrying pen. The porcupine quill needs no manufacture for use. The flesh of the porcupine is clean and eaten; "but throw the quills away lest they breed strife," says a Mysore proverb, in allusion to their use for writing. The bamboo pen is not so flexible as the reed pen and not well suited for writing curves, the result being that the bamboo is more used in those parts of India where the characters are stiff than in those where they are curved or is avoided for cursive forms of the stiffer scripts. Thus it happens that children are taught to form their letters with the bamboo and thereafter allowed to write a cursive hand with the reed pen. Bengal is the chief place where the bamboo pen is employed and its use is customary with certain classes of people. Astrologers use the bamboo-splint pen as a part of the ceremonial of casting horoscopes and Hindu pandits affect it, but school boys and ordinary country folk use the pen of a bamboo joint commonly called Kanchi. Palm mid-rib pens are in use in Southern and Western India. Light and more elegant though they be they cannot do so long service as the bamboo. The reed from which the pen is made is grown in a dense jungle in the vicinity of Distul between the provinces of Khusistan, Luristan and Bakhtiari whence a large supply is said to be obtained every year and exported to Persian and Indian ports. The quills used for pens in India are of peacocks' feathers, the wings and sometimes the tails. White goose quills from the wing are used in Bengal but they do not equal in quality the best picked European goose quills and are weaker than the peacock wing quills.

◆

RUSSIAN AGRARIAN ACT. THE Agrarian Settlement Bill, commonly known as the 9th November Bill, passed the Upper House second reading yesterday, and is now assured of becoming the law of the land in regular form, with the support of both legislative chambers after exhaustive discussion. As already repeatedly pointed out this measure is one of the greatest acts of the world's history. The Russian muzhik working as a member of a "communal" village proprietorship of land, has made his industry felt in the world's markets. How much more will this be the case when the great grain-growing resources of Russia are worked by freeholders inspired with the ambitions of the free man! It is said that the textile industries of Russia depend for success at bottom on whether the muzhik of the fields can afford to buy one new red shirt per season or two. The criterion works out roughly pretty well, and if the textile industry is prosperous the buying power of Russia for foreign goods of many kinds is enormously increased, thus giving a stimulus to trade all round. When the muzhik becomes a freeholder his wants will extend, indeed are already found to be extending, considerably beyond the possession of a new Sunday red shirt, and perhaps a headkerchief for his "baba." What this Bill promises to effect in the course of the next generation is a considerable shifting of the centre of gravity of at least the trade of Europe, while the stupendous "emigration" movement to Siberia suggests far-reaching changes elsewhere also. Russia has not yet come to her strength, and her people are becoming more and more alive to the wider vistas opening before them in the future history of their country and the world at large. It would be well for the non-Russian nations to watch Russian development closely: at present but little interest is taken in matters of historical and worldwide consequence.

SANCTION been accorded to the proposed extension of the low service reservoir at Khsragpur on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway.

IT is understood that Mr. Orange, Director-General for Education in India, has been offered, and has accepted, an educational appointment in England. He will probably leave India this year.

MR. J. O. MILLER, Member for Revenue and Agriculture, will probably proceed on leave next month. The actual dates and extent of the leave has however still to be announced.

IT is said that the daughter of Dr. P. K. Roy is engaged to a European civilian, and the daughter of an Indian Maharaja to an English Earl.

THE Barisal police have arrested two young Bengalees from the village of Angaria. A revolver was found in their house.

THE fourth Oachira Agricultural Industrial Exhibition will be opened on the 15th of June and will be continued till the 20th instant. Mr. R. B. B. Carr, the British Resident of Travancore, will preside at the opening ceremony.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending May 3rd was 876, giving a death-rate of 46·58 per annum per thousand as against 55·99 the corresponding period of last year, and 74·43 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 60, died from fevers; 257, plague; 38, small-pox; 2, cholera; 2, leprosy; 45, phthisis; 55, diseases of the nervous system; 14, affections of the respiratory organs; 33, diarrhœa; 20, dysentery; 26, still-born; 80, old age and debility; 16, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 26; Brahmin, 22; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 412; Hindu low caste, 101; Musalman, 228; Parsee, 32; Jew, 8; Native Christian, 31; Eurasian, 2; European, 4; Negro African, 2; other and unknown castes, 1. The total number of births was 346 as against 304 the corresponding period of last year, and 332 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, APRIL 15.

HAD the day been fine and warm at Punchestown races, some very charming toilettes would have been seen, for Dublin society rather prides itself on looking its best at this, the greatest and most fashionable of all the Irish meetings. The Marchioness of Londonderry wore a very dark purple gown beneath a thick blue rainproof coat, and her black hat was adorned with purple plumage. The Marchioness of Ormonde chose a lovely shade of Parma violet cloth, trimmed with velvet of the same shade, and her black and white toque was touched here and there with gold. Her elder daughter, Lady Beatrice Pole-Carew, was admired in very deep prune colour with a shade of amethyst in it, trimmed with sprays of lilac. The Countess of Clonmel wore black, with a large posy of violets in her coat. The Marchioness of Salisbury, who is so seldom seen on the racecourse, was gowned in a check coat and skirt of dead heliotrope colour, with a fur boa. Her daughter, Lady Beatrice Cecil, was wearing rose red under a blue coat, and a large black velvet hat wreathed with shaded pink roses. The Countess of Clarendon looked well in a perfectly fitting dark blue serge, and black hat adorned with white wings. Over her gown she wore a biscuit-coloured cloak. The Countess of Mayo was well dressed in dark grey tweed and a black hat. Viscountess Powerscourt wore a very pretty shade of powder-blue, and a toque to match, trimmed with oxidised silver. Her sister-in-law, the Hon. Clare Wingfield, looked very charming in pastel blue and a black hat. The Countess of Bandon was quietly dressed in black, and Viscountess Masereene also wore black, beneath a long fur paletot. Her large black hat was adorned with a feather and one little pink rose. Lady Pirrie wore a dark costume with a toque trimmed with shaded wistaria. Lady Hadde had a white serge costume and black hat. Lady Violet Anson was admired in dark blue, and a black hat trimmed with a long blue ostrich feather. Lady Hesketh wore a long fur coat over a tailor made gown, and the Countess of Wicklow wore grey with touches of the blue in her hat. Lord O'Brien escorted the Hon. Georgina and the Hon. Helen O'Brien, and Lady Margaret Forbes came with several friends.

FORECASTS OF FASHION.

Those who desire to study the summer fashions in their most fascinating guise have ample opportunity to do so at Wyndham's Theatre. Whatever master mind has created the clothing of the "Naked Truth," womankind must feel that these frocks would render the plainest of speaking palatable, and even pleasant. The gowns are not only fascinating in themselves, but they have been made to help in the characterisation of three distinct types of women. The unscrupulous sensation-hunter, the fresh young girl, and the chic Frenchwoman of the world—as each came on in each act there was a murmur of feminine appreciation from the women in the audience. It dawned upon them at once that the dresses were of the highest order of merit. In the first act Miss Cressall, as Mrs. Hayter, the woman who pursues pleasure without other thought, wears a singularly distinguished-looking and graceful dress of a soft, deep Nile lily-blue satin charmeuse. Over it falls a long coat-like clinging tunic of Maltese lace of a duller shade of similar blue, woven with metal giving not only an indescribable sheen to the lace, but a most graceful cling and weight to the fabric. All round is a border of dull, old-gold Maltese lace. Above the hem the tunic is of plain Egyptian night sky blue, attaching to the blue metallesque lace with two bands of gold lace. The long lines of gold lace are caught high on the bodice, and again near the hem of the tunic, with star-shaped ornaments of oblong pearls in every shade of subtle blue with gold over. The bodice part, with sleeves all in one, is of chiffon over under-bodice of dull-gold, wide-meshed net; at the neck is a line of gold and bluish scarab-shaped pearls. A hat of paille d'Italie is worn in the natural bass straw colour. Over it, with crown raised from the straw, is black Chantilly lace and a large bow of blue velvet. The lace is caught at the brim with little clusters of Louis Quinze roses in dull green, mauve, and blue. Charmingly contrasted with this very smart creation was the simple frock worn by Miss Embury. It was of pink silk crepon, a dull and subtle shade of rose. The skirt was pleated and the bodice finished with cords of the material down the front at either side of a vest or paler chiffon. There are ornaments at either side of buttons and loops of the material, which are also used on the cuffs at the elbow. A quilled frill of white lace, with a small black bow, finishes the neck, and at the waist is a band of antique gold galon. A mob-cap shaped hat of white spotted net is worn, the brim soft pleated frills of lace, with a galon round it of almost luminous blue-green, with a design of carnations in rose and white. Miss Maitland, of whom it was said that she is a Russian princess in her own right who has adopted the stage as her profession, and who undoubtedly known how to wear stylish clothes, had a most charming clinging slim-looking dress of a peculiar shade of gold-green mousseline poplin, patterned over with a tiny sprig of black. At the hem the skirt was arranged in pleats, headed by a broad band of the material, into the design of which touches of ivy-geranium pink had been introduced. Down the front were a series of closely-set loops and buttons. The bodice, fastened across in front, showed a vest below and above of floss silk embroidery in a bright shade of russet. The neck-band was a frill of lace, with a russet-satin ribbon band. The sleeves to the elbow are similarly finished. The hat, of dark blue Tagel straw, was high in shape, and finished with curious, curling, white quill feathers. A blue sunshade lined with dull gold-green, like the dress, was carried, having a long gold-green handle and flat gun-metal top. It was a costume quite fit for a real princess, of originality in colour, grace in line and refinement in conception.

A SMART COAT AND SKIRT.

In the second act Miss Maitland has as smart a coat and skirt to wear as the heart of a woman could desire. It is of ivory white and shaded-grey blue stripped cashmere suiting. The plain effect of the perfectly cut skirt is softened by a cascade effect at either side, produced by slant-wise bands of the material piped with grey blue silk. The coat is short just clearing the hips. The fronts are laid back with two buttons and hoops near the dainty collar of white lawn embroidered with grey-blue silk, and frilled with white lace, and the natty tie of grey blue silk. There is a chemisette and high stand collar of white tucked not. There is a waistband of the material to the coat showing cunningly at the back and at either side corners of grey blue silk. The sleeves have long buttoned cuffs with pearl blue buttons to the elbow. A white paille de Riz hat is worn trimmed with white quills. Miss Embury's dress in this act is singularly effective, yet simple. It is a Russian coat of monthly rose-petal-pink zibeline tussore. It is made all in one, buttoned down one side with pink buttons and loops. Pockets are simulated with similar buttons and loops, and the turned-down collar of embroidered lawn is finished with a black silk broderie Anglaise tie. There is a waistband of patent leather and gold-green galon. A wonderfully chic cape of embroidered lawn in creamy hue is worn. It is in graduated points, with turned back revers and long ends of the pink fabric finishing with balls. The cuffs are turned back with embroidered lawn below the elbows. A black chip hat is worn, with a wreath of large pink cabbage roses without foliage round the crown. Miss Cressall appears in this act in a particularly well-thought-out costume of foulard satin in an old-world shade of Marie blue spotted with white. The skirt, falling in pleats at the hem, is plain in front and pleated at the sides. Broad bands of the plain material traverse it, coming from the back and down the sides, crossing gracefully above the pleated hem. The bodies is of blue chiffon. The low neck is finished with a tucker of quilled white lace and a deep band coming down in front of copperas-green, blue and white embroidery. From it are boatswains' cords of copperas-green silk, to which a piece of carved jade and a coral bead are fastened. The cachet of this smart little gown is in a crossed pelerine coat with a habit basque back of the foulard. In front the broad crossed bias bands, like those on the skirt, are edged with a gracefully, easily-falling deep pleat of the material, while revers are of black satin foulard. A black crinoline straw hat is worn with a wide brim and a high crown. At one side is a large bow of black velvet, from which rises a high black esprey.

NOVEL DESIGNS.

The third act dresses quite maintain the high level reached by the others. Indeed, Miss Cressall's third act gown is a masterpiece. The skirt is of black satin lumineuse. There is a long tunic of black pleated chiffon, having a deep hem of black satin. The tunic is over white. Down the front is a border at either side of silver carding in soft, rich gold work, a la Japonais. A corner of the novel, rich, soft work is carried up on to the bodice in front. The bodice is itself of black chiffon over silvery blonde lace. It is finished with a hem-stitched border of black chiffon round the square yoke which is of soft deep old ivory-tinted net. The sleeves to the elbow are of chiffon over blonde net, finished with hem-stitching. A large black straw hat is worn, with a wide brim, over this falls first a handsome rich fringe of soft grey-blue ostrich feather, then one deep and rich of black, while a dark blue velvet bow is placed at one side. To Miss Maitland in this last act falls the wearing of a lovely summer frock. It is of yellow chiffon patterned with with white. The skirt falls in soft, beautiful lines, caught up at one side with a band of brown velvet, and showing an under-skirt of softest apricot-skin yellow, veiled with blonde lace. The bodice crosses, showing a square yoke of blonde lace, outlined with brown velvet, wrought in bronze bead work, of which the belt is also composed. The sleeves to the wrists are of blonde lace, with draperies all in one, with the bodice falling over the shoulders. The hat is Louis XVI in shape, turned right up at the back, and of Tagel straw. It is finished in front with a bank of wallflowers that look as if they were growing, some shaded, others plain, the apricot yellow shade of the gown. Miss Embury wears a gem of a pure white dress. It is of grenadine, sown all over with white china beads. It is all in one, and has deep insertions of white Irish lace, from which, once on the bodice and twice on the skirt, fall deep fringes of white china beads. There is one band of unfringed insertion round the skirt, and the yoke is outlined in lace and fringed. There is no collar band and the yoke is of net, sprigged and finished with a line of white pearling. It is unnecessary to say that these are all such dresses as will be worn in other colours and varying fabrics by ladies during the season, for dignity, grace, and refinement distinguish them all quite as much as the absolutely pre-dated fashion of them. The secret of their success is that Mr. Charles Hawtrey enjoyed the collaboration where dress was concerned of Mr. Reville, of Reville and Rossiter's, whose foresight into the future of fashion is evidenced by those tasteful designs.

"SLEEPING AND DRYING PLACES."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Some time ago I read in your columns two complaints re obstruction and nuisance caused to the public in public thoroughfares and gardens, e.g., one complaint was about cobblers (locally known as "Mavchis") seated and mending shoes at each of the four gates leading into the Elphinstone Circle Garden, opposite the Town Hall, which fact I wish to corroborate.

Another instanced the case of "bottlewalas" in Military Square Lane; which also is a fact.

But what do you think, Mr. Editor, I observed last Sunday forenoon at the Bandstand? A Hindu who had just, I suppose, washed his "dhoti," monopolised one of the benches within the enclosure of the Band circle to spread it out to dry, seating himself at one end, and displaying to public view the remnants of his "Holi" in variegated colours on his dhoti!

Fortunately, there were besides myself only two other persons seated on a form against the side the sun was beating, so that the "dhotiwala" who, mind chose the same side and looked more to his ow convenience than to the expeditious drying of hi "dhoti," was left in peace, without fear of bei ousted by pending arrivals, who could find seats, other forms.

If such irregularities are not within the competence of the policeman on duty at the Ban stand to arrest, then who can?

There is always a police sepoy available on in the vicinity who should be authorised to pre these irregularities before they are allowed to assu greater proportions.

In fact, every popular resort is converted by th class into either a sleeping or drying place, and th such things are approved of their daily occurre indeed shows.—Yours, &c.,

M. L. DOUGLAS.

◆

THE New Zealand Government has authorised the purchase of military equipment to the extent of £50,000.

THE British coaling station at Basidu, on Kishm Island, is being re-opened in connection with the suppression of the illicit traffic in arms, from Bushire.

THE difficulty and danger experienced in extinguishing the recent fire at Rampur, Bashahr, were increased by the fact that close to the scene of the conflagration there were stored several maunds of gunpowder, which it was feared would explode at any moment. The troops who saved the town were the Faridkot Sappers; the detachment of the Maler Kotla troops were a march or two behind at the time.

H.M.S. "SEALARK" which has been engaged for some months past in a hydrographical survey of the coast of Trang, has recently arrived at Penang and will remain there about a month, while her Officers elaborate a chart of the waters surveyed. She will then proceed slowly to the Solomon Islands, where she will be attached to the Australian Navy and carry out some important surveys. The work off the coast of the Western Siamese States will be continued by the "Waterwitch."

THE FIGHTING IN ALBANIA.

TURKISH BATTALION AMBUSHED.

Rebels in Strong Force in the Mountains.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 4.

Reuter wires from Constantinople that according to private telegrams serious fighting has taken place at Diakova. It is reported that the insurgents occupy the town. The battalion of troops proceeding from Ipek to Diakova was ambushed, and compelled to return after heavy loss. The Albanians occupy in strong force the mountainous district to the west of Ferizovitch and Kachanik.

LONDON, MAY 5.

Constantinople telegrams state that the Chamber, after a statement by the Grand Vizier, have voted confidence in the Government's measures in Albania by 132 votes to 47.

MINISTERS AND THE CROWN.

Speech by Sir Edward Grey.

COLONEL SEELY ON HOME RULE.

LONDON, MAY 5.

Sir Edward Grey, speaking at Oxford, last night, said the Government had in no way departed from the proper attitude of Ministers towards the Crown. Ministers would be solely responsible, if their advice to the King were accepted.

LONDON, MAY 5.

Sir Edward Grey, in his speech at Oxford, said if the advice of Ministers were not accepted, they could tender other advice or resign. They, under no circumstances, would attempt to put the Sovereign in a position of responsibility which was not his constitutionally. Compromise on the question of the House of Lords was impossible.

Colonel Seely, speaking at Hendon, protested against any attempt to link the fate of the monarchy with that of the House of Lords. Referring to Home Rule for Ireland, he said, when it was proposed to give home rule to the Transvaal, the Boers were denounced as unworthy to form part of the Empire. The Tory leaders now admitted that they were utterly wrong and he anticipated that the same would happen in Ireland.

CRETAN TROUBLES REVIVED.

Consul's Advice Disregarded

LONDON, MAY 5.

The Cretan Government has refused to transmit to the Christian members of the Assembly, the advice of the Consuls not to take the oath to the King of Greece.

SIR F. R. WINGATE'S OPERATION.

LONDON, MAY 4.

The operation on Sir F. R. Wingate was most successful, and apprehensions of dangerous disease have proved groundless. His recovery is assured.

THE TURKISH BUDGET.

LONDON, APRIL 4.

The Turkish Chamber has reinstated in the Budget the [illegible]ants to the husbands of the Imperial p[illegible]sses by a large majority.

[illegible]ATTLESHIPS FOR THE FAR EAST.

LONDON, MAY 5.

[illegible] Daily Telegraph" says that in view of [illegible]ease in strength in the Home waters, [illegible]eships "Lord Nelson" and "Aga- [illegible] will shortly be sent to the Mediter- [illegible] the "Triumph" and the "Swift- [illegible] Far East.

[illegible]NADA'S FUTURE.

[illegible]ontrol the Empire.

LONDON, MAY 5.

[illegible]s from Ottowa state that an [illegible]ene was witnessed, when the address [illegible]rey was read in the presence of both [illegible] of Parliament.

Earl Grey, replying, dwelt on the amazing developments of Canada, and declared that it was impossible to prevent her becoming the heart and soul and rudder controlling the Empire.

PERSIAN CONCESSIONS.

Strong Note from the Legations.

LONDON, MAY 5.

Reuter wires from Teheran that the British and Russian Legations have asked Persia for a reply to the recent note, objecting to the hypothecation for any new loan of securities already pledged, and warning her against granting to foreigners strategical or political concessions.

NEW RULE OF CRICKET.

LONDON, MAY 5.

A meeting of the M. C. C. has unanimously adopted an amendment to Law 54, enabling a Captain to closure an innings at any time on the second day in a three days' match.

MR. ROOSEVELT SPEAKS ON PEACE.

An International League.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, MAY 5.

Reuter wires from Christiania that Mr. Roosevelt, to-day, addressed the Nobel Prize Committee on international peace. He thought it might be advanced by firstly arbitration treaties, covering almost all questions, provided that honour and territorial integrity were safeguarded; and secondly, by the various Governments seriously endeavouring to complete, the Court of Arbitral Justice constituted at the Hague. He suggested that the United States Supreme Court, to which differences between the States were submitted, would be a useful model. Thirdly, he emphatically urged that something should be done as soon as possible to check the growth of armaments, especially naval armaments, by international agreement. No power could or should act independently. Mr. Roosevelt concluded by declaring that it would be a master stroke if great powers honestly bent on peace formed a league of peace, not only to keep peace themselves but to prevent, by force if necessary, others from breaking it.

COMMANDER PEARY'S LECTURE.

Special Gold Medal.

LONDON, MAY 5.

Commander Peary lectured before an audience of ten thousand under the auspices of the Royal Geographical Society in the Albert Hall. He received a special gold medal, designed by Captain Scott's wife. Captain Bartlett received a silver replica.

RAISING THE "MAINE."

LONDON, MAY 5.

Advices from Washington state that the Congress has adopted the bill to raise the cruiser "Maine" at Havana, and to bury any remains in the national cemetery.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Both Parties Determined.

LONDON, MAY 5.

The so-called Regular Republicans, who are stalwart supporters of the administration, have resolved to close their ranks and confront defeat by insurgents who are equally determined.

THE HINDOO LEAVES PERIM.

LONDON, MAY 5.

Perim telegrams report that the "Hindoo" has sailed.

THE HOME SECRETARYSHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 5.

No official information is available here in regard to the statement published in the "Empire" to-night to the effect that Mr. Earle, Chairman, Calcutta Corporation, has been offered, and has accepted, the Home Secretaryship to the Gov-ernment of India and that he leaves for Simla immediately. However, Mr. Earle's selection is generally considered to be a probable one.

LATER.

The "Empire" says that the Hon'ble Mr. Archdale Earle, Chairman of the Calcutta Corporation, has been offered, and has accepted, the post of Acting Home Secretary to the Government of India, in place of Sir Harold Stewart, who has gone on leave. Mr. Earle leaves for Simla immediately to take up his duties.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF CARTRIDGES.

Accused Fined.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 5.

The Hoogly police, while making enquiries in a dacoity case, found a number of cartridges in the house of Rakhit Sirdar, a peon in the employ of a local zemindar who is exempted from the operation of the Arms Act. Rakhit, being placed before the Magistrate, said he was in temporary possession of the cartridges during his master's absence. He was fined thirty rupees.

DISQUIETING NEWS FROM SHIRAZ.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 5.

The Shiraz correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" writes:—Since Solat's friction with the late Governor of this city things have been drifting from bad to worse throughout the province of Fars. The tention between them was great, the former endeavouring to disgrace the Governor as much as lay in his power. Influential heads of the community here were also on Solat's side and did not hesitate to create local disturbances whenever opportunity offered. The climax came with the Governor's desire to do away with some of the outward observances of Moborum processions in Shiraz, particularly in regard to bare breast beating performances in public. This attitude was strongly resented by his opponents, especially the Mullahs, and breast-beating processions and other religious observances of a like type where organised with exceptional fervour.

The Governor was also abused openly in the streets and bazars, being called a "Babi"—a term of great reprobation to orthodox Musalmans. Fearing personal violence he barricaded himself in his palace and wired to Teheran insisting on the acceptance of his immediate resignation—a move which gave great satisfaction to the people of Shiras. At present he is engaged in a campaign against the Khans of old Bushire, Shiraz Road. It is reported he has already occupied Konar Takhthe Peha, beheading some of those captured, while about ten others, including the notorious Isqil Khan and his brother, are likely to be blown from guns of which Solat has two. The central Government has wired to Solat to cease operations; but it is unlikely that he will heed the instructions, knowing that nobody can prevent him from doing what he wishes.

THE Governor in Council has appointed the Hon'ble Rao Bahadur N. Krishna Swamy Iyengar, Chairman, Municipal Council, Kumbakonam, as Honorary Visitor to the Agricultural College and Research Institute, Coimbatore.

ARABINDO GHOSE'S PAPER.

Printer Charged with Sedition.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 5.

Monmohun Ghose, the printer of Arabindo Ghose's paper, "Kermoyogin," has appealed to the public for funds to defend himself. Yesterday he was placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on a charge of sedition.

Superintendent Ellis deposed that a body warrant had been issued against Arabindo, but the warrant had not been executed because Arabindo could not be found, though a search had been made for him. The case was adjourned.

FARIDPORE GANG CASE.

Alleged Murder of the Approver.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 5.

Surendra Nath Ghose, who was arrested on a charge of murdering the brother of Gobesh, the approver in the Faridpore gang case, was produced yesterday before the Police Commissioner. The accused was sent to Faridpore for trial.

ILLICIT TRAFFIC IN ARMS.

Arrest at Shamri.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 5.

The Railway Police at Jamalpur station on the E. I. R. are inquiring into a case of alleged smuggling of fire arms. Recently, a Mahomedan, named Asthoo Meah, turned up at Purabsarai railway station on the branch line from Jamalpur to Monghyr, with a parcel directed to a Mahomedan named Khoda Bux at Shamri, a station on the E. B. S. Railway. Being questioned by the parcel clerk, Asthoo Meah said the parcel contained bamboo sticks. The suspicion of the clerk having been aroused, he opened the parcel and discovered in it five muzzle-loading barrels, a ram, some wooden butts, and a few other accessories connected with guns. The man was immediately arrested and is awaiting trial at Monghyr. It is alleged that the accused had systematically been engaged in the illicit traffic of arms for some time past.

UNLICENSED POSSESSION OF ARMS.

Position of Indian Christians.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 5.

A question of some importance was raised on Wednesday before the Commissioner of Police, as to whether an Indian Christian should be allowed to possess arms without a license. This question arose in connection with the arrest of two East Indians named Randell and Lewis, who were charged with theft of a revolver, cartridges, and a pair of binoculars, belonging to an Indian Christian named Vetriano. The Commissioner, in discharging the accused on the ground that there was no case of theft against them, intimated that he would take into consideration the question whether Vetriano should be in possession of the arms in question without license. The arms meanwhile where directed to be retained in police custody.

THE MADRAS BURGLARY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 5.

Early yesterday morning a burglary was committed at the premises of Lawrence and Mayo, Opticians on Mount Road, Madras. Thieves decamped with scientific instruments to the value of Rs. 1,200. The matter is in the hands of the police.

THE JOLLARPET MURDER.

Four Confessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 5.

Four of the twelve men who were arrested for murder of Mr. Mitchell at Jollarpet, have confessed to complicity with the actual murderer. Their confessions have led to the finding of boots belonging to the deceased. The arrests were made by two Inspectors of the Criminal Investigation Department from Madras. A big bowl, part of the stolen property, was recovered from the house of one of the accused, and the four men who confessed to the crime have given details as to how the murder was committed.

THE AMIR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 5.

The persistently heavy rainfall that has occurred in Afghanistan has apparently been the chief cause in delaying the Amir's arrival in Kabul. His Majesty, at any rate, had not reached Kabul by the 26th of last month though he had been expected to leave Jellalabad for the capital in the first week in April and to travel most of the way by motor car.

MILITARY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 5.

Captain Wyatt, 2nd Mountain Battery, is appointed Adjutant, Royal Garrison Artillery, Quetta, vice Captain Gray posted to the 2nd Mountain Battery.

Colonel Leonard, Commandant, 98th Infantry, has one year's extension of tenure.

Lieutenant-Colonel Rice, 62nd Punjabis, and Major Walker, 62nd Punjabis, been selected Commandant and 2nd-in-Command respectively of that regiment.

Majors Jackson and Domenichetti, 88th Infantry, been selected Commandant and 2nd-in-Command respectively of that regiment.

Lieutenant Trafford, 52nd Sikhs, is appointed officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Rawalpindi.

Lieutenant Hutchinson, 34th Pioneers, is appointed to the Burma Military Police.

Major Ryder, 2nd Battalion, 1st Goorkhas, is appointed Commandant of the Battalion.

Lieutenant-Colonel Knight and Major Barrow are appointed Commandant and 2nd-in-Command respectively of the 4th Cavalry.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Rumour Contradicted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 5.

The "*Pioneer*" writes:—Owing no doubt to the unsettled state of affairs in Government of India and to certain delphic utterances of Lord Morley, the idea seems to have got abroad that yet another important reform was about to be inaugurated in India. It has been suggested in fact that the Chief Commissionership of the Central Provinces was likely to be elevated in the immediate future into a Lieutenant-Governorship and that the reform was to be rounded off with a Legislative Council. There is, happily for the Provinces concerned, not the slightest foundation for this wild story. The Government of India are quite content with the reforms already initiated and, as far as Lord Morley is concerned, there is some reason for thinking that his Lordship has now fixed his hopes for the future of perilously situated India on the working of that magic spell "Decentralisation." Whether that spell will work out precisely in the manner contemplated by the philosophy of the India Office is, perhaps, another matter.

UNLICENSED ARMS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 5.

At the High Court Sessions, to-day, before Mr. Justice Breth and a Special jury, Taranath Roy Chowdhuri was placed on trial on the charges of possessing arms and ammunition without a license and keeping them concealed from the police officers.

Taranath was a private tutor in the house of one Ganendra Sircar. In May 1908 he took a tin box there containing arms and ammunition. Ganendra informed the police of it and a warrant was issued against Taranath, who absconded. A proclamation was issued and a reward offered. In December 1909 Taranath was arrested at Benares. Ganendra was the first witness examined. He said shortly after giving information he got an appointment as Police Sub-Inspector. He corroborated the facts stated by the standing counsel. There are twenty-five witnesses in the case. The trial is proceeding.

INDIAN EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM.

Royal Commission of Inquiry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 4.

The Government of India have heard nothing from the Secretary of State relating to the suggestions made by Sir Phillip Magnus for a Royal Commission of Enquiry into the Indian educational system. It is, however, certain that educational questions will receive most careful consideration during the next few months.

THE POLLARD LILLIPUTIANS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MAY 5.

The accounts published to-day of the Pollard Lilliputian Opera Company Repatriation Fund, show the total receipts to be Rs. 13,902, of which Rs. 4,038 were raised in Bangalore, Rs. 4,803 in Madras and Rs. 5,061 in Ceylon. Each child receives £2, on landing in Australia.

PATHETIC SCENE IN COURT.

Child Restored to Her Mother.

QUITE a pathetic scene occurred in the Court of Mr. Swinhoe, officiating Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, when a Mahomedan girl, aged about 7, burst into tears in the box, as her father forced her to come along with him and stay at his house in pursuance of the Magistrate's order.

It would appear that some time ago the mother of the child was deserted by her husband and had to take shelter in the house of her own people with the child. A suit was subsequently filed at the Police Court against the husband (Hossain Bux) claiming maintenance for the child, and in this suit the complainant was the child's grandmother (Ghashi Bewa), who has been looking after both her daughter and the child, since their desertion by Hossain. An order for Rs. 2 was passed by Mr. Salam, third Presidency Magistrate, for the child's maintenance.

Recently, however, Ghashi Bewa died, and Hossain made an application before Mr. Swinhoe, stating that since, the death of her grandmother, the child was living with the barriwalla of the house, and that as the father and the natural guardian he wanted his daughter to be restored to him. A warrant was accordingly issued for the production of the girl in Court, and Mr. Swinhoe, on hearing the father, ordered that the child should be made over to him.

Hossain Bux tried to take the girl, who was in the arms of the "barriwalla" Chamroo. She clasped the neck of Chamroo and refused to return to her father.

Mr. Swinhoe: Where is the mother of the girl?

The father: She is with the "barriwalla" Chamroo.

Mr. Swinhoe: I thought the mother was dead. I can't separate the girl from her mother. She must be with her.

Mr. Swinhoe made a fresh order to the effect that the girl should be with her mother, and that the father must continue to pay maintenance as before.

This appeased the girl, who left the Court much reconciled.

AUSTRIA'S SECRET.

Four Dreadnoughts Building on Credit.

How Austria-Hungary is being provided with a squadron of four Dreadnoughts—which will be ready in 1913—before Government funds for their construction have been voted, is related in a remarkable communication published in the "Vossische Zeitung," of April, 4. The journal states that its information emanates from an "occasional contributor" at Trieste, and is calculated to satisfy the curiosity Lord Charles Beresford expressed in the House of Commons. The article declares that the Stabilimento Tecnico of Trieste, which has built practically all the ships of the Austrian Navy, has, without waiting for the authority of the Austrian and Hungarian delegations, already arranged for the construction of two Dreadnoughts. Armour and gun-manufacturers have announced their willingness to furnish the full equipment of the vessels on speculation also.

Simultaneously the Danube Dockyard at Fiume has completed preliminary preparations for building two Dreadnoughts on the same basis. One of the ships building at the Stabilimento Tecnico was laid down several months ago, and work on the second ship will be commenced within a few days on the slip made available by the launch of the battleship Zrigni. The Stabilimento Tecnico has given the Austro-Hungarian Admiralty to understand that it is not greatly concerned as to the date when the Government funds will be available, but will proceed with the completion of the vessels as rapidly as possible. The vessels will be of 20,000 tons, and their main batteries will include ten 11in or 12in. guns. The full squadron of four homogeneous ships shall, it is promised, be ready in 1913.

MAHAMAHOPADHYA HARA PRASAD SHASTRI, Vice-President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal has recovered some very curious and valuable Sanskrit manuscripts on the subject of hawking, a translation of which in English will be soon made.

COLLISION IN BOMBAY.

Passenger Train Runs into Cutchra Train.

PASSENGERS INJURED.

AN accident of a somewhat serious nature occurred, on Wednesday evening, on the G. I. P. Railway, between Matunga and Sion stations, resulting in injuries to three persons, one of whom was a European lady, named Mrs. O'Brien. It was a fortunate circumstance that the train which was run into was a "cutchra" train, conveying the Bombay refuse to Chimore; otherwise the list of casualties must have been quite heavy. Another fortunate circumstance was that the passenger train cut the cutchra train sideways, which must have considerably lessened the force of the impact. As it was, the collision resulted in the smashing up of three waggons of the latter train, and, as already stated above, in injuries to three persons, one of whom was a passenger and the other two servants of the Railway Company. There were some horses in the cutchra train which had a miraculous escape, having got off without a bruise.

The accident occurred near the Agarwada Point cabin between Mahim and Sion. It appears that the cutchra train was shunted off to a siding between the two stations to allow, the N.-E. passenger train, which left the Victoria Terminus at 7 p. m., to pass; but shortly after the passenger train had passed Dadar, the cutchra train left the siding and about twelve trucks had gone over the main line, when the passenger train came up from behind and struck the central part of the other train. As the passenger train does not stop at any of the intermediate stations between Dadar and Kurla, she must have come at a fairly good pace. Fortunately, however, as mentioned above, she cut the other train sideways, smashing up three wagons. Mrs. O'Brien, who was a passenger by the train, received injuries and she was taken to Kalyan. The other persons injured were Mr. G. Bregg, the driver, and the brakesman of the passenger train, the latter of whom had his shoulder bruised, and was removed to hospital for treatment. The waggons were so completely smashed up that it was difficult to ascertain whether the debris was composed of the wreck of two or three. The wheels of the waggons were torn off, and the engine of the passenger train was also damaged.

On receiving information, the officials and heads of the different departments of the Railway, including Mr. Lambert, District Traffic Superintendent, Mr. Edward, District Loco. Superintendent, the District Engineer, and Mr. Knox, Station Master, Byculla, immediately repaired to the scene of the collision. They took the passenger train back to Dadar. A pilot train was at once despatched from Byculla to clear the line. One line was cleared at about 6 a.m. yesterday, while the other line remained blocked until late in the evening.

The cause of the collision has not been ascertained. One version is that the driver of the cutchra train left the siding and went on the main line against the signal. This he should not have done but should have waited for the passenger train to pass. The other version is that the driver mistook the main line signal given for the passenger train to pass as one given for his train.

POLICE DEFAMATION CASE.

"Bedari" Editor's Appeal Rejected.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 5.

The appeal of Ishvari Parshad, editor of the "Bedari" newspaper, who was charged of defamation for libelling the police and was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment, has been rejected by the Sessions Judge of Lahore.

THE BARHA DACOITY CASE.

Application for Bail.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, MAY 5.

Babu Srischandra Chatterjee, pleader, has applied to the District Magistrate, Dacca, for bail on behalf of Motilal Sen, of Kamarkhara, who has been arrested in connection with the Barha dacoity case. The Magistrate will pass orders to-morrow.

THE TOCHI VALLEY KIDNAPPED UNFORTUNATES.

Rs. 4,000 Ransom Demanded.

CAPTIVES SUBMITTED TO TORTURES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 5.

Of the three unfortunate men who were kidnapped by raiders on the 25th April in the Tochi Valley, the tum tum driver has come back to Bannu. The raiders had taken these three men to Khost, which they reached at about noon next day. The tum tum driver was released on an errand to inform the relatives of the other two men, named Mohamed Akram, sub-overseer, and Sundarlal, to pay Rs. 4,000 as ransom money. He states that these two captives were kept in cool water, the season at Khost being very cold, till they lost their conciousness. Other tortures were also applied. It is heard that the Political authorities at Kirmashah are taking early steps to get the captives back.

EASTERN BENGAL GOVERNMENT.

Two Punjab Civilians Applied for.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 5.

An application has been received from the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam by the Punjab Government for transfer of two Punjab civilians of some six or seven years' standing. The officers have not yet been selected.

WEEKLY PLAGUE REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORREESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 5.

Plague deaths for the week ending 30th April number 15,446 or a drop of 4,326 on figures of the preceeding week. The provincial figures are:—Bombay Presidency 492, Madras 9, Bengal 465, the United Provinces 2,705, the Punjab 8,982, Burma 237, the Central Provinces 101, Mysore 12, Hyderabad 29, Rajputana 2,430, and Baluchistan 1.

HEAVY FALL IN PRICES OF OPIUM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, MAY 5.

The Government of India have not yet received any official intimation of China's attempt to tax foreign raw opium, but a heavy fall in prices at the last sale practically confirms the report. The new move is regarded here as a distinct breach of the treaty; and it is expected that as soon as details are received a formal protest will be lodged against it.

CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

"Notes on Scouting," by Mr. J. M. Blair, 2nd Battalion, The Black Watch, has reached a second edition, a copy of which we have received from Messrs. Thacker Spink & Co., of Simla. In is an unpretentious but useful little book, for use by scouts in British Regiments. A few notes have been added to those contained in the first edition, but the author is careful to explain that the book is not claimed to be either original or exhaustive. It is simply a note-book to give the scout some idea of the points which he is expected to know and notice, and it is interleaved to give him an opportunity to add any observations of his own.

There have been several biographies of Cecil Rhodes, and more than one of them has been of outstanding merit; but it is probable that the most important "Life" of the maker of Rhodesia will be found in the volume which Messrs. Longmans, Green and Co., have now in the press. The author is Sir Thomas E. Fuller, K.C.M.G., and few men have enjoyed such opportunities of studying the character and genius of his subject. Sir Thomas Fuller was for many years a member of the Legislative Assembly of the Cape Colony, and subsequently Agent-General for the Cape. He also acted as editor of the "Cape Argus", and has the reputation of knowing as much as any man living of the political history of South Africa. His aptitude for his present task may be gauged from the fact that he enjoyed Rhodes's close friendship for many years, and was one of the few to whom the great Empire-builder revealed the sounding depths of his own individuality. The book is sure to be packed with novelty, and full of vigorous character-drawing.

The valuable series of "Notable Scottish Trials," which Messrs. William Hodge and Co. are bringing out, will shortly receive an interesting addition in the shape of the history of the trial of Oscar Slater, which is being edited by Mr. William Roughead, W. S. The human significance of this particular trial lies in the fact that the Crown obtained a conviction upon evidence of identity based entirely upon personal impressions. The circumstantial evidence adduced argued no confidence in the prisoner's guilt. In the present volume the evidence of the principal witnesses will be given verbatim, and a number of original illustrations will include photographs and plans of the house in which the crime was committed.

An attractive addition to the rapidly-increasing library of popular historical monographs will be found in the study of Joanna, Queen of Naples, which Messrs. Hutchinson and Co. will publish during the present month. The author is Miss Francesca Steele, and she may be congratulated upon having chosen a particularly attractive and romantic personality upon which to discourse. Joanna's long reign, from the age of 16 to that of nearly 60, was associated with some of the most adventurous intrigue known to history; and at the same time she found leisure to cultivate the arts, and to fill her courts with the best painters and poets of her age. There is abundant material in her varied life for a volume of great narrative attractions.

Nowadays the outdoor life seems to have charms for every class of the community, and there ought to be a large public for a book on country pursuites which Messrs. Cassell and Co. have ready. "The Complete Farmer," by Mr. Primrose McConnell, B.Sc., deals exhaustively with every side of the agriculturist's occupation. There will be chapters upon soil, crops, live stock, and farm equipment, and, as each section is fully illustrated, the book ought to form a very useful practical guide to all who want to understand the most modern methods of profitable farming.

Messrs. J. M. Dent and Co. have in the press an important work by Mr. D. A. Chat, giving a study of "Ireland from the Union to the Catholic Emancipation." It is based largely on unpublished documents in the State Paper Office at Dublin Castle, and will increase the number of its admirers from the fact that it is to be strictly non-political. The social, economic, and religious changes of the period will be discussed, as far as possible, without favour or prejudice.

It is strange that, amid all the literature that has recently been devoted to the art of the brush, there has never yet been a complete history of British portrait-painting. The work has, however, awaited the leisure of the right man, seeing that it has now been undertaken by that erudite authority, Mr. Marion H. Spielmann. For some two years past Mr. Spielmann has been engaged, on behalf of the Berlin Photographic Company, in the compilation of a voluminous monograph upon this most interesting subject, treating his theme at once from the historical and from the critical points of view. The work will be issued in two large quarto volumes, and the cheaper edition will be limited to 300 copies published at twenty-five guineas; there will also be an "edition de luxe," at twice the price, limited to fifty copies, printed on hand-made Japanese paper, manufactured expressly for this work in Tokio. Collectors will thus have an opportunity of acquiring a work of genuine value, the market price of which is almost certain to increase.

No fewer than sixty-nine British painters will be represented, and there will be 131 photogravure plates. The earliest work so reproduced is an anonymous portrait of Richard II, to be followed by a picture of Chaucer, attributed to Thomas Hoccleve. There are three examples of Isaac Oliver's work, and two of Mary Beale's while Hogarth is represented by six plates, Sir Joshua Reynolds by eleven, and Romney by eight, including the famous "Lady Hamilton as a Bacchante." There are eight Raeburns, six Hoppners, and seven protraits by Sir Thomas Lawrence. The value of the collection is enhanced by the fact that, not only have public collections been utilised, but, thanks to the generosity of private owners of pictures of special importance, it has been found possible to include many portraits which hitherto have been better known by their splendid reputation than through the medium of adequate reproduction. It is hoped that the scholarly elaboration of the letterpress will make this not merely a picture-book to cherish, but also a standard authority to consult.

Talking of art-books, it is a noticeable feature of the time that the study of art is so widely increasing in our schools that new and popular hand-books are appearing with great rapidity. Two such works are announced for immediate publication. Messrs. Methuen and Co. (Limited) have nearly ready a study by Miss Mary Innes, entitled "Schools of Painting," which is said to offer a general view of the development of painting in Europe from the first century A. D. to the beginning of the nineteenth. A short biography is to be given of the prominent painters in each school with a description of their most famous pictures and an appreciation of their work. The other announcement comes from Messrs. Chapman and Hall, who are about to issue an "Art Reader," by Mr. P. E. Quinn, arranged for the needs of private and public schools. This book, published at a popular price, contains photographs of nearly 100 masterpieces of sculpture and painting, with brief historical and critical accounts of artist and picture alike. The subjects treated range from the Pyramids of Egypt to the House of Parliament at Westminster, and from the frieze of the Parthenon to Mauve's "Spring."

Messrs. Hutchinson and Co. will have ready in the next few days an exhaustive study of "The Eggs and Nests of British Birds," by Mr. Frank Finn, who on this occasion addresses himself especially to the beginner in natural history. Not only are the nesting habits and eggs of familiar birds fully considered, but those of all British species receive adequate mention, even in the migratory classes. There are a great many coloured plates, and also photographs taken from life.

RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 5.

The Railway Board have approved of the provision during the year 1911-12 of 23 new locomotive engines for the broad-gauge Section of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

SIR LOUIS DANE and party will leave Lahore for Simla on Friday, the 7th, and will motor from Kalka to Simla.

HIS Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir, will visit Simla on the 9th, and will see the Viceroy.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

Vacancies in the Mandvi Ward.

THE ordinary monthly meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, at the Municipal office, Dr. K. E. Dadachanji, the President, being in the chair.

The Corporation elected Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban, C.I.E., Sir Bhalchandra Krishna and Mr. P. R. Cadell as representatives on the Board of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute.

The Board recorded a letter from Mrs. J. H Symington, thanking the Corporation for their kindness in passing a resolution of condolence at the death of her husband.

A COURSE IN HYGIENE.

A letter was received from Dr. Cooper and others asking that early arrangements might be made for the admission of candidates for the examination of Bachelor of Hygiene to the Sanitation Department and the Infectious Diseases Hospital for practical work, and suggesting that if the question was not likely to be settled within a fortnight candidates might be admitted provisionally as otherwise they would not be able to sit for the examination this year. The letter added that the proposed fee, of Rs. 150 per head was to high.

Dr. Temulji Nariman moved that the letter be forwarded to the Commissioner asking that arrangements might be made, if feasible, for the admission of candidates from the 3rd instant or as soon after as practicable.

On the motion of Dr. Jehangir Cursetji, it was agreed that the report of the Infectious Diseases Hospital which was in the April agenda, but had not been disposed of, should be considered together with Dr. Cooper's letter. This report suggested that Dr. Choksey or the Chief Medical Officer-in-charge for the time being of the Hospital should give instruction to the students, that the Principal of Grant Medical College should supervise the instruction, but that the College should have no supervision over the Hospital. It was also proposed that the emoluments paid to similar lectureships at the Grant Medical College should be paid to these services, half going to Dr. Choksey and half to the Corporation.

Dr. Jehangir has moved that this report and Dr. Temulji's motion be adopted together.

Dr. D. B. Master moved another amendment that the designation of Professor, rather than that of instructor, be given to Dr. Choksey.

Dr. Jehangir's amendment which included the resolution, was carried.

THE MANDVI WARD ELECTION.

The recent setting aside of the election of two candidates in the Mandvi Ward which was reported by a letter from the Commissioner was considered as urgent business.

Mr. Jehangir Patell moved that the Corporation do proceed to make the appointments under Section 34 of the Municipal Act. He said his proposal might be contrary to the wishes of some of his friends, but he thought this was a case in which the Corporation ought to exercise its right of election. The election of two candidates had been set aside for reasons which were, to put it mildly, perfectly scandalous so far as their agents were concerned. There had been wholesale impersonation to the knowledge of the agents and certain other practises of a like nature. Unless such practises were stopped, their electoral system would be exposed to the ridicule and contempt of the public.

He urged that no opportunity should be given for a second election by the ratepayers of the two candidates whose election had been set aside—especially so soon after the judgment of the Small Causes Court. He also urged that the Corporation should elect on grounds of economy.

The Hon'ble Dr. Temulji Nariman seconded.

Dr. Sukhia, in supporting the proposition, said that the malpractice of false personation should be made penal. He referred to the judgment of Mr. Kemp in the Mandvi Ward election and said that he was surprised to find that Mr. Kemp had set aside only the election of two, while he had confirmed the election in other cases.

Mr. Joseph Baptista said that nothing should be done to defeat the purpose of the legislature. In a Ward election, the person elected should be for the ward and he should represent the interests of that ward. He asked if the electors of wards had done anything to deprive them of the privilege which was given to them by the legislature. (Cries of "Yes.")

Mr. Haji Yusuf Haji Ismail supported the contention of Mr. Joseph Baptista that it would be unjust to deprive the ward of the right of election.

The Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramjee said that the ward was not responsible for the mistakes of the candidate or the agent. The best course he suggested was that the letter of the Commissioner regarding the Mandvi election be recorded.

Dr. Sukhia raised a point of order as to whether the amendment was in order; and the President ruled that it was so.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla said that the arguments advanced by Mr. Joseph Baptista, Mr. Haji Yusuf Ali, and the Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramjee against Mr. Patell's proposition were quite convincing and had not been refuted by the supporters of Mr. Patell's proposition. He submitted there was not a single case in which voters were found guilty of fraud or in any way were found to be at fault. Their conduct was not such as to justify the Corporation to interfere and thereby to deprive the voters of their legitimate rights. The two candidates had suffered for the apparent fault of their agent for which they were not in the least responsible. After referring to the instances in which the Corporation had acted on similar occasion he appealed to the house not to interfere with the right of the electors: a right which they had exercised ever since the Corporation had been in existence.

DEFECTIVE MUNICIPAL ROLL.

He submitted that there was no personation on an extensive scale and that any personation alleged in the recent election was entirely due to the defective municipal roll for which the Corporation alone was responsible. The Corporation had to be blamed for this defect, and he appealed to the house to remedy it. He told them that the polling officer could not decline to receive a voting paper, even though it might be challenged on the ground of personation, and he cited a case in which a man personated Mr. Tamulbhai Visram in the year 1901, and in spite of the protest, the polling officer had no right to decline to receive the voting paper. He said that if the Corporation had appointed two outsiders as representatives of the Mandvi ward whom the electors could not call to account, much injustice would be done by the Corporation whose duty was primarily to protect the right and interests of the ward under its care.

In the course of Mr. Ibrahim's speech it was twice proposed to adjourn the debate, but it was lost, 17 voting in favour and 30 against it. So the Corporation continued its sitting even after 6-30 p. m. Mr. Jehangir Petit said that Mr. Baptista had made out a very strong case. The question was whether the matter was so important that the Corporation should at one sitting at this late hour decide to fill up the vacancy caused in the Mandvi ward. He failed to see why these elections should be filled in a hurry and appealed to the house not to interfere with the vested rights of the voters of the ward.

Again, at 7 p.m., as Mr. Petit had not concluded his remarks, the president once more took the sense of the meeting for an adjournment. The house was not in favour of it, and Mr. Petit thereupon resumed his address.

Mr. Jamsetjee Wadia remarked that Mr. Petit was wasting time and that he was repeating over and over what he had already said.

The President asked Mr. Wadia to point out the repetition.

Mr. Wadia: I can't say.

Mr. Baptista then rose to a point of order and pointed out the unparliamentary language used by Mr. Wadia and said that he should be asked to withdraw the remarks.

Mr. Wadia said that he would certainly withdraw the words if they were unparliamentary, but he would say that the speaker was certainly "taking time."

While Mr. Petit was about to move an amendment at 7-20 p.m., he was interrupted by Dr. Sukhia who, Mr. Petit remarked, had used unparliamentary language.

A WITHDRAWAL.

Mr. Petit: Mr. President, I rise to a point of order. Dr. Sukhia had said that I was playing into another's hand. This is highly objectionable and I would call upon Dr. Sukhia to withdraw these words at once.

Dr. Sukhia: I still maintain that Mr. Petit is playing into another's hand. It is my conviction.

Mr. Baptista: I rise to a point of order.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla: Order. [illegible] order! (Cries of Withdraw, withdraw.)

The President: Dr. Sukhia, your words are objectionable.

Dr. Sukhia: It is my conviction that Mr. Petit is playing into the hands of others.

The President. Order! order! You had better withdraw your remarks.

Dr. Sukhia: Why should I? (Cries of Order, order).

The President. You must withdraw your remarks. They are unparliamentary. (Cries of Withdraw, withdraw, Dr. Sukhia.)

Dr. Sukhia: Well, Mr. President, if it is your opinion that my remarks are unparlimentary, I shall withdraw them.

Dr. Bhalchandra Krishna said that the chair should be obeyed.

Dr. Sukhia: Well, Mr. President, if you think I have used unparlimentary language, I shall certainly withdraw. (Cries of order, order.)

After Dr. Sukhia had withdrawn his remarks, Mr. Petit resumed his address. His amendment was that counsel's opinion might be taken on the question of filling up the vacancies, namely, whether the Corporation should appoint two men or whether the vacancy should be filled in by an election in the Mandvi ward.

The Hon'ble Hill Trevor said that their procedure was to be governed by Section 34 of the Act.

Sir Bhalchandra Krishna: I rise to a point of order. Mr. Petit, in continuing his speech, said I wish to know if this is a further speech.

Mr. Baptista: Mr. Petit should not be interrupted. He has not finished his speech.

The President: Order order, let Mr. Petit go on.

Mr. Petit said that on a former occasion in a matter like this, when there was a dispute in the Mandvi election, counsel's opinion was taken in the matter.

Dr. Sukhia: Then also it was in favour of the procedure being governed by Section 34 of the Act.

Mr. Baptista contended that the provisions of Section 34 of the Act could not in any way frustrate the intention of the legislature. A ward election should be for the benefit of the ward.

Dr. Sukhia said that the amendment was uncalled for.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtulla said that in a matter like this he would always appeal to the house for its sense of justice and fair play. He would remind them that it would do no good to appoint men who had no interest in the ward. The spirit and the object in view of the legislature should be kept up. The men appointed should represent the ward.

The President; It is already late, and I would once more like to know the sense of the meeting in regard to the question of adjournment.

Dr. Sukhia said that on more than two occasions it was ascertained and the house was not in favour of it.

Mr. Baptista.: The President might again try the sense of the meeting.

The President; It is very late.

A proposition was then put for adjournment, and was carried by a narrow majority. At 7-45 p. m. further debate on the subject was adjourned.

BON VOYAGE TO MR. SHEPPARD.

After this, the President said that their very kind and courteous Commissioner, Mr. Sheppard, who had done so much useful work for the city would be going home, and on behalf of the Corporation he would wish him a safe and happy voyage. All the members present joined him in wishing the same.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

The Brigadier-General Commanding Aden Brigade and Political Resident, Aden, has nominated Captain D. W. H. Humpreys, 1st Battation, 8th Gurkha Rifles, to be his Political Aide-de-Camp with effect from the 18th April.

Mr. W. H. Lucas, I. C. S., Acting Commissioner in Sind, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days combined with furlough for fifteen months and six days with effect from the 9th May.

Captain H. Harrison, Assistant Political Agent, Southern Maratha Country, is granted privilege leave for one month from the 2nd May or subsequent date.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, I. C. S., on relief, to act as Political Agent, Jath State and Daphlapur Estate, during the absence on deputation of Mr. W. C. Shepherd, I. C. S., or pending further orders.

The furlough without pay for three months and three days granted to Mr. Nicholson, Solicitor to Government and Public Prosecutor, Bombay, dated the 17th January is extended to the 4th June.

Captain F. C. Fraser, M. D., I. M. S., was on general duty at the Central Prison, Hyderabad, for the period from the 19th December to the 8th January inclusive.

The Government Notification placing the services of Lieutenant H. F. W. Paterson, Cantonment Magistrate, Belgaum, at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander in-Chief is cancelled.

Lieutenant H. F. W. Paterson, Cantonment Magistrate, Belgaum, and Magistrate of the First Class in the Belgaum District, is invested with additional powers, Criminal Procedure Code, specified in the fourth schedule of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, Coroner of Bombay, is granted leave of absence for one month with effect from the 12th May or subsequent date.

Captain J. C. M. Hoskyn to be a member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee for examining candidate in Hindustani during the absence on leave of Major C. B. Baldock.

Mr. W. L. Lake, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Kharaghoda Range, is allowed, with effect from the date of relief, privilege leave for one month and twenty-two days in combination with leave on medical certificate for four months and eight days.

Mr. W. C. Shepherd, I. C. S., to be on special duty for the purpose of reporting on the best method of disposing of and recording correspondence in Government offices.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, I. C. S., on relief, to act as Collector of Bijapur and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Bijapur District, during the absence on deputation of Mr. W. C. Shepherd, I. C. S., or pending further orders.

Captain C. K. D. Sidgwick, 2nd B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifles, is granted six months' leave out of India with effect from the 5th May.

Assistant Surgeon W. E. Kirkpatrick to be Civil Surgeon, Satara.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT.

Proceeds of Charity Matches.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—We are directed by the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament Committee to ask you to publish the following results of the two charity matches. The proceeds of the final on Saturday, April 30th, amounted to Rs. 1,039-15-0 and the takings at the re-play on Monday, the 2nd instant, were Rs. 409-8-0.

This money has been divided among the following charities:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Indo-British Institution	324	13	9
Soldiers' Home, Colaba	324	13	9
Seamen's Institute	324	13	9
St. George's Hospital Nursing Association	324	13	9
League of Mercy Shelter Fund, Hon. Treasurer, Mrs. Davidson, Colaba	150	0	0

—Yours, etc.,

W. R. SHARPE,
G. M. AYSCOUGH,
Joint Hon. Secretaries,
Aga Khan Hockey Tournament.

CHESHIRE GOALKEEPER'S FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I enclose my mite (Rs. 5) and hope you will get at least a thousand others who will do the same.—Yours, etc.,

B. D. Q. C. D.

A Popular Promenade Concert will be given on the Y. M. C. A., Tennis Court, Wodehouse Road, Fort, on Monday evening next, at 9-15 p.m. The following have promised to assist:—Mrs. Michael, Miss Rosnins, Miss Pell, Messrs. G. E. Thomas, E. Gellett, and H. A. Dennis.

Admission one rupee; proceeds to be given to Private Eyres. We appeal to the public to support this effort made in his behalf. Tickets at Rose and Co., Fort; Kemp and Co. Cumballa Hill; Y. W. C. A., or Y. M. C. A.

THE SEEDS OF UNREST.

Impressions of Egypt.

"Egypt" said Napoleon, "is the most important country in the world" Without exaggeration we can declare that for Britain it is still so to-day. Lord Palmerston once remarked in private talk: "If ever the Suez Canal be made, England will be compelled to annex Egypt." In course of time the Suez Canal was made. Yet England did not annex Egypt. To have done so then would have meant war with Turkey and France. To do so now might mean war with Turkey and Germany. British diplomacy, however, stumbled upon a way to safeguard our interests without making any apparent change, Actually we altered everything, but we still kept the old names, a peculiarly British method which has on the whole answered well. Nominally the Khedive and his Ministers govern. In effect their British advisers do so. There used to be some difference of opinion as to whether this had benefited the country. There is none now. Foreign observers agree that there is better order, better instice, greater prosperity, a far more efficient army, an immeasurably more competent system of finance. Even the Nationalists who would send us packing admit that we have set things straight for them. No one dependent on agriculture wants to see the British irrigation engineers leave. The peasantry would never put the same trust in native officials as they do in those of British blood. "Send an English inspector" is always the request to the Ministry of the Interior when there is any trouble in the provinces. No one engaged in business would go to law with any confidence after the departure of British Judges. Yet the Independent Egypt Party become more and more active. Their newspapers are allowed to attack us violently and without the smallest regard for truth. Egyptain officials are being encouraged to think they can get along without British help. The impression that "the English are going" gains ground every day.

WHAT THE NATIONALISTS WOULD DO.

Now, let us suppose that Egypt were handed over to the Nationalists next year. What would happen? In the first place there would be a tremendous outcry from the great majority of substantial people all over the country. For although most Egyptians, nearly all Egyptians, look forward to a time when they will be left to themselves, they would be very sorry to see us go at once. The Constitutional Party, for example, which has been started by Idris Bey Ragheb, will be quite content for many years to draw up paper Constitutions on the best models, and nothing would alarm them more than to hear that one of their amiable exercises was really to be tried. In fact, most Egptians are but platonically in love with independence. How could the Coptic Christians feel confidence in a Government dominated by men whose organ, "Al Lewa," addressed them thus less than two years ago:—

You should be kicked to death. You have faces and bodies similar to those of demons or monkeys, which is a proof that they hide poisonous spirits within their souls . . . How could men of business have confidence in those who set themselves against the Suez Canal agreement upon sentimental grounds? How could Europe trust a Parliament which acted as the present General Assembly does? In picturesqueness this body (which has merely concultative powers) stands easily ahead of all other Parliaments. Its eighty members are mostly Arab sheikhs who sweep in with that air of worldmasters which the Arabs have never lost since they overram Europe, and which alone among peoples they share with the British race. Their black outer robes reveal beneath garments of rich grey or yellow or blue striped silk. Their turbans are white, worn over red skull caps with blue tassels! Some of the older ones keep to the traditional red or yellow loose Moslem shoes.

They are tall and dignified, yet merry among themselves. When I attended one of their sittings I was taken into an ante-room before the proceedings began and introduced to several over cups of coffee and glasses of water and cigarettes, the invariable accompaniments to visits, official or otherwise, in Egypt. Their manners were magnificent and their greetings friendly, though as scarcely one could speak anything but Arabic, our conversation was limited. They left a much better impression upon me than the members who wear European clothes with tarbushes on their heads, though among the latter, too, there are a few strong, clever faces, such as that of Abaza Pasha, with whom I had an interesting little talk in French. The President seemed timid and altogether of too weak a personality to guide such a turbulent team. There was a curious little scene, illustrating the Assembly's state of mind, when the President proposed to have report of the Committee on the Suez Canal proposal printed for distribution among members. Instantly there was and uproar. He was accused of trying to deprive them or their rights, which include deciding what documents shall be printed and when. He explainad that his object was merely to give everyone the opportunity to study it as soon as possible. But he had aroused suspicion. The deputies behaved, like children. They refused to allow the report to be printed until they had heard it read?

A SESSION OF PARLIAMENT.

When Khedive Ismail established a Parliament, so that Egypt might be in the Western fashion, he explained beforehand to the members how in England and in France those in favour of the "general policy of the Government" sat on one side of the House and those in opposition to it on the other. When he arrived to open the proceedings he found all the members sitting on the Government side. The opposite benches were empty. There was no opposition. To oppose the Government, which was really Ismail, would, in the minds of those sheikhs and ulemai, have been an act of madness, likely to result in their losing their liberty, if not their lves. How can it be supposed that the some of men who reasoned thus less than half a century ago are fit for representative institution to be dumped down among them? The assumptions, due to inexperience of the word, that all men are equal, that it is only environment which influences character, and that what is good for one nation must be good for all, would, if they were acted upon, quickly bring our civilisation toppling to the dust. To refuse to admit any essential distinctions between coloured people and white, between those who live in hot climates where cultivation is easy and those whom nature compels to work hard for their daily bread, between those who have had generations of civilised self-governing ancestors and those who for centuries have lived as helots and slaves—to put oneself in this position is to kick against the pricks of Actual Fact. The British Empire—for this is an imperial question—should countenance no Government which does not make it plain that the evacuation of Egypt is a very long way off. It would also have a good effect if we let it be known that should there be any attempt at revolution in Egypt, resulting in the overthrow of the Khedivial system, we should "sit in the seats of the Faithful" ourselves. It might mean war, but we should have something worth while to fight for. If ever England quits Egypt unwillingly without a struggle it will mean that the dream of a British Empire has faded utterly away.—Mr. H. Hamelton Fyfe in the "Daily Mail."

ELTON CUP TOURNAMENT.

The third match of the Elton Cup Tournament was played yesterday, when the Rangers met the Colaba United at the Marine Lines. When the whistle went, the score was:—

The Colaba United.................. Nil.
The Rangers.................. Nil.

Ten more minutes were allowed, and taking advantage of this, the Rangers scored one goal, thus winning the match.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL W. R. ROBERTSON, C.B., D.S.O., chief of the General Staff, Aldershot Command, has been unanimously elected by the members chairman of the Aldershot Military Society. This distinguished officer served nearly eleven years in the rank, of the 3rd Dragoon Guards, in which regiment he got his first commission as seconds lieutenant in 1888. He has held many important Staff appointments in this country, South Africa, and at home, and served in the Chitral and South African campaigns.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," May 5.)

Mr. Chunilal Umedbhai Patel, Acting Mamlatdar of Mandvi in the district of Surat, is appointed, a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

The resignation of Mr Chunilal Dharamdas Saraiya of the post of Honorary Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, has been accepted.

Mr Rajaram Abaji Thakre, Acting Mamlatdar of Bassein in the district of Thana, is appointed, a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr B A Brendon, I C S, to be President of the District Local Board of Belgaum.

Mr Raghunath Hari Lele, Mamlatdar of Erandol in the district of East Khandesh, is appointed, a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

Mr Ganpat Sadashiv Rao, LL B, to be Government Pleader in the High Court of Bombay for a period of three years.

Mr Krishnaji Gururav Kalghatgi to be substantive pro tem, Fifth Grade Deputy Collector with effect from 1st July vice Mr Abdullah Mian Oosman Mian Koreishi on deputation.

Mr Krishnaji Ballal Bhide, to be Additional District Deputy Collector, Ratnagiri.

Mr Yezdezerd Dadabhai Thanewala, Lecturer in Biology, Elphinstone College, Bombay, has been allowed an extension, up to 23rd September.

Mr Ramchandra Trimbak Deshpande having been appointed as acting Head Karkun, taluka Kalvan, is, by virtue of that office, a Magistrate of the Third Class, and is invested with additional powers under the Criminal Procedure Code.

Mr. P S Shirali, acting Head Karkun at Belgaum and Magistrate, Third Class, is invested with additional powers under schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. R V Hanbarhatti, Head Karkun at Khanapur and Magistrate, Third Class, is invested with additional powers under Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. G K Khasnis, acting head Karkun at Chicodi and Magistrate, Third Class, is invested with additional powers under Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. B A Kalghatgi, acting Head Karkun at Khanapur and Magistrate, Third Class, is invested with additional powers under Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr. Hanmant Govind Huddar, Head Karkun and Magistrate, Third Class, Gadag Taluka, is invested with additional powers under the Criminal Procedure Code.

Mr. Cursetji Merwanji Nagarwala, Mahalkari, petha Dhond, taluka Bhimthadi, who, is a Magistrate, Third Class, in the Poona District, is hereby invested with additional powers specified in the fourth schedule of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Mr Chhotabhai J Desai, L C E, Overseer, Second Grade, transferred from the Southern to the Northern Division is posted to the Ahmedabad District.

On return from privilege leave Mr Krishnarao Harischandra Koverkar, Overseer, First Grade, is transferred from the Presidency to the Surat and Broach District.

Mr. Bhimbhai Khandubhai Desai, Overseer, Second Grade, substantive pro tem., is transferred from the Surat and Broach to the Ahmedabad District.

Fourth Grade Police Inspector Vishnu Ramchandra Barve, General No. 93, of the West Khandesh District, is granted one month's privilege leave.

Mr Badeshah valad Mohammadshah Patel residing at Harkul Budruk, is appointed with effect from the 10th May to be a Conciliator under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, within the limits of the Devgad Taluka in the Ratnagiri District vice Mr Vishram Vithal Kulkarni, resigned.

Mr Kanhaylal Chotelal, risiding at Bahadurpur is appointed, with effect from the 10th May 1910, to be a Village Munsif under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, for villages in the Amalner Taluka of the Khandesh District.

Mr Manohar Krishnaji Devare is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Satara District.

Mr Vishnu Ramachandra Jere is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Belgaum District.

Mr Jayantilal Jadunath Trivedi is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Ahmedabad District.

Mr Narsilal Vanmalidas Shah Sanad is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Thana District.

Mr Ganesh Narhar Joshi is authorised to practise as a Pleader In the Satara District.

Mr Bhaskar Ganesh Dugal a Sanad is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Khandesh District.

Mr Shridhar Ramchandra Kulkarni is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Sholapur District.

Mr Kahandas Motibhai Inamdar is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Ahmedabad District.

Mr Shrikrishna Janardan Koranne Is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Khandesh District.

The following transfers and appointments of Mamlatdars are ordered: On return from leave, Mr. Chintaman Krishna Hardikar, B.A., to be Mamlatdar of Sangamner; on relief by Mr. Hardikar, Mr Govind Ravji Awti to act as Mamlatdar of Jamkhed and on relief by Mr Awti, Mr Vishwanath Mahipar Kulkarni, BA, to do duty as Chitnis to the Collector of Ahmednagar vice Mr Narayan Nilkant Sathe, BA, deputed as Special Officer in charge of the City Survey, Ahmednagar.

Mr Gopal Dhondeo Nigudkar, Head Accountant, Poona, is granted privilege leave for one month, Mr Prabhakar Laxman Kelkar, Clerk on Rs 70 in the Commissioner, C D's office, is appointed to act for him.

Mr N B Divatia, C S Assistant Collector, Ratnagiri N D., is granted privilege leave for one month from 5th May or subsequent date.

Mr Abdullah Ismail Khatib, Head Karkun, Panvel Taluka in the Kolaba District (pay Rs 60), is appointed to act as Chitnis to the Collector Kolaba during the absence on privilege leave for Six weeks of Mr Gopal Laxman Gajendragadkar.

Mr Bando Sheshgir Shirolkar, Head Karkun, Karajgi) pay Rs 70), is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of that taluka during the absence on privilege leave for two weeks of Mr Vinayak Narayan Parchure.

Mr Vithal Vishwambher Gaytonde, Mamlatdar, Muddebihal in the Bijapur District. was granted privilege leave for three months from the 1st April and Mr Venkatesh Shivaram Joshi, Special Head Karkun, Sindgi (pay Rs 70), was appointed to act for him.

Consequent on the retirement from service on the 25th August of Mr Shaik Husein Abdulla, Sub-Inspector, Malvan, Surat District on Rs. 30. Mr Kaikushru M. Mody, a candidate, is appointed Sub-Inspector, Malvan on Rs. 30, on probation, with effect from the 1st April.

Mr Erachsha Ratanji Bomanji, Excise Inspector Bombay, on Rs. 100, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 12th April and the following acting arrangement has been ordered; Mr P C Hogan, Excise Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 50, to act as Excise Inspector, Bombay, on Rs. 100, vice Mr. Bomanji. Mr M E Karanjawala, a candidate to act as Sub-Inspector, Bombay, vice Mr Hogan and to draw Rs 50 per mensem.

The following promotions, transfers and appointments are ordered in the Excise Department with effect from the 1st April. Vice Mr C J H O'Gorman Excise Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 175, resigned from the 1st April 1910—Mr F X Saldanha, District Inspector, Kumta and Honavar, Kanara District (below-ghats) on Rs 150, to be Inspector on Rs 175 vice Mr O' Gorman, continuing to do duty as at present. Mr M K Kothawala, District Inspector, Dohad and Jhalod, Panch Mahals District, on Rs 125, and substantive pro tem on Rs 150, to be Inspector on Rs 150 vice Mr Saldanha, continuing to do duty as at present. Mr Mahadeo S Deshpande, District Inspector, S W Division, Satara District, on Rs 100, to be Inspector on Rs 125 vice Mr Kothawala, continuing to do duty as at present. Mr Mahomed Akran Mahomed Nasrulla, Sub-Inspector, Sakri, West Khandesh District, on Rs 75, and acting as Inspector on Rs 250 to be Inspector on Rs 100 vice Mr Deshpande, and to do duty as District Inspector, Igatpuri-Sinnar Range, Nasik District. Mr Husseinsaheb S Danwad, Sub-Inspector Chikodi Circle, Belgaum District, on Rs 60, and substantive pro tem. on Rs 75 to be Sub-Inspector on Rs 75 vice Mr Mahomed Akran, continuing to do duty as at present. Mr Vasudeo Narayan Dabholkar, Sub-Inspector, Guhagar Distillery, Ratnagiri District, on Rs. 50, and substantive pro tem. on Rs. 60 to be Sub-Inspector on Rs. 60 vice Mr. Danwad, continuing to do duty as at present. Mr Mukund B Bhandarkar, Sub-Inspector. Bijapur and Indi Talukas and Jath State, Bijapur District, on Rs. 40 and substantive pro tem on Rs. 50 to be Sub-Inspector on Rs. 50 vice Mr Dabholkar, continuing to do duty as at present. Mr. Abdul Samad Mahomed Esuf, a candidate, to be Sub-Inspector on Rs. 40 on probation, and to do duty as District Sub-Inspector, Chalisgaon, East Khandesh District; Mr Badesaheb F Contractor, District Inspector, Nandurbar, West Khandesh District, on Rs. 150 to be Inspector on Rs. 175 substantive pro tem vice Mr Saldanha continuing to do duty as at present. Mr H E Golwalla, Divisional Inspector, Bombay, on Rs. 125. to be Inspector on Rs. 150 substantive pro tem. vice Mr. Kothawalla continuing to do duty as at present. Mr Sayad Ahmed Edrus, Sub-Inspector, Sindkheda, West Khandesh District, on Rs 60, to be Sub-Inspector on Rs. 75 substantive pro tem. vice Mr Danwad continuing to do duty as at present. Mr J A Viegas, Sub-Inspector, Bombay, on Rs. 50, to be Sub-Inspector on Rs. 60 substantive pro tem. vite Mr Dabholkar continuing to do duty as at present. Mr S S Balehosur, Sub-Inspector, Gadag-Shirhatti Range, Dharwar District, on Rs. 40 to be Sub-Inspector on Rs. 50 substantive pro tem vice Mr. Bhandarkar continuing to do duty as at present. Mr J C Rodrigues, District Inspector, Igatpuri-Sinnar Range, Nasik Districs, on Rs. 150, to do duty as Divisional Inspector, Bombay; Revised acting arrangement vice Mr Mir Jafferali valad Nawab Abdul Rahimankhan, District Inspector, Malegaon-Nandgaon Range, Nasik District, on Rs. 250, on three months' privilege leave combined with nine months' furlough. Mr C H Colemam, Sub-Inspector, Chalisgaon, East Khandesh District, on Rs 75, to act as Inspector in the Rs 250 grade vice Mr Mir Jafferali drawing Rs 100, and to do duty as District Inspector, Sakri, West Khandesh District.

Revised acting arrangement vice Mr H J Keess, Chief Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 300, appointed to act as Supervisor, Uran Distilleries. Mr Stanley V Guest a candidate, to act as Inspector in the Rs 200 grade vice Mr Lamb, and to do duty as Inspector. Bombay, Mr J S Pinto, Sub-Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 60, and acting as Divisional Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 200 to revert as Sub-Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 60. Mr Mahomed Yakoob, acting Sub-Inspector, Bombay, on Rs 30 to revert.

THE ORCHID SEEKER.

How he Witnessed a Cannibal Feast.

I HAVE been reading an extraordinary letter writes" Mr. Percy W. D. Izzard in the "Daily Mail" which has just been received from Micholitz, the veteran orchid seeker. The letter was placed at my disposal by Mr. Joseph Godseff, English manager for Messrs. Sander, the famous orchid growers and importers, of St. Alban's, Bruges, and New York.

Micholitz is now exploring Annam, but recently he was hunting for precious flowers among the cannibal tribes of New Guinea, and he relates a weird experience which befell him when he found great masses of a rare Papuan orchid in one of the primitive burying-places of that race, and was afterwards invited by a savage chief to join in a man-eating revel. It should be said that Micholitz is the doyen of professional orchid hunters—a man who could fill volumes with absorbing accounts of his travels and adventures if he would; but he is of a modest and retiring disposition and can rarely be got to speak about his exploits. He is getting on to sixty years of age, and he has been exploring for Messrs. Sander in all the remote and likely orchid haunts in the world for a quarter of a century.

Micholitz rarely comes to England. He has been out hunting now for three years, and he has informed his firm that he intends to spend his holidays this year in the mountains of Java. Many have been his hairbreadth escapes from savages and wild beasts, and many more have been his triumphs in search of rare flowers. His expeditions always include a large number of attendants, sometimes as many as fifty and never among them any but natives. For the last resort he is always well armed, but his medicine chest his stock of presents, and his consummate diplomacy and cool courage generally carry him without sea the through difficult situations. He is also well versed in the languages and dialects of savage races among which he pursues his life work. It is claimed for him that he knows both the eastern and western hemispheres better than any other living man. In New Guinea his most recent quest was for a giant moth orchid, which grows on trees that fringe the islands near the seashore overhanging the limestone rocks on which it is the custom to deposit the skeletons of dead Papuans after the flesh has been eaten from their bones by their brethren. The branches of the trees are sometimes burdened to the ground with great masses of flower, so that they frequently break with the weight and cast their burden of bloom on to the skeletons of the dead natives beneath. Micholitz found thousands of plants with their roots matted in Papuan skulls, and interlaced in the skeletons in an almost inextricable manner. He remarks that the lime contained in the bones probably afforded the plants a very stimulating food. Before he could interfere with this place of the dead and take away a single plant he had to conciliate the chief of the tribe. An experienced diplomacy and array of suitable presents secured him all he wished, with the additional help of some natives in collecting and packing.

In one of the islands (the usual sufferance and assistance having been purchased in Micholitz's own manner) a native fell with a huge mass of dendrobium Schrederianum, which he had torn from a rock, and broke his leg in two places. At once and with great avidity some of the unfortunate man's brethren rushed to the spot and carried him away to their village, where they deposited him in the chief's hut. Micholitz, always ready to seize such an opportunity as this mishap offered to show his good intentions and his power, urged his services forthwith as a medical adviser, but he was told the chief would attend to him. The chief did attend to him, for on the next morning the orchid hunter received from the hand of that potentate's head executioner an in vitation to the feast! Micholitz knew at once what had happened. He says, "I was well aware they were all cannibals and very fond of 'long pig,' as they commonly call their human victims." He first inquired warily in what capacity he was expected to attend the feast, as a guest or as the dish? After being reassured on the point he thought it best to accept the well-meant hospitality, and prepared a message to the chief that he would be pleased to be present. He had still to consider how he could attend without participating and was naturally fearful of giving offence in that direction. However, he finally bade the ambassador to inform his chief that to his (Micholitz's) keen regret he would not be able to partake of the great dish, because his familiar would be highly displeased if he ate anything but fruit and vegetables on that particular day, and he might bring some great calamity upon them all by offending his familiar spirit.

When he arrived on the scene of the feast he found everybody waiting for him. The yams and taro, he says, had been nicely boiled, and for the preparation of the "long pig" a hole had been dug in the ground in which a big fire had been made and a lot of stones had been heated. The meat, carefully wrapped up in plantain leaves, had been deposited between these hot stones, and the whole was well covered over with leaves and clay. Presently the meat was lifted out, and to judge by the relish with which it was eaten and the surprisingly savoury odour the "long pig" was done to perfection. The hands and ribs, which were considered tit-bits, were reserved for the chief and his honoured guest. The "honoured guest's" request to be excused eating of meat, however, was accepted, the chief evidently being afraid to provoke the anger of the orchid hunter's familiar. Micholitz persevered with his vegetarian meal in the gruesome surroundings of the feast, and washed his fruit down with draughts of kava, which had been prepared in the orthodox manner, the women having chewed the kava root first. During the course of the meal the chief expressed his great regret that he had been unable to offer a roasted baby, which he said he considered superior to sucking-dig. "To tell the truth," the chief explained, "my emissaries have been faring very badly at the hands of some enraged women whose babies they had thought round and plump enough to appear before me at a feast." Micholitz concludes his account of this grim experience by dilating on the pleasure with which he left the scene. It should be borne in mind when reading this narrative that the only incident it describes took place only a few months ago, thus showing that in New Guinea at any rate cannibal orgies are still carried on. That the reserved Micholitz should have been inspired to be communicative on this occasion at once reveals the sort of experience which an orchid seeker may still be called upon to face and throws some light on the more barbarous social customs of the savage Papuan tribes.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition. delicately perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MAY 5.

Nearly general rain has fallen in Eastern Bengal and Assam and a few falls have occurred in Bengal Proper, North Burma, and extreme South-West of the Peninsula and the Submontane districts of the West Himalayas. Principal amounts: Lashio and Silchar, one inch; Narayangunj, Cox's Bazar, one and a half; Mymensingh, three-quarters; Berhampore and Sialkote, half; Cochin, one and a half.

Forecast.—Local rain in Eastern Bengal and Assam, North Burma and extreme North India; a few falls in the rest of North-west India and the Southern half of Bengal.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 5TH MAY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 5th May, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi records 0·11" of rain. Skies are clear at Multan and moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in the north Punjab and contains the average amount of moisture over the rest of the division. Temperature continues in defect except in the south-east Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is normal at Allahabad but in defect at the other stations.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are heavily clouded at Karachi and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Temperature is in slight defect at some stations in Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded in Gujarat and Kathiawar and lightly clouded in West Central India. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is in slight defect in West Central India; the minimum is lower than usual in the inland districts of Kathiawar and at Deesa.

The Central Provinces.—Cloud has decreased and skies are clear or only lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly clouded in the northern half and clear in the southern half of the division. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—Dust-storms have given light precipitation in the north Punjab. Local thunderstorms have occurred in the south of the Peninsula but Cochin is the only station reporting rainfall (1·43"). Heavy cloud has appeared in lower Sind and light to moderate cloud has spread over the rest of north-west India. Skies continue moderately clouded in Gujarat and Kathiawar.

A few thunder or dust-storms are likely in the Punjab and Rajputana. A few thunder-storms may occur in Malabar and the Madras Deccan.

Appended on Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Namesof Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st November to date.
Bushire (4th)	80 6	66·1	...	14·63
Jask	87 3	78·3	...	7·65
Muskat (4th	92·3	78·1	...	2·69
Multan	103·3	74·5	...	1·82
Rawalpindi	86·4	60·9	0·11	9·71
Lahore	97·4	66 7	0·07	5 92
Sirsa	99·3	74 6	...	2·09
Ambala	97·5	68 9	...	3·14
Delhi	97·7	73·7	...	3·06
Agra	102·0	75·0	...	2·05
Mainpuri	102·8	70·0	...	0·98
Jhansi	102·5	79·5	...	1·13
Cawnpore	103 0	70 0	...	1·32
Allahabad	105 6	74·5	—	1·41
Jacobabad	106·1	74·8	...	1·89
Karachi	85·5	97·0	...	1·09
Ajmer	99 9	79·7	...	1·90
Jaipur	101·7	72·1	...	1.61
Kotah	104 0	79·6	...	0,97
Bhuj	101·1	75·0	...	?
Dwarka	85·3	80·2	...	0·56
Veraval	84 1	73·3	...	0·46
Rajkot	103·1	68·0	...	0·62
Bhavnagar Para	105·1	74·0	...	1·04
Surat	101·1	78·6	...	0·42
Ahmedabad	104·6	75·7	...	0·48
Deesa	105·8	71·4	...	0·05
Neemuch	98·0	76·8	...	0·13
Indore	99·6	75·1	...	0·08
Jubbulpore	104·3	72·8	...	1·67
Saugor	102·6	75·5	...	0·77
Hoshangabad	105·1	75·9	...	1·62
Khandwa	104·2	80·1	...	0·60
Akola	108·7	79·1	...	5·63
Amraoti	107·8	77·8	...	4·31
Nagpur	108·1	82·3	...	5·24
Chanda	109·0	76·0	...	0'03
Raipur	105·7	78·6	...	4·19
Bombay	90 0	77·4	...	...
Ratnagiri	88·3	77·9	...	...
Mormugao	88·5	79·2	—	...
Karwar	89·8	79·0	...	1·55
Malegaon	104·9	71·0	...	0·31
Ahamednagar	103·9	70·0	...	0·09
Poona	99·5	68·3	...	...
Sholapur	106·3	77·4	...	0·63
Bijapur	105·2	78·2	...	0·41
Belgaum	98·3	65·6	...	2·22
Aurangabad	103 7	74·2	...	1·00
Nizamabad (Indur)	106·9	80·2	...	0·21
Hyderabad	104·8	80·2	...	0.31
Mangalore	93·3	79·8	...	2·44
Calicut	91·3	82·1	...	11·53
Cochin	90·7	75·8	1·43	18·36
Colombo	90·5	76·5	...	21'41
Masulipatam	97·3	80·2	...	0·47
Bellary	103·0	77·3	...	1·40
Cuddapah	109·2	85·6	...	0·02
Madras	95·5	80·0	...	4·86
Bangalore	95·3	70·8	0·01	0·73
Coimbatore	97·9	74·8	...	4·10
Trichinopoly	103·1	81·3	...	4·61
Negapatam	97·5	81·0	...	9·03

In column Wind "Rate per hour" L = Light, M = Moderate, S = Strong, H = Heavy, F = Fresh.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 5th May was 29·887 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 13 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Officiating Meteorologist, Bombay.

THE LATE MR. DARASHAH. REPORTER.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Darashah D. Reporter, who died at the age of 76, yesterday, at 9 a.m., while being brought to Bombay from Andheri. The deceased was the oldest journalist in Bombay, having been a reporter for the last 55 years. He was connected with the "Bombay Gazette" as a senior reporter for 40 years and had during that period secured the respect and confidence of his employers and the successive editors under whom he worked. A few years ago he lost his elder son who was a solicitor of the Bombay High Court. Mr. Darashah leaves behind him a widow, a son, a daughter, and a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

TOPICS OF THE HOUR.

What precisely is an ogle? The question is commended to students of human nature, authorities upon etiquette, and all interested in what the Prussian Queen in Carlyle called "the infinitely little." America is vastly concerned about it, all because a man dared to "ogle" the wife of a prominent citizen of Greenwich, Connecticut. A cat, of course, may look at a king, but no man save her husband is permitted to look at the wife of a prominent citizen of Greenwich, Connecticut. Such are the honours, or, if you prefer, the penalties of high estate. We have to admit that the offending man who ogled seems to have done the thing on a vast scale. But surely they do not mind that kind of error in America. Probably most of them do not. At least, it seems condoning the offence to call it an ogle. The offender, if you please, while seated in a suburban train, "repeatedly turned about and looked at" this wife of the prominent citizen of Greenwich, Connecticut, U. S. A. This seems to be called ogling in the same way as you might call a husband who, kicked his wife impolite. The literary gentlemen in America who, as we are informed are reminding the world that "pretty faces framed in pretty bonnets are meant to be seen," seem to be missing the point. A good many things which may be done without offence must be done with discretion. Let us commend to the attention of Greenwich, Connecticut, an extract from a publication of some importance in its day, the "Spectator."

THE OGLE OUT OF DATE.

Precisely 199 years Mr. Joseph Addison published a letter to this effect: Mr. Spectator,—I am an Irish gentleman that have travelled many years for my improvement, during which time I have accomplished myself in the whole Art of Ogling as it is at present practised in all the polite nations of Europe. Being thus qualified, I intend, by the Advice of my Friends, to set up for an Ogling Master. I teach the Church Ogle in the Morning and the Play-house Ogle by Candle-light. I have also brought over with me a new flying Ogle fit for the Ring, which I teach in the dusk of the Evening or in any Hour of the Day by darkening one of my Windows. I have a Manuscript by me called the compleat Ogler, which I shall be ready to show you upon any Occasion. In the meantime, I beg you will Publish the Substance of this Letter in an Advertisement, and you will very much oblige, youre, &c. This gentleman, it is to be feared, would be without honour in our bustling age. We have no time to waste on these niceties of attitude and expression. But for that very reason we ought to abandon the ogle altogether. It dates from a time when the manipulation of a fan or a gentleman's bow was in itself an art, studied with care and practised with zeal. Only under such conditions could the ogle be tolerable. With us it is inevitably crude and offensive. We have abandoned altogether the study of deportment and the graces, and if we indulge in crude imitations we shall be as ridiculous as performing animals.

MAN'S HELPLESSNESS IN A SHOP.

"I rarely go to a shop except to buy tobacco; and when I do my wife invariably tells me that I have brought the wrong thing or paid too much." This alluring confession proves that even a Labour member is not superior to ordinary human infirmity. When he made it, Mr. G. N. Barnes spoke for a vast constituency. Describing the emotions of a distinguished law lord caught making a fool of himself, Mr. Kipling remarks, "the eternal naughty boy in every man trembled before the eternal mother in every woman." He might take Mr. Barnes's confession as the text for another tale expounding how the guileless prodigal in every man bows before the housewife in every woman. In this lies one of the irremediable wrongs of men. A man never knows how to shop man, the terror of his office, man, the unquestioned lord and master of his home, goes into shop. It has not got what he wants. Indeed, all it offers is grotesquely unlike anything he could possible use. What does he do? You might suppose that he would storm at the assistant and shake the dust of that shop from his angry feet. That is what his son or his junior clerk would except of him. But no. The dragon of the office, the tyrant of the home, buys weakly what he is offered and slinks out of the shop with a sheepish smile. No wonder that women are indignant when they reflect that the destinies of the Empire are entrusted to such creatures as this. For what woman would be so feeble! She would find out whether that shop had what she wanted it she had all its contents, dragged out and spread before her. And if she found nothing then which exactly answered to her needs she would not have the slightest objection to sweeping out of the shop with her purse unopened and censure upon her lips. Yet there are people who doubt whether women have the temper for government!

SLAVES IN THE SOUDAN.

BEFORE the Royal Geographical Society on April 11, Dr. Karl Kumm lectured on his recent journey "Across Africa from the Niger to the Nile,' in which he traversed hitherto unexplored territory in the Soudan. He reached Khartoum on Dec. 3 last. Dr. Kumm stated that there were to this day two routes still in use in the Soudan on which slave traffic was carried on quite freely. The traffic on one route, as the road was dominated at certain points by European Government officials, was carried on in an underhand way by smuggling the natives past the Government posts. The slaves traded on this route were women and children, and when passing the posts the trader maintained the women to be his wives and the children to be his own offspring. His difficulty sometimes consisted in the children not speaking the language of the supposed parent. The French Government had liberated a large number of these slaves. It would seem advisable to establish a British post at Min Gela to co-operate with the representatives of the French Government in the closing of this slaue route. A Government representative would have no difficulty in sifting pilgrims and slaves. The second slave route ran from Senussi's territory through Darfur. This route had never been traversed before by a white man, and until Darfur was occupied slaves would continue to be traded from that country. The movement which had bad, and would have in the future, a permanent influence on the sociological conditions, of the Soudan was the Mecca pilgrimage of the Moslems. A caravan leaving Timbuctoo would probably be a year to eighteen months on the road. Frequently there were a considerable number of old men, women, and children in these caravans. Practically all these died or were sold—the boys and young women being slaves, taken as easily transported coinage to Mecca and there turned into ready money. Pagans admiring the enthusiasm of the pilgrims were attracted to the crescent faith.

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 33 Farringdon Road, London England

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Makes Good Blood

Prick your skin with a needle. You will see that it is full of blood. But what kind of blood? Rich and pure? Or thin and impure? Impure blood covers the skin with eczema, rashes, pimples, pustules, salt-rheum, boils, carbuncles, and other sores. These simply tell of something bad down deep in the blood itself. Ointments, washes, powders and cosmetics will not reach the evil. You must take out all impurities from the system with

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

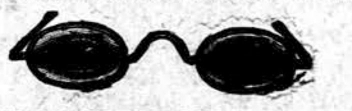
and then see how quickly the skin troubles will disappear.

As now made, Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains no alcohol.

There are many imitation Sarsaparillas.
Be sure you get "Ayer's."

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

By Appointment to H. H. The Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda.



PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.
OCCULISTS & OPTICIANS,
Opp. Telegraph Office, 7 Hornby Row, Bombay.

THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM

Who Offer their patrons Free Services of a Duly Qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from Various Eye Hospitals of Europe, Holding English Registrable Diplomas.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST,
Late Partner, D. M. DASTOOR & Co.
Twenty years' experience in sight-testing Retinoscopically.

BEWARE WE HOLD

Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. Peters, M.B., I.M.S., and Other High Personages.

STOCK:—LATEST AND MOST PERFECT MAKE, PRICES:—EXTREMELY MODERATE

A Pocket Manual "The human eye and its Scientific Correction," free on application.

Home Baking by the "Paisley Flour" method

is so simple that it can be successfully acquired with very little practice. And everything baked with "Paisley Flour" is so light and well raised that it can be eaten new without fear of indigestion. The method is to mix dry one part "Paisley Flour" with six to eight parts ordinary flour. Then proceed as usual, and you are sure of well-raised bakings.

"Paisley Flour" is sold in tins containing many useful recipes, and made by Brown & Polson.

ED. PINAUD'S CELEB
PERFUMES—HAIR LOT
EU DE COLOGNE, V
POWDERS, &c., &

Just Unpacke

Ed. Pinaud's Essence Dauphine,
Louise, Boquet Nastia, Ess. Li
Lotion—Eau Marie Louise, Eau Na
de Violettes de Parme.
Fondre—Marie Louise—Violet de
Queen White Rose, Jasmin Reine.
Savon—Boquet Edward VII. Violettes d
Parme—Royal Lilas—Royal Heleotrope.

J. EDULJI & CO.,
Chemists and General Merchants,
SITARAM BUILDINGS,
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET,
BOMBAY.

Sal Hepatica

An effervescing combination of the Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Attacks and Constipation. Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract or blood, and correcting vicious or impaired functions.
For sale by chemists.

KEMP & Co. 7, Elphinstone Circle Bombay
BEYNON & Co 55 Esplanade Road

BY THE WAY.

THE IRISH EPSOM.

Since King Edward paid his first visit, as Prince of Wales, to the far-famed Punchestown Races, more than forty years ago, there has been an annual Viceregal procession to the Irish Epsom. This year the Earl of Aberdeen—though not a hunting or a racing man himself—will be present with the usual Viceregal party at the races, which always attract immense multitudes. Since last year's event a special road has been laid out for motors. The scenes annually presented on the road from Dublin to Punchestown are much more lively and humorous than those witnessed on the Epsom road on either the Derby or Oaks day. "Princely Punchestown," as a sporting fixture, is rendered all the more attractive by the fact that the races are steeplechases, and that the course, one of the most natural in the kingdom, is framed by a chain of mountains.

THE BLOOMING OF THE PASQUE FLOWER.

Among the first and fairest flowers of the English spring is the Pasque flower. It is very local, and found chiefly in Berks, Oxfordshire, and parts of East Anglia, but grows as far north as York. Although this anemone frequently chooses chalk downs and other exposed places for a habitation, it is by no means a sturdy plant, and the delicate petals, easily scattered, have supplied poets with similes for the fleeting beauty of youth. From the rather poisonous juice of the Pasque flower is made a green dye, sometimes used to colour Easter eggs, whence the name was supposed to be derived. But Old Gerarde expressly states that he himself was "moved to name" this the Posque flower, or Easter flower, because of the time of its appearance.

THE BOON OF ANÆSTHETICS.

The publication of their report by the Committee on Deaths under Anæsthetics is a reminder of the risks that may attend even the most beneficent of scientific discoveries. How immensely the gain of this aid to surgery exceeds its dangers can scarcely be appreciated, perhaps, by the present generation. A glimpse of what an operation meant in the old days is sometimes given by a medical biography. The Life of the late Sir James Paget, for example, records that when he lived at "Bart's" his wife used to suffer greatly from hearing the cries from the operating theatre. In later years she wondered that a day had not been set apart for national thanksgiving for the discovery of anæsthesia.

LIVERPOOL SUNDAY GAMBLING.

The "Liverpool Post" has been throwing some light on the extraordinary prevalence of gambling in that city. It would, it says, be no exaggeration of fact to state that at least 4,000 Liverpool men and youths spent their Sundays in gambling at pitch and toss, "banker," the wheel of fortune, dice, or other gambling games, either in the open air or in cellars. At Lookfields alone there is not a Sunday passes where at least 500 persons do not turn up to play at a scientific form of pitch and toss. Five hundred is a moderate estimate, seeing that the gamblers meet at ten on Sunday morning and play on, with a slight break for dinner, until dark. The same scene is, we are assured, to be witnessed every Sunday at other lonely spots. The docker, the general labourer, and the ordinary skilled worker all take part.

THE BRITISH RACE OF KITES.

The strenuous efforts made by the Committee of the British Ornithologists' Club to preserve the British race of kites has, the London correspondent of the "Scotsman" states, not been in vain, judging from the facts stated in the report of the Committee presented at the last meeting of the club. The total number of kites surviving in Wales in 1905 was believed to be five; in 1908 six nests were known, and last year a seventh pair of birds were observed in Wales. Only one pair of these, however, succeeded in hatching two young ones, but of these only one was successfully reared. It will thus be noted that at the present time the total number has increased to about fifteen. This success has in a great measure been due to the energy displayed by Lord Cawdor, who has furnished watchers to guard the nests day and night.

THE "CUNARD DAILY BULLETIN."

The circulation of the "Cunard Daily Bulletin". on the steamship "Lusitania" is, we learn from "St. Martin's-le-Grand," over 2,000 a day, and has reached 2,500. This journal has thirty-two pages. It is excellently printed on fine glazed paper, and sells at five cents per copy. It goes to press at 1 a. m., and is ready for the breakfast table like the newspapers ashore. Many passengers have it delivered to their berths and read the day's news before they get up. Practically everything of news value in the whole world appears in the ocean daily as soon as it is printed in the dailies onland. For instance, on the reroyage during the English General Election full returns were printed every morning of the results announced down to the previous night. From Reuter's London wireless service the ocean daily editor gets plenty of material. Stock Exchange quotations are given very fully. All notable events and the movements of famous people are recorded.

THE EMIGRANTS ON THE BURNING LINER.

A correspondent writes that he has been much struck by the very marked exhibition of racial characteristics shown in the disaster on the Cairn liner in the English Channel. What, he asks, did ill-educated Armenians inhabiting Montenegro and Russia know of the monster Oceanus, or the terrors of transit by sea? On the other hand, the Englishman from his childhood has been taught that his home has been on the "rolling deep." Our correspondent encloses the following extract from a twelfth-century Oriental writer, who graphically describes his own impressions in crossing the English Channel: The waters of this sea are thick and of a dark colour; the billows rise in it to a fearful height; its depth is immense, darkness reigns there for ever, the navigation is difficult, the winds violent, and towards the west the limits are unknown. There exist in this sea men-inhabited [illegible]slands. Few navigators date to venture into it, [illegible]nd those who do so, although they have the re[illegible]uisite knowledge as well as boldness, navigate [illegible]nly from Coast to Coast and without quitting the [illegible]hore. . . . "The chief navigators of those seas," [illegible]dds the writer, "are known by the name of Ingil[illegible] (English), or Inhabitants of Ingilterra, a large [illegible]d containing many cities, inhabited places, [illegible] fields, and rivers."

[illegible]R. AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN AS A COBDENITE.

[illegible]e in Mr. Oscar Browning's new volume of [illegible]ences on the Political Society, of which he [illegible]st president at Cambridge, is apposite to [illegible]roversies: "On November 27, 1882 (we [illegible]usten Chamberlain was elected a mem[illegible]ciety, and in the following February, [illegible]ed and sixth meeting, read his first [illegible] Morley's "Life of Richard Cobden." [illegible]m not violating confidence by saying [illegible]st voted that Cobden was "a states[illegible]hest order." Other times, however, [illegible]s. Another interesting statement [illegible]rowning makes about the society is [illegible]ident, stood alone in voting "No" [illegible]: "Can any good thing come out of [illegible]mber?"

THE "YARRA."

[illegible]Yarra" the latest addition to the Australian fleet, christened by Sir George Reid, takes its name from the river on which Melbourne is built. When John Batman and his brother-pioneers reached the spot seventy-five years ago, the blacks pointed to the river and shouted, "Yarra-Yarri." For some years the river bore this double name. On the north bank of the Yarra Batman moored his boat, in front of where the Custom House now stands, and wrote in his diary: This will be the place for a village." He died while Melbourne was still only a village, but his descendants have seen it grow into one of the greatest cities of the British Empire.

LONDON TO BIRMINGHAM.

By means of the new Great Western branch line from Aynho, near Banbury, to Ashendon, Bucks, opened to goods traffic a few days ago, the public get a route from London to Birmingham shorter by several miles than any which has before existed. The old G. W. R. route by Didcot and Oxford is about 129 miles, the London and North-Western route 113 miles, but the route made available by the new branch will be little more than 110 miles. It is expected that when the new route is open for passenger traffic non-stop expresses will complete the journey between Paddington and Birmingham in two hours; hitherto it has taken the fastest expresses two hours and twenty minutes of accomplish it. An incidental advantage to the new branch is that it will open up for the tourist some picturesque country on the Bucks and Oxon border which until now has been difficult of access.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

THE PUBLIC AND SERIOUS DRAMA.

The looker-on, says a reputable if ancient authority, sees most of the game. But when he sits, as it were, at the receipt of custom, he may be credited with a double right of authority. Mr. George Ashton, of Ashton and Mitchell's Agency, in Bond-street, not merely arranges all his Majesty's visits to the theatre, but sees all the fashionable world driving up to the pay-box, and so an interviews asked him recently what his public wanted. They pay their money, and he knows their choice. There is no stable public for the serious drama, it appears. "No," says Mr. Ashton, "an author with a reputation has a certain following for serious work—but it is limited. If Mr. John Galsworthy produced a new serious play every night for a week, he could count on an audience. He is the vogue, the fashion. But a serious play by an author of eminence becomes in effect merely a success of curiosity. People regard the theatre not as a cabinet of dainty devices but as a house of entertainment. You may be curious to see—once—how a Court of Justice is managed in the third act. But you know you can see it done better still at the Old Bailey." Mr. Ashton's word "once" gives the case away. The theatre does not succeed on what the late Mr. Gladstone called the "oncers." The real "success of curiosity" is the success of the play that we are all curious to see again and again. "Light comedy, then and musical comedy," says the observer in Bond-street, still hold the field. Everybody went many times to see. 'The Marry Widow'; 'The Dollar Princess' has beaten the 'Widow'; and 'Our Miss Gibbs' has never sold her hats to less than a 'capacity' audience."

MUSIC HALL SALARIES.

Mr. Ashton has, moreover, no faith in the saying power of the music-hall sketches—even with the "stars" in them. "The scale of salaries paid to the big names of fabulous, and I don't think the variety theatres can stand the strain. I myself offered one great artist a hundred pounds a performance for fourteen shows. I was overtaken by the management, who gave her the fee for twenty-eight performances!" Madame Rejane, it may be mentioned in passing, is receiving £750 a week at the Hippodrome! After her first performance the actress told me that she felt all the joy and exhilaration of her first premiere. But Madame's delight must have been composite. With one eye on the big audience she must have had the other on her "scrap of paper." Will Mr. Ashton prove a true prophet, and will the variety theatres break under the strain? Perhaps Mr. Asquith's advice may be best. We must "wait and see."

MR. FROHMANN AND THE FIRST-NIGHTER.

"'First-night' audiences, Mr. Frohman said to a correspondent recently, "differ from all other audiences. They go to see the mistakes—the author's, the artist's, the manager's, even the scene-shifters. Before I retire I shall give a performance with all the mistakes of an early rehearsal. It shall be my exit. I will make a present of that performance to the first-night audience to atone for all their tortures of the past twenty years. In New York I will, on my farewell night, have a piece played backwards. I must do something for ours wonderful first-night audiences. We have tried to keep them away—but they will come. We have even offered to pay them to come on second nights instead. But, no, you can't do it. To hypnotise them to persuade them not to watch for the mistakes would be a great achievement. It would mean a 300-night run? The actors' work finishes at the dress rehearsal. They have worked very hard till then, because the greatest actor, the audience, has not been present. At the first performance the company's work is finished. The great actor, the public, then enters upon the scene. Think what he does. He rushes back from the City, bolts his dinner, collects his family, jumps into a taxi, meets a dreadful uniform which holds him while the counterfoil of his ticket is torn off for him, runs the gauntlet of the programme lady, and watches her fumble for sixpence change till he begs her to keep the shilling, sits down—and then his work begins. Through the whole performance he has to laugh, applaud, get excited, do everything to please the company on the stage. And if the play is a success, he has worked so hard that he is exhausted when it is all over. The better the play, the better is that star, the public. The harder he has worked. He has done all the work, and the actors on the stage drawn the salary."

"THE QUEEN OF SHEBA."

It was late, writes a London correspondent, when the curtain was rung down on the last act of Goldmark's "The Queen of Sheba," produced for the first time in England by the Carl Rosa Opera Company at the Theatre Royal, Manchester, but the enthusiasm of the final calls showed how thoroughly the audience had enjoyed, not only the magnificence of Goldmark's music, but the splendid way in which the piece had been produced. From many, points of view it was quite the most important event outside London in English opera for many years. Prohibited hitherto in this country on religious ground, "The Queen of Sheba" has enjoyed a reputation difficult to understand by those who have not seen it, but a first hearing shows that not only in sheer beauty of melodic expression, but also in dramatic interest it challenges the best. Wagner might have written it had he not preferred to create his own mythology, or rather it is safer to say it would never have been written but for Wagner's influence. The colour is Oriental, but alike in characterisation and in orchestration there is the same closeness of texture and brilliance of effect as in all the Wagnerian operas. The story deals with the sinister infatuation inspired by the Queen of Sheba in Assad, King Solomon's favourite, but beyond the barest similarity to the motive of "Tannhauser" the details are quite distinct. As already indicated, the Carl Rosa Company has spared no expense in mounting. The dressing and scenery are on a scale of grandeur comparable to first-class Continental productions. Miss Doris Woodall made a splendid barbaric Queen, and sang and acted the part to the life. Mr. Charles Victor's fine voice and kingly deportment as Solomon were to be admired, and Mr. Walter Wheatley was never better cast than as Assad. Miss Beatrice Miranda was an excellent Sulamith. The choruses, which are a feature of the piece, were given with great spirit. No better chorus singing in opera is remembered in Manchester. The production all round was a great triumph for Mr. Eugene Goossens and Mr. George Beale, its producers, the former of whom also conducted.

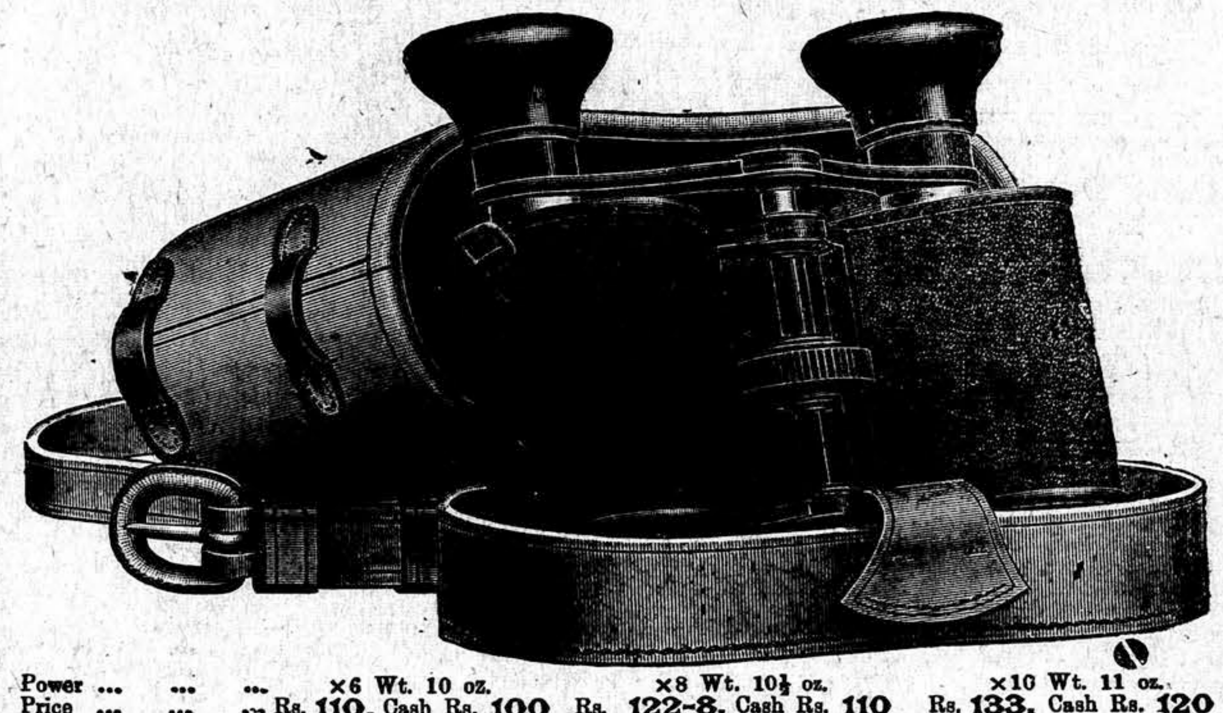
"LA BETE" IN PARIS.

The Paris dramatic season has opened with the production of a work by a new author, a play in four acts called "La Bete," by M. Edmond Fleg, and presented at the Theatre Antoine. Its story is that of a debauched cynic, Pierre Marces, who, for the mere pleasure of degrading her, marries "une delicieuse jeune fille," Lucienne Esselin, and, having wearied of her, seeks the pleasure of jealousy by throwing her in the way of one of his vile friends, a painter, Claude Patrice. Lucienne, however, sees through her husband's scheme in time, and, filled now with horror and loathing, leaves him; whereupon he suddenly discovers that he loves her—at any rate, that he needs her; so he follows her to her mother's house, and makes an impassioned appeal to her to return to him. His prayers, however, leave her untouched, his reminders of the happy hours they have spent together only excite her laughter, and, at last, sneering and threatening her, he passes out of her room and her life, leaving her to the love of a worthier man as soon as the divorce is accomplished. It is an ugly enough story; but the critic of the "Figaro" finds it finely told, and the interview of the husband and wife in the last act full of dramatic beauty and strength. Mme. Andree Megard as Lucienne and M. Gemier as the blackguard husband carry off the acting honours.

GEORGE ROBEY AS CHARLES II.

To the list of historical personages whom he has from time to time represented, Mr. George Robey will, at the Empire add a study of Charles II., with a characteristically original view of the chief events in the career of that Monarch, some allusions to the politics of the moment, and such other extraneous and totally irrelevant matter as may seem expedient. With no desire to be guilty of the tediousness of taking a variety comedian too seriously, one may perhaps be permitted to say that it seems a pity that the comic artist who gave us that delicious sung-and-acted skit, "The Last of the Dandies," should be falling back on the very cheap humour of burlesquing historical characters. However, there are small mercies to be thankful for. It isn't Shakespeare this time, or Queen Elizabeth?

The Hong Kong Legislative Council has voted 2,100,000 dols. (about £184,000) for construction of the Kaulung Railway during 1910.



THE LATEST MARVEL
GOERZ
PAGOR
A TELESCOPE IN OPERA GLASS SIZE. ARMY AND SPORTING MODELS.

The Goerz "Pagor" Binocular has all the properties expected in the finest type of prismatic field glass, though smallar in size than the present Trieder Binoculars, or indeed, any other Prism glass. The "Pagors" are hand telescopes which are no larger than the ordinary opera glass. Small, handy, and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in a pocket or in a lady's wrist bag without its weight or its size proving inconvenient. Small as the glass is, it is optically perfect. Its definition is particularly sharp and clear, and is equal from edge to edge of the picture. It has a large field of view nine times greater than that of the ordinary type of field glass while the power is the greatest that has yet been obtained in the glasses of the same size.

The Goerz "Pagor" Binoculars are focussed in the same manner as the ordinary opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel, a method much more accurate and convenient than the troublesome system of separately adjusting each eye-piece.

Power	×6 Wt. 10 oz.	×8 Wt. 10½ oz.	×10 Wt. 11 oz.
Price	Rs. 110, Cash Rs. 100	Rs. 122-8, Cash Rs. 110	Rs. 133, Cash Rs. 120

Complete with solid leather case.
MARCKS & CO., LTD., SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK (In Powder form.)
The Ideal Food for all ages.
Take HORLICK'S from birth and live to a vigorous old age.
When weary and tired—take HORLICK'S, and get that feeling of fitness.
SUSTAINS—NOURISHES—BUILDS UP.
As a beverage HORLICK'S surpasses all alcoholic drinks, as it recuperates without giving any reaction, and is delicious to take, especially when iced. Children maintain their health and resist disease—and do not waste away when fed on HORLICK'S MALTED MILK.
NO COOKING—ADD WATER ONLY—READY IN AN INSTANT.
Sold in three sizes by all Stores, Bazaars, &c.
KEEPS IN ANY CLIMATE—ALWAYS SWEET AND PURE.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENGLAND.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates. DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay. DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in Pondichéry.

The "British Medical Journal" says—"Benger's Food has, by its excellence, established a reputation of its own."
BENGER'S
Benger's Food is soothing and satisfying. It contains all the elements of a natural food in a condition suitable for immediate absorption.
When milk alone is heavy and unsatisfying, Benger's Food, made with milk, is appetising and nutritive.
Benger's Food should be used
For INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED,
for healthy development in infancy, for rebuilding strength in weakened systems, and for the preservation of old age in usefulness and vigour.
Readers can obtain a 48-page booklet, "Benger's Food and How to Use it," which contains a "Concise Guide to the Rearing of Infants," and practical information on the care of Invalids, etc., on application to Benger's Food Ltd. Otter Works, Manchester, England.
Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere. B20

Clean Cool Comfort for the Skin.
Natures's secret for a clean healthy skin is ICILMA NATURAL WATER—this wonderful water contains an absolutely new principle that does away with the necessity for greasy or starchy skin foods, glycerine, herbs or essences. The Icilma principle is to so cleanse and stimulate the natural energy of the skin that this is able to resist heat, cold or age.
Icilma
[pronounced—eye-silma].
All Icilma Toilet preparations are made with Icilma Natural Water and for giving tone and transparency to the skin, preventing and curing irritations from cold, wind, heat or insect bites, and after shaving they are supreme. Nothing else known will give the same clean cool comfort, healthy transparency and velvety softness as Icilma.
ICILMA NATURAL WATER.
ICILMA FLUOR CREAM.
ICILMA SOAP. ICILMINE
Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., Ld., London, E.C., England.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS
Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.
INSTANT RELIEF.
Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

The N&C Nicholson's RAINCOAT
FOR WET OR SHINE MARKS THE WELL DRESSED
POROUS HEALTHY AND RAINPROOFED THROUGHOUT
LIGHT IN WEIGHT SMART IN APPEARANCE MODERATE IN PRICE
ALSO THE N. & C. PORONELLA WATERPROOF A RELIABLE RUBBER COAT IN VARIOUS QUALITIES
TO BE HAD FROM LEADING STORES AND OUTFITTERS. WHOLESALE ONLY FROM
NICHOLSON'S RAINCOAT CO. LIMITED.
BEAUMONT WORKS, ST. ALBANS.
And at 12 MOOR LANE, LONDON, E.C.; and JORDAN ST., KNOTT MILL, MANCHESTER.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS.
A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

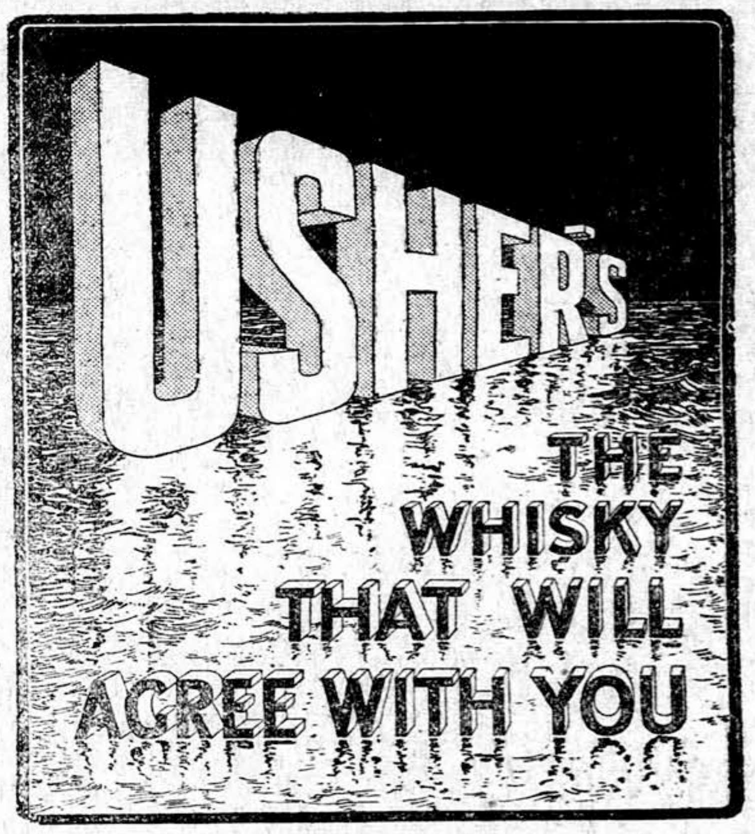
Established over a Century.
GOLD & CO.,
Birmingham, ENGLAND.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES
Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1878.
73 Rivd. TRADE MARK 400 314 600
Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S AND BOYS' TAN AND BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON MARKETS.
THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.
WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAK
SUPERIOR TO ALL.
PLEASE WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.
HINDE & MANN
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
OLNEY (Nr. NORTHAMPTON) ENGLAND

TRADE MARK 'VANA' BRAND TONIC WINE
The powerful and rapid action of this pure, wholesome nerve tonic, renders it
THE IDEAL RESTORATIVE
in mental and physical exhaustion and disorders of the nervous system. It restores strength and appetite after illness and fortifies the system against Malaria and other tropical fevers.
Obtainable at all Pharmacies, Dispensaries and Stores
Prepared by
XX 82 BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO., LONDON (ENG.)

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—Lancet.
SARSAPARILLA
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
RESTORES THE WEAK, REVIVES THE DEPRESSED
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

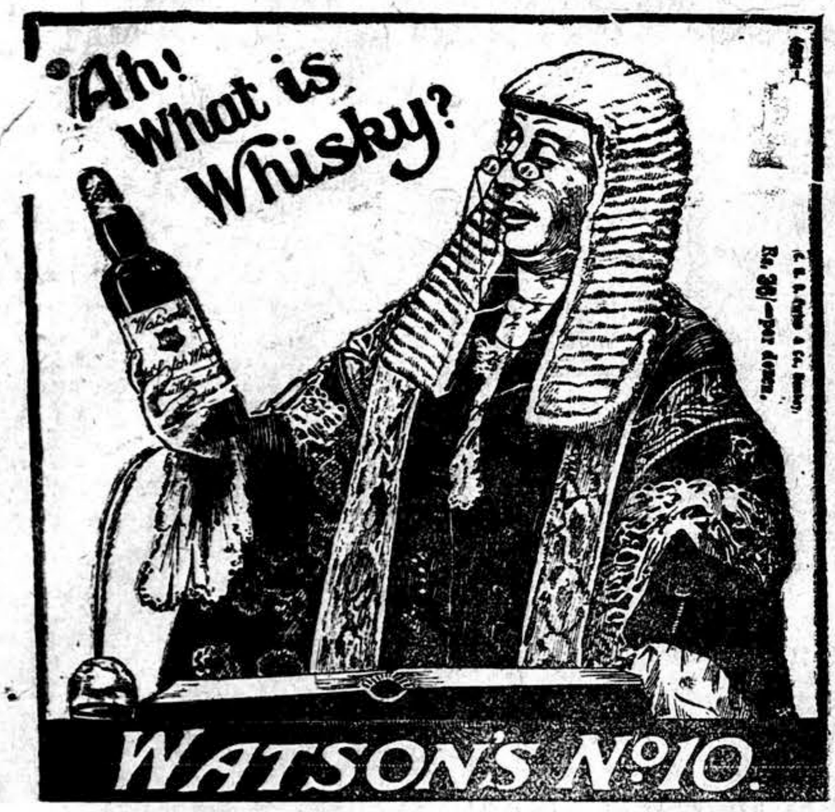

USHER'S
THE WHISKY THAT WILL AGREE WITH YOU

Sole Agents:—CUTLER PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

PLAGUE PREVENTION
DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS
CLAYTON SYSTEM
MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES, ETC., ETC.
THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING Co., 22 CRAVEN ST., LONDON, W.C.

The clean, wholesome smell of
WRIGHT'S COAL TAR SOAP
is, in itself, a recommendation and the freshness felt after using is really Exhilarating.
Good for Prickly Heat and wards off Insect Bites.
16d. per Tablet.
To be obtained from:—
KATRAK & Co.,
KATRAK'S BUILDINGS, KARACHI.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017


Ah! What is Whisky?
Rs. 36/—per dozen.
WATSON'S No.10.

Rs. **36**/—per dozen.

THE GENERAL ENGINEERING CO.

ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL AND MOTOR CAR ENGINEERS,
WATERLOO MANSIONS, BOMBAY.

1910 MODEL.

Remarkable Hill Climber and Winner of important Races and Reliability trials.
Motor Accessories at moderate prices.
Second hand Motor Cars bought and sold on commission.
Repairs to all types of Motor Cars undertaken.
TRAINING OF CHAUFEURS A SPECIALITY.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR FOR THE SKIN

COOLING, REFRESHING, SOOTHING

To the FACE and ARMS in hot weather; prevents Freckles, Tan, Sunburn, Redness, Roughness; heals insect bites, irritation, etc., and produces SOFT, FAIR, DELICATE SKIN. Warranted Harmless: its genuineness ensured by the official stamp. Bottles, 2s. 3d. & 4s. 6d., of Stores, Chemists and ROWLAND'S, 67, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in **DIARRHOEA** and is the only Specific in **CHOLERA** and **DYSENTERY.**

Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.
The best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.
Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS.
Is the only palliative in NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.

Prices in England:
1/1½. 2/9. 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers:
J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd.,
LONDON, S.E.

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. **DR. LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and **only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure** for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

"The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

BEWARE of IMITATIONS

RIGAUD'S GENUINE JAPAN KANANGA TOILET WATER

PARIS — FRANCE

SOLD BY ALL PERFUMERS

DINNEFORD'S

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

MAGNESIA

J. C. VICKERY,

Their Majesties' Jeweller, Silversmith, Dressing Case & Leather Goods Manufacturer
179-181-183, REGENT STREET,
:: :: LONDON, W.

GREAT NOVELTY.

EXPANDING FINGER RING WATCHES.

VICKERY'S Finger Ring Watches can be worn outside the glove, or in the ordinary way.

	£	s.	d.
Gold, Enamel and Diamonds	21	0	0
Ditto, Brilliants	32	10	0
Gold, Enamel and Pearls ..	17	12	6
All Gold	15	15	0

The Largest Stock — of — Novelties in Europe.

Illustrations and prices for any requirement sent by return mail in JEWELLERY, GOLD and SILVER NOVELTIES, LEATHER GOODS of every kind, FITTED DRESSING CASES and BAGS, SILVER and ELECTRO PLATE, WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c., &c.

5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT CASH WITH ORDER.

LOVELY CABOCHON RINGS.

VICKERY'S Cabochon AMETHYST, BLUE CHALCEDONY, . . Chrysoprase or Green Jade and 18-ct. Gold Rings . . . . . . Only £2 15 0.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

A FACT WORTH NOTING.

PAGE & SANDEMAN'S Celebrated INVALID'S PORT

Gold Capsule, is

SECOND TO NONE.

Insist on having it.

BEWARE OF IMITATION

— PAGE & SANDEMAN, LONDON, ENGLAND.

ALL STOREKEEPERS SHOULD STOCK

ROWAT'S MANUFACTURES.

SPLENDID VALUE.

PICKLES
WORCESTER SAUCES
— AND —
VINEGARS

LARGEST MANUFACTURERS.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

LOW PRICES.

Lowest C.I.F. Prices by applying to—

ROWAT & CO., GLASGOW.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suidical thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity 33s. [illegible] bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS for [illegible] in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness [illegible] the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA [illegible], the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from MR. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 4 Hand Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

THE RELIANCE WATCH COMPANY'S

SPLENDID OFFER

THE "REX."

ONLY FOR A SHORT TIME

SPECIAL REDUCTION IN

THE "REX"

The most popular Keyless Lever Watches in India.

Guaranteed for 3 years and made in four sizes.

The Special Railway Guard Watch.

22" Size Keyless lever.	Rs.
In Nickel Silver Case, Screw Joint case dust and Waterproof	15

The Railway Guard Watch.

19" Size Keyless lever.	Rs
In Nickel Silver case, Open face	9
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ...	10
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ...	16
,, ,, ,, ,, Hunter	18
,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunter	20

Medium Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face	10
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ...	11
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ...	16
,, ,, ,, ,, Hunting	18
,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunting	20

Small Size.

In Nickel Silver case, Open face	11
,, Black oxidised steel ,, ,, ...	12
,, Sterling Silver ,, ,, ,, ...	16
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Hunting ...	19
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Half Hunting...	20

Don't miss a chance, never before offered, but call and see for yourself, the latest arrival.

A Limited number only will be sold at the above prices as an Advertisement to prove the quality of THE "REX."

THE RELIANCE WATCH Co.,
HORNBY ROAD. BOMBAY.

CARLTON WHISKY
CARLTON WHISKY
FINE HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY
ELEVEN YEARS OLD
RICHARD MATHEWS & COMP. LTD.
FINEST HIGHLAND MALT
11 YEARS OLD
RICHARD MATHEWS & Co. LD.
LONDON.
Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

ASK FOR

Shem-el-Nessim

An Inspiration in Perfume

(of all Chemists & Perfumers)

J. GROSSMITH & SON LONDON.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in* CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.

"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.

"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.

"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.

"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regiminal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

OUR KESHRANJAN OIL OR THE WONDERFUL HAIR-RESTORER.—Cures baldness, removes dizziness, debility of the brain, melancholia, short-sight, weakness of body and of memory, vertigo, and other similar maladies. It is a specific for those that have ruined their health by excessive drink or other causes. It imparts a shine to the skin and brilliancy to the countenance. Its fragrance is most pleasing. Price per phial Re. 1, Packing and postage As. 5; 3 Phials Rs. 2-8: Packing and Postage extra 11 Ans.

OUR CURE FOR HYDROCELE:—Cures Hydrocele Hernia, Elephantiasis, &c., without surgical operation. Price for 2 weeks' measure Rs. 2; Packing and postage As. 7.

OUR DANTADHABAN CHURNA OR SUPERFINE DENTIFRICE—Cures all sorts of diseases of the gums, ulcerations, carries of the teeth, toothache, bleeding, bad breath, &c. Pleasing to the taste, it imparts a fragrance to the breath and cheerfulness to the spirit. Price per box As. 8; Packing and postage As. 3.

OUR CURE FOR OBESITY is a sure remedy for fatty or windy body the undue increase of the belly and abdomen, the waist, loin, &c. It also cures neuralgic pain. Price for a month's measure Rs. 20-0. Packing and Postage extra Rs. 1-8.

OUR KSHATARI TAILA is a sure remedy for ulcers of every description, venereal sinus, ulcerations due to piles and fistula, and sores in the mouth and ears. It has a special action on cancers, for it checks bad and fœtid discharges in a short time and leads to the growth of healthy tissues. It is purely innocuous in its action. Price per phial As. 12; Packing and postage As. 5.

Illustrated catalogues containing full accounts of diseases and medicines are transmitted free on application.

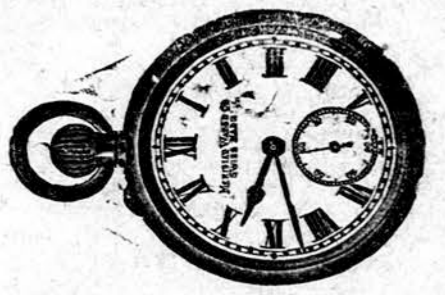
PRESCRIPTIONS with or without Medicines are sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape and the British Isles on receipt of concise conditions of disease.

Kaviraj Nagendra Nath Sen's,
GOVT. MEDICAL DIPLOMA-HOLDER,
M. C. S. (Paris), S. C. I. (London), M. S. A. S., London, &c., &c.
Nos. 18-1 & 19, Lower Chitpur Road, Calcutta,
Our Agent at Bombay—
V. VALABHDAS & Co.,
Commission Agents,
Paydhoni, Bombay.

NEW MODEL ENGLISH GUNS.

Direct from the makers at lowest prices.

Superior far-killing Double Breechloaders from £2-10-0 each a test model Rifles, Revolvers, etc. Illustrated price list post free. 9, Leander Road, Thornton Heath, London England.


Meridian Watch Co. Swiss Made

Meridian Watches.

KNOWN ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Have proved the Best for Hot Climates

Reliable in Every Way.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION.

Watch Repairing Department

G. A. CHARPIE & CO.,
BOMBAY.

Steinway Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

Knake Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

Brinsmead Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

Erard Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

Collard Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

Bechstein Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bomb

Allison Pian
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bom

Schiedmayer Pianos
S. ROSE & CO.,
Fort, Bombay.

WARRANTED TEN YEAR

We despatch direct from our Coventry factory to anyone, on ten days' approval, our highest grade

Mead Coventry Flyers

at less than lowest manufacturers prices. Absolutely British-made throughout, and guaranteed longer than any other make.

LATEST MODELS *£3.10 to £9*

Coaster Hubs, Variable Gears, Best Makes of Tyres, Crabbe Inverted Rim Brakes and all latest improvements.

Packed and Delivered Free to any port in the World. We guarantee safe delivery.

ACTIVE AGENTS wanted in each district. Large profits easily made. Write at once, using sufficient postage, for free Art Catalogues and our Special Offer on Sample machine.

MEAD CYCLE CO. [illegible] LIVERPOOL.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette, Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.
Sole Advertisement Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM [illegible] REYMER & Co. 68 Fenchurch Street, London E.C.